

Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College of Arts, Science and Commerce (Autonomous College)

Affiliated to

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI

Course: Environmental Science

(Applied Component)

Refer to page no: 02 highlighting component of Research Project

Syllabus for T.Y.B.Sc

Program: B.Sc. Zoology & Botany Program Code: RJSUEVS (CBCS 2021-22)

DISTRIBUTION OF TOPICS AND CREDITS

APPLIED COMPONENT- ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES SEMESTER V

Course code	Nomenclature	Credits	Торіс
	Indian ecological issues,		1. Ecological issues of India
	Environmental		2. Environmental Pollution
RJSUEVS505	pollution, Sustainable	2	3. Alternate Energy Resources
	energy resources and		4. Green chemistry and Sustainability
	green chemistry		
RJSUEVSP505		2	Practicals based on Course RJSUEVSP505

APPLIED COMPONENT- ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES SEMESTER VI

Course code	Nomenclature	Credits	Торіс
	Ecological restoration		1. Ecological restoration
	and conservation,		2. Biodiversity conservation &
RJSUEVS605	ecotourism, climate	2	ecotourism
	change and disaster		3. Climate change
	management		4. Disaster management
RJSUEVSP605		2	Practicals based on Course RJSUEVSP605

	SEMESTER-V (THEORY)	L	Cr
	Paper Code: RJSUEVS505	60	2
	UNIT I	15	
	Ecological issues of India		
1	1.1 Introduction		
	1.2 Environmental challenges of India:		
	 Population, poverty & environmental degradation. 		
	 Water crisis-Groundwater depletion in India. 		
	 Land degradation-Land use pattern. 		
	Human settlement.		
	Energy crisis.		
	1.3 Efforts to meet environmental challenges in India.		
	Sustaining life support system.		
	Urbanization and industrialization.		
	Capacity building for sustainable development.		
	 India and the world or Global issues. 		
	1.4 Case studies:		
	• Jhum cultivation or shifting cultivation in North east region of India.		
	Chipko movement.		
	UNIT II	15	
	Unit 2: Environmental Pollution		
2	2.1. Types of pollution:		
	 Causes, effects, control measures and Pollution control standards: 		
	Water pollution.		
	Air pollution.		
	Nuclear pollution. Noise pollution.		
	 Noise pollution 2.2 Case studies related to pollution: 		
	Bhopal gas tragedy. India.		
	 Fukushima Dajichi nuclear disaster. Japan 		
	UNIT III	15	
	Unit 3: Alternate Energy Resources		
3	3.1 Solar energy, wind energy, tidal energy, nuclear energy.		
	3.2 Energy from Biomass, bio-fuels & petro crops.		
	3.3 Energy from solid waste.		
	3.4. Case study:		
	Shirdi Devasthan. (Solar cooker)		
	Jaitapur power plant		

T.Y.B.Sc Zoology & Botany Syllabus Semester V & VI		
UNIT IV	15	
Green chemistry and Sustainability		
4.1 The Twelve Principles of Green Chemistry.		
4.2 Sustainable Development- Principles, characteristics and sustainable development indicators.		
4.3 Areas highlighted by Agenda 21.		
4.4 Case studies:		
Ibuprofen (green synthesis).Green paint.		
	T.Y.B.Sc Zoology & Botany Syllabus Semester V & VI UNIT IV Green chemistry and Sustainability 4.1 The Twelve Principles of Green Chemistry. 4.2 Sustainable Development- Principles, characteristics and sustainable development indicators. 4.3 Areas highlighted by Agenda 21. 4.4 Case studies: • Ibuprofen (green synthesis). • Green paint.	T.Y.B.Sc Zoology & Botany Syllabus Semester V & VI UNIT IV 15 Green chemistry and Sustainability 4 4.1 The Twelve Principles of Green Chemistry. 4 4.2 Sustainable Development- Principles, characteristics and sustainable development indicators. 4 4.3 Areas highlighted by Agenda 21. 4 4.4 Case studies: Ibuprofen (green synthesis). Ibuprofen (green synthesis).

T.Y.B.Sc	Semester V Theory		
	Course Objectives:		
	1. To make learner acquainted with environmental degradation and capacity		
	building for sustainable development at national and global level.		
RJSUEVS505	2. To make learner understand different types of pollution its causes, effects and		
Indian	various control measures.		
ecological	3. To expose learner to various alternate energy resources, energy technology		
issues	and its advantages.		
Environmental	4. To educate learner about the principles of Green Chemistry, sustainable		
	development indicators, and areas highlighted by Agenda 21.		
pollution,			
Sustainable	Learning Outcomes		
energy	Learning Outcomes:		
resources and	1. Learners would understand various aspects of environmental degradation and		
green	efforts taken to meet the related challenges.		
chemistry	2. Learners would get to know the types and effects of environmental poliution and different measures to control it		
	3 Learners would be able to understand the significance of alternate energy		
	resources and learn about related technologies		
	1 Learners would be serve about related technologies.		
	4. Learners would become aware about principles of green chemistry,		
	sustainable development indicators, and areas highlighted by Agenda 21.		
	5. Case studies would aid the learners to relate with the actual situation in field.		

SEMESTER-V (PRACTICALS)	L	Cr
Paper Code: RJSUEVSP505	-	1
 Study of Physico-chemical properties of sewage/ effluent water: Conductivity. Dissolved oxygen. BOD. COD. 		
2. Microbiological parameters: MPN.	-	
3. Measurement of intensity of light by Lux meter.	-	
 Study of application of alternative energy resources (Solar panel, Biogas plant, Photovoltaic cell, Windmill). 		
 Study of indoor plants for reduction of pollution (Adiantum, Cactus, Chlorophytum, Pachira,). 		
 Photographic documentation of environment related issues/ conservation. Submission of soft & hard copy of 5 original photographs taken by the learner. 		
7. Study of air & noise pollution monitoring device.		

T.Y.B.Sc	Semester V Practical
_	Course Objectives:
	 To equip learners with the skill's necessary to measure of physico-chemical properties of sewage/ effluent water.
	To make the learner understand use of luxmeter and various pollution monitoring devices.
RISUEVSP505	3. To make the learner acquainted with pollution controlling plants.
	4. To educate learners to observe various environmental issues in his/her reach.
	Learning Outcomes:
	 The learner will be able to measure the quality of water and will be able understand the criteria for safe drinking water.
	2. The learner will be able to demonstrate the use of luxmeter and would
	acquire knowledge about pollution monitoring devices.
	3. The learner will get the knowledge about role of indoor plants in controlling
	pollution.
	4. The learner will develop skill to observe and stay aware about various
	environmental issues.

	SEMESTER-VI (THEORY)	L	Cr
	Ecological restoration and conservation, ecotourism, climate change and disaster		2
	management.		
	Paper Code: RJSUEVS605		
	UNIT I	15	
	Unit 1: Ecological restoration		
1	1.1 Domestic waste water treatment.		
	1.2 Industrial waste water treatment.		
	1.3 Bioremediation.		
	1.4 Alternatives to conventional resources: biodegradable plastic, biodiesel, bio		
	ethanol& bio pesticides.		
	1.5 Case studies:		
	Developing effluent treatments.		
	Ice Stupa-Sonam Wangchuk.		
	UNIT II	15	
	Unit 2: Biodiversity Conservation & Ecotourism		
2	2.1 Hotspots of biodiversity and biosphere reserve.		
	2.2 Strategies for biodiversity conservation (in-situ and ex-situ).		
	2.3 Commercial wildlife photography.		
	2.4 Ecotourism–definition, policies and practices.		
	2.5 Case studies:		
	Govardhan Eco village		
	Thennamala Ecopark		
	UNIT III	15	
	Climate Change		
3	3.1 Introduction to climate change, global warming and its effects.		
	3.2 Greenhouse substances: Sources & effects.		
	3.3 Remote Sensing & GIS.		
	3.4 Role of IPCC in climate change monitoring; Kyoto Protocol, Montreal Protocol,		
	Earth Summit & UN Convention on Climate Change.		
	3.5 Case studies:		
	Climate change and apple farming in Indian Himalayas.		
	The case of ozone depletion.		
		15	
	Disaster management		
4	4.1 Introduction.		
	4.2 Disaster prone regions of India, major disasters of India.		
	4.3 Impact of disasters.		
	4.4 Disaster management plan for schools and colleges.		
	4.5 Cause, effects and control measures of disasters:		
	• Floods		
	Earthquakes		

T.Y.B.Sc Zoology & Botany Syllabus Semester V & VI

- Cyclones
- Landslides

4.6 Case studies:

- Mumbai flood, 26th July, 2005.
- Odisha cyclone Fani, May, 2019.

T.Y.B.Sc	Semester VI Theory		
	Course Objectives:		
	 To acquaint learners with the details of waste water treatment and bioremediation. 		
RJSUEVS605	To enhance the knowledge of the learners about biodiversity conservation and ecotourism.		
Ecological	To update the learners about climate change and global efforts in combating with it.		
restoration	4. To introduce the concept and strategies of disaster management.		
and	5. To introduce case studies on topics for enhanced learning.		
conservation,			
ecotourism,	Learning Outcomes:		
climate change	1. Learners will get an idea on steps involved in waste water treatment and		
and disaster	bioremediation.		
management.	 Learners will be able to understand importance of biodiversity conservation and also be able to promote ecotourism. 		
	3. Learners will be able to understand need of efforts to combat with global climate change		
	A Learners will get an insight into disaster management and he prenared for		
	taking correct steps during an event of disaster		
	5 Case studies will beln the learners to understand the concents in a more		
	practical manner.		

SEMESTER-VI (PRACTICALS)	L	Cr
Paper Code: RJSUEVSP605		
		1
 Study of physical properties of soil: Temperature (for demonstration), moisture, & texture of soil. 		
2. Study of chemical properties of soil: Organic matter and Calcium carbonate.		
3. Detection of heavy metal cation: Lead from water sample.		
4. Study of logistic services for medical, toxic waste (Incinerator, Autoclave).		
5. Observation & study of indicator species.		
 Visit to any waste treatment plant/ industry/laboratory/national park and submission of report. (Ref: Annexure II). 		
7. Group project and submission of report (group of 5).		

T.Y.B.Sc	Semester VI Practical
	Course Objectives:
	 To familiarize the learner with practical techniques for evaluation of significant environmental parameters.
	2. To make the learner understand concepts of environmental remediation.
RJSUEVSP605	3. To make the learner participate in group activity.
	Learning Outcomes:
	 The learner will be able to analyse different parameters associated with quality of environment.
	2. The learner will be able to gain field knowledge on areas of environmental
	significance.
	3. The learner will be able to comprehend the skill of working in group and
	team spirit.

Annexure I: Suggested topics for assignment Semester V

(Teachers are expected to develop additional innovative topics, varying every year, to be assigned to the students).

1. List out the instruments or funding agencies or permits required for setting up an environment testing laboratory.

2. Survey of NGO's working in the environmental field in your area.

3. Preparation of proposal for green building and sustainable development.

4. Prepare a cost sheet for setting up a bio degradable plastic unit.

5. Make an inventory of the water bodies presently existing/which existed in the urban/rural area of about 5kms.

6. Find out information regarding pollution testing booths that the Government proposes to set up.(List out the personnel who will man the booths and the indigenous equipment that these booths will have).

7. Make a report on amenities, trees, dimensions of open spaces in your locality. Assess their role in maintaining the ecological balance in the region.

8. Survey housing societies/institutions/ organizations to find out whether they are converting household/kitchen waste into anything utilizable like vermicomposting etc.

9. Meet entrepreneurs involved with manufacture of eco-friendly products/best out of waste etc. Make a report regarding how the entrepreneur decided to pursue such an initiative, its need, the process and benefits to the environment.

10. Calculate carbon footprint of your family/class-room or laboratory/housing society by visiting the appropriate site on internet.

11. Visit architectural /horticulturist firms that deal with vertical gardening /urban farming and prepare a first-hand report on the concept, where implemented and the advantages.

All topics mentioned above are suggestive, more creative and innovative topics are expected from the students, under the able guidance of the concerned teacher, to suit the expertise, human resources, infrastructure and local needs as also the interest of the students. The assignment may be submitted in a group not exceeding three students.

T.Y.B.Sc Zoology & Botany Syllabus Semester V & VI Annexure II: Suggested Field Visits for Semester VI

• There shall be various short and long excursions / study tours / field visits / industrial visits in every semester, at least one of which shall be financially affordable to every student in the class; and that assessment and marks of field trips shall be solely based upon such where no student was restrained for financial limitations.

• Field visits are to be organized to facilitate students to have first-hand experience & exposure to technology/production/functioning of organization/units or witness a relevant activity.

• Each student must make at least 01 (one) such visit to the units/treatment plants/aquatic or terrestrial habitat organized by the College.

- The list is suggestive and not exhaustive.
- 1. Visit to Sewage treatment plant.
- 2. Visit to Vermicomposting unit.
- 3. Visit to Air Monitoring Laboratory.
- 4. Visit to Environment Pollution Detecting Laboratory.
- 5. Visit to Cooling towers in industries.
- 6. Visit to Rain Water Harvesting System.
- 7. Visit to Biogas Plant.
- 8. Visit to Green Building/Ecotel Hotel.
- 9. Visit to Water Filtration Plant.
- 10.Visit to office of Pollution Control Board.
- 11.Visit to Greenhouse.
- 12. Visit to Solid Waste Management Plant.
- 13.Visit to hydro/thermal power plants.
- 14. Visit to Environmental Agencies-CITES
- 15. Visit to National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves etc. in Maharashtra/India/abroad.
- 16.Visit to NEERI.
- 17. Visit to Enviro Vigil, CSM Hospital Campus, Kalwa (W), Thane.

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- Water & Water Pollution Handbook, L.L. Caccio, Marcel Dekker Inc. N.Y. 1971.
- Wildlife photography- Advanced field techniques for amazing images, Classen, Joe.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION (FOR BOTH SEMESTERS)

Internal examination

The first internal class test comprising of 20 marks shall consist of 20 multiple choice questions with equal weightage.

The second class test of 20 marks will be in the form of an assignment that the student shall submit on notification.

Question paper pattern for external theory

Total: 60 marks

Note: 1. All questions to be attempted from Q.1 to Q.5

Q.1 Based on Unit I..... 12 M

a,b,c- Attempt any two questions out of three

Q.2 Based on Unit II.....12M

a,b,c- Attempt any two questions out of three

Q.3 Based on Unit III.....12M

a,b,c- Attempt any two questions out of three

Q.4 Based on Unit IV.....12M

a,b,c- Attempt any two questions out of three

Q.5 Short notes (Mixed from all units two questions from each unit)...... 12M (3M each)

Eight short notes of which the student is expected to attempt any four

Practical Skeleton Paper Semester V

Q1.Identification:

Maximum Marks: 100 20

Identify spots 'a' to 'e' as per instructions

- Identify and describe the plant and its role in reducing pollution. (Adiantum, Cactus, Chlorophytum,
 - Pachira). (any two)
 - Study of air and noise pollution monitoring devices-sound level meter, photoionization detector (any one).
 - Identify and describe the picture and give application of alternative energy resources (Solar panel, Biogas plant, Photovoltaic cell, Windmill) (any two)

Major Experiment

Q2. Estimate Biological Oxygen Demand/Chemical Oxygen Demand from the given efflu (2) and submit the report.	ent samples 25
Minor Experiment	
Q3. Estimate Dissolved Oxygen from the given water sample and submit the report. OR	15
Q3. a . Determine the intensity of light using Lux meter. b. Estimate the conductivity of the given sample. / Determine the MPN of the given wat	08 er sample. 07
 Q4. a. Submission of five environment related original photographs. b. Submission of assignment& viva based on it. Q5. Certified journal. 	10 20 10

T.Y.B.Sc Zoology & Botany Syllabus Semester V & VI **Practical Skeleton Paper Semester VI**

Maximum Marks: 100

Q1.Identification:

Identify spots 'a' to 'c' as per instructions

- a. Identify logistic services for medical, toxic waste (incinerator, Autoclave) (Any one)
- b. Identify and describe the given indicator species (river otters, lichen, northern spotted owl) (Any two)

Major experiment

Q2. Estimate organic matter content from the given sample and submit a report. 25

OR

Q2. Estimate calcium carbonate content from the given sample and submit a report.

OR

Q2. Investigate the given sample and report about the presence of any (or all) of the following heavy metal cations:-Pb (II) from the given water sample.

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Minor experiment

Q3. Analyse the texture and moisture content of the given soil sample and submit a	report. 20
Q4. Project and viva based on it.	20
Q5. Field report.	10
Q6. Certified journal.	10

15 M



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Refer to page nos: 02 and 03

highlighting component

Syllabus for the T.Y.B.Sc. of Research Project/Field Project

Program: B.Sc. BOTANY

Program Code: RJSUBOT

(CBCS 2020-2021)

DISTRIBUTION OF TOPICS AND CREDITS

T.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER V

Course	Nomenclature	Credits	Topics
RJSUBOT501	Plant Diversity III	2.5	1. Microbiology
			2. Algae
			3. Fungi
			4. Plant Pathology
RJSUBOT502	Plant Diversity IV	2.5	5. Palaeobotany
			6. Angiosperms I
			7. Anatomy I
			8. Palynology
RJSUBOT503	Form and Function III	2.5	9. Cytology and Molecular
			Biology.
			10. Physiology
			11. Environmental Botany
			12. Plant Tissue Culture
RJSUBOT504	Current Trends in	2.5	13. Ethnobotany and
	Plant Sciences II		Mushroom Industry
			14. Biotechnology I
			15. Instrumentation
			16. Pharmacognosy and
			Medicinal botany
RJSUBOTP501,	Practical I, II, III & IV	06	
RJSUBOTP502,			
RJSUBOTP503			
&RJSUBOTP504			

Course	Nomenclature	Credits	Topics
RJSUBOT601	Plant Diversity III	2.5	1. Bryophyta
			2. Pteridophyta
			3. Bryophytes and
			Pteridophytes:
			Applied Aspects.
			4. Gymnosperms
RJSUBOT602	Plant Diversity IV	2.5	5. Angiosperms II
			6. Anatomy II
			7. Embryology
			8. Biostatistics
RJSUBOT603	Form and Function III	2.5	9. Plant Biochemistry
			10. Plant Physiology II
			11. Genetics
			12. Bioinformatics
RJSUBOT604	Current Trends in Plant	2.5	13. Plant
	Sciences II		Biotechnology II
			14. Plant Geography
			15. Economic Botany
			16. Post-Harvest
			Technology
RJSUBOTP601,	Practical I, II, III & IV	06	
RJSUBOTP602,			
RJSUBOTP603			
&RJSUBOTP604			

T.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER VI

	SEMESTER V (THEORY)	L	Cr
	Paper-I: PLANT DIVERSITY- III Paper Code: RJSUBOT501	60	2.5
	UNIT I	15	
	Microbiology		
1	Types of Microbes.		
2	Culturing: Sterilization, media- types and composition, staining, colony characters.		
3	Pure cultures.		
4	Role of microbes in fermentation: Alcohol and Antibiotics- Penicillin		
	UNIT II	15	
	ALGAE		
1	Division <u>Rhodophyta</u> : Outline Classification upto order as per G. M. Smith. General Characters based on: Distribution, Cell structure, pigments, reserve food, range of thallus, reproduction: asexual and sexual. Economic Importance of Rhodophytes.		
2	<i>Polysiphonia</i> – Systematic position, Life cycle and Alternation of generations.		
3	Division Chrysophyta: Outline Classification upto class as per G. M. Smith. General Characters of Xanthophyceae based on: Distribution, Cell structure, pigments, reserve food, range of thallus, reproduction: asexual and sexual. Economic Importance of Chrysophyta.		
4	Vaucheria: Systematic position, Life cycle and Alternation of generations.		
	UNIT III	15	
	FUNGI		
1	Basidiomycetes: Outline Classification upto order as per G. M. Smith. General Characters based on: Thallus, Reproduction.		
2	Agaricus- Systematic position, Life cycle and Alternation of generations.		
3	Puccinia- Systematic position, Life cycle and Alternation of generations.		
4	Deuteromycetes: Outline Classification upto order as per G. M. Smith. General Characters.		
5	Life cycle of Alternaria.		

	UNIT IV	15	
	PLANT PATHOLOGY		
1	 Study of plant diseases: Causative organism, symptoms, predisposing factors, disease cycle and control measures of the following: a) White Rust – <i>Albugo</i> sp. b) Tikka disease of ground nut: <i>Cercospora</i> sp. c) Citrus canker – <i>Xanthomonas</i> sp. d) Leaf curl – leaf curl virus. a) Plant disease causad by insect past. A phids 		
2	Study of Physical, chemical and biological control methods of plant diseases.		
	SEMESTER V (THEORY)	L	Cr
	Paper-II: PLANT DIVERSITY- IV Paper Code: RJSUBOT502	60	2.5
	UNIT I	15	
	PALAEOBOTANY		
1	Calamites – All form genera Stem, leaf, male and female frutification.		
2	2 <i>Lepidodendron</i> –All form genera root, stem, bark, leaf, male and female fructification.		
3	3 <i>Lyginopteris</i> –All form genera root, stem, and leaf, male and female fructification.		
4	4 <i>Pentoxylon</i> –All form genera.		
5	5 Contributions of Birbal Sahni, (Birbal Sahni Institute of Palaeobotany, Lucknow).		
	UNIT II	15	
	ANGIOSPERMS- I		
1	Morphology of fruits- Simple, Aggregate and Composite.		
2	Complete classification of Bentham and Hooker (only for prescribed families), Merits and demerits.		
3	 Bentham and Hooker's system of classification for flowering plants up to family with respect to the following prescribed families and economic and medicinal importance for members of the families: a) Capparidaceae b) Umbelliferae c) Cucurbitaceae d) Rubiaceae e) Solanaceae f) Commelinaceae g) Graminae 		

	UNIT III		15	
	ANATOMY -	-1		
1	Anomalous secondary growth in the Achyranthes, Aristolochia, Dracaena. Sto	Stems of <i>Bignonia</i> , <i>Salvadora</i> , orage roots of Beet, Radish.		
2	Root- stems transition.			
3	Types of Stomata – Anomocytic, Anis Graminaceous.	socytic, Diacytic, Paracytic, and		
	UNIT IV	,	15	
	PALYNOLO	OGY		
1	Pollen Morphology.			
2	Pollen viability – storage.			
3	Germination and growth of pollen.			
4	Application of Palynology in honey in Aerobiology and pollen allergies, forenside	dustry, coal and oil exploration, c science.		
			L	Cr
Pa	per-III: FORMS AND FUNCTIONS – III	Paper Code: RJSUBOT503	60	2.5
	UNIT I		15	
	CYTOLOGY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY			
1	Structure and functions of nucleus.			
2	Structure and functions of vacuole.			
3	Structure and functions of giant chromoson	mes.		
4	The genetic code: Characteristics of the ge	metic code.		
5	Transcription and Translation in Prokaryo	tes and Eukaryotes.		
	UNIT II		15	
	PHYSIOLOGY			
1	Mineral Nutrition in plants			
2	Transpiration and stomatal movement			
3	Solute transport: Transport of ions acre passive transport, carriers, channels and pu	oss cell membranes, active and imps.		
4	Translocation of solutes: Composition of pressure flow model, phloem loading and elements, mechanisms of sieve tube translo	phloem sap, girdling experiment, unloading, anatomy of sieve tube ocation, Munch's hypothesis.		

	UNIT III	15	
	ENVIRONMENTAL BOTANY		
1	Bioremediation: Principles, factors responsible and microbial population bioremediation.	in	
2	Phytoremediation: Metals, Organic pollutants.		
3	Plant succession: Hydrosere and Xerosere –Succession on water and barrel land respectively citing different seres leading upto the climax vegetatio mono- and poly- climax theories.	en n,	
	UNIT IV	15	
	PLANT TISSUE CULTURE		
1	Aspects of micropropagation with reference to Floriculture: Detailed stud of Orchid cultivation.	ly	
2	Plant cell suspension cultures for the production of secondary metabolite with special reference to Shikonin production.	es,	
3	 Somatic embryogenesis and artificial seeds: General account based on- a) Types and Technique. b) Advantages/Importance. 		
4	 4 various methods of protoplast fusion b) Applications of somatic hybridization in agriculture. 		
		L	Cr
	Paper-IV: CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES- II Paper Code: RJSUBOT50	4 60	2.5
	UNIT I	15	
	ETHNOBOTANY AND MUSHROOM INDUSTRY		
1	Ethnobotany - Definition, history, sources of data and methods of study.		
2	 Traditional medicines as used by tribal in Maharashtra towards: a) Skin ailments: <i>Rubia cordfolia, Santalum album.</i> b) Liver ailments: <i>Phyllanthus , Andrographis.</i> c) Wound healing and ageing: <i>Centella, Typha, Terminalia, Tridax.</i> d) Fever: <i>Vitex negundo, Tinospora cordifolia</i> leaves e) Diabetes: <i>Momordica charantia, Syzygium cuminii.</i> Mushroom industry: 		
3	i)General account of production of mushrooms with respect to methods Composting, spawning, casing, harvesting of mushroom. Cultivation <i>Pleurotus, Agaricus</i> mushroom to be studied in deta ii)General account of mushrooms: Nutritional value, picking and packagin economic importance. iii) Entrepreneurship in Mushroom Industry	of of il. g,	

	UNIT II		15	
	BIOTECHNOLOGY - I			
1	Construction of genomic DNA libraries, c- DNA libraries.	, Chromosome libraries and		
2	Identification of specific cloned sequence Genomic libraries.	ces in c-DNA libraries and		
3	Analysis of genes and gene transcripts – R cloned DNA sequences.	Restriction enzyme, analysis of		
4	Southern Hybridization.			
	UNIT III		15	
	INSTRUMENTATI	ION		
1	Microscopy II- Instrumentation, working, SEM and TEM.	principle and applications of		
	Chromatography II: General account of Colu	umn chromatography. Principle		
2	and bedding material involved in adsorption	and partition chromatography,		
	Ion exchange chromatography, molecular sie	eve chromatography.		
	UNIT IV		15	
PHARMACOGNOSY AND MEDICINAL BOTANY				
1	1 Monographs of drugs with reference to biological sources, geographical distribution, common varieties, macro and microscopic characters, chemical constituents, therapeutic uses, adulterants- <i>Strychnos</i> seeds, Clove buds, <i>Allium sativum, Acorus calamus</i> and <i>Curcuma longa</i> .			
	SEMESTER VI		L	Cr
	Paper I: PLANT DIVERSITY- III	Paper Code: RJSUBOT601	60	2.5
	UNIT I		15	
	BRYOPHYTA			
1	<i>Marchantia</i> - Systematic position, life cycle as per G. M. Smith.	and Alternation of generations		
2	<i>Pellia</i> - Systematic position, life cycle and Al G. M. Smith.	lternation of generations as per		
	UNIT II		15	
	PTERIDOPHYTA	4		
1	Lepidophyta – Outline Classification upto or	rders as per G. M. Smith.		
2	General characters of Lepidophyta.			
3	Lycopodium- Systematic position, Life cycle	e, Alternation of generations.		

4 Calamophyta – Outline Classification upto orders as per G. M. Smith.			
5	General characters of Calamophyta		
6	Equisetum: Systematic position, Life cycle, Alternation of generations.		
	UNIT III	15	
	BRYOPHYTES AND PTERIDOPHYTES: APPLIED ASPECTS		
1	Ecology of Bryophytes.		
2	Economic importance of Bryophytes.		
3	Bryophytes as ecological indicators. Evolution of Sporophyte and Gametophyte in Bryophytes.		
4	Economic importance of Pteridophytes.		
5	Diversity and distribution of Indian Pteridophytes.		
6	Types of sori and evolution of sori.		
	UNIT IV	15	
	GYMNOSPERMS		
1	1 <i>Biota (Thuja)</i> - Systematic position as per Coulter and Chamberlain, Life cycle, Alternation of generations.		
2	2 <i>Gnetum</i> -Systematic position as per Coulter and Chamberlain, Life cycle, Alternation of generations.		
3	<i>Ephedra</i> -Systematic position as per Coulter and Chamberlain, Life cycle, Alternation of generations.		
		L	Cr
	Paper II: PLANT DIVERSITY - IV Paper Code: RJSUBOT602	60	2.5
	UNIT I	15	
	ANGIOSPERMS- II		
1	1 Major Botanical gardens of India – Indian Botanical Garden, Howrah; 1 National Botanical Research Institute's Garden (NBRI), Lucknow; Lloyd Botanical Garden, Darjeeling; Lalbaugh or Mysore State Botanical Garden, Bangalore.		
2	Botanical survey of India and regional plants of India.		
3	Study of following plant families: a) Rhamnaceae b) Combretaceae c) Asclepiadaceae d) Labiatae e) Euphorbiaceae		

T.Y.B.Sc Botany Syllabus Semester V & VI	

	f) Cannaceae		
4	Hutchinson's classification – merits and demerits.		
	UNIT II	15	
	ANATOMY – II		
1	 Ecological anatomy: a) Hydrophytes – submerged, floating rooted. b) Hygrophytes - <i>Typha</i> c) Mesophytes. d) Sciophytes. e) Halophytes. f) Epiphytes. g) Xerophytes. 		
	UNIT III	15	
	EMBROYOLOGY		
1	Microsporogenesis		
2	Megasporogenesis - Development of monosporic type, examples of all embryo sacs.		
3	Types of ovules.		
4	Double fertilization.		
5	Development of embryo – Capsella.		
	UNIT IV	15	
	BIOSTATISTICS II		
1	Testing of hypothesis- student's <i>t</i> -test (paired and unpaired). Theory and Problems based on these.		
2	Regression- Theory and Graphical method only.		
3	ANOVA (one way).		

			L	Cr
PA	PER III: FORM AND FUNCTION - III	Paper Code: RJSUBOT603	60	2.5
	UNIT I		15	
	PLANT BIOCHEM	ISTRY		
1	Structure of biomolecules: Carbohydra pectin, lipids (fatty acids and glycerol), p.	ates (sugars, starch, cellulose, roteins (amino acids).		
2	Enzymes: Nomenclature, classification, r Michaelis - Menten equation, com uncompetitive inhibitors.	node of action, Enzyme kinetics, apetitive non-competitive and		
	UNIT II		15	
	PLANT PHYSIOLO)GY- II		
1	Nitrogen metabolism: Nitrogen cycle, re haemoglobin, nitrogenase activity, assim activity), assimilation of ammonia, (reactions), nitrogen assimilation and carbol	oot nodule formation, and leg nilation of nitrates, (NR, NiR amination and transamination hydrate utilisation.		
2	Vegetative growth- Phases of growt Physiological effects and commercial appl Cytokinins and Abscisic acid.	h, Factors affecting growth, lications of Auxins, Gibberillins,		
	UNIT III		15	
	GENETICS			
1	Genetic mapping in eukaryotes: discov recombination, construction of genetic mapping chromosomes, problems based on	very of genetic linkage, gene maps, three-point crosses and a the same.		
2	Gene mutations: definition, types of m Spontaneous and Induced mutations and T	nutations, causes of mutations, he Ame's test.		
	Metabolic disorders - enzymatic and n	on-enzymatic: Gene control of		
3	enzyme structure Garrod's hypothesis of	f inborn errors of metabolism,		
	Phenylketoneuria, albinism, sickle cell ana	emia.		
	UNIT IV		15	
	BIOINFORMAT	TICS		
1	Protein structure analysis and application.			
2	Multiple sequence analysis and phylogenet	tic analysis.		

			L	Cr
	Paper IV: Current Trends in Plant Sciences II	Paper Code: RJSUBOT604	60	2.5
	UNIT I		15	
	PLANT BIOTECHNO	DLOGY - II		
1	DNA sequence analysis – Maxam – Gil	bert Method and Sanger's method		
2	Polymerase Chain reaction (PCR) - Tech	hnique, Applications, DNA typing.		
3	DNA barcoding: Basic features, nuclear genome sequence, <i>rbc</i> L gene sequence status of barcoding in plants.	ar genome sequence, chloroplast e, <i>mat</i> K gene sequence, present		
	UNIT II		15	
	PLANT GEOGR	APHY		
1	Phytogeographical regions of India.			
 BIODIVERISTY : Definition, diversity of flora found in various forest types of India, Levels of biodiversity, Importance and status of biodiversity, Loss of biodiversity, Conservation of biodiversity, Genetic diversity- Molecular characteristics. 				
	UNIT III		15	
	ECONOMIC BO	TANY		
1	1 Essential Oils: Extraction, perfumes, perfume oils, oil of Rose, Patchouli, Champaca, grass oils: <i>Citronella</i> , Vetiver.			
2	2 Fatty oils: Drying oil (linseed and Soyabean oil), semidrying oils (Cotton seed, Sesame oil) and non-drying oils (Olive oil and Peanut oil).			
3 Vegetable Fats: Coconut and Palm oil.				
	UNIT IV		15	
	POST HARVEST TEC	CHNOLOGY		
1	1 Storage of Plant Produce- Preservation of Fruits and Vegetables.			
2	Drying (Dehydration)- (Natural conditions – Sun drying; Artificial drying- hot air drying, Vacuum drying, Osmotically dried fruits, Crystallized or Candied fruits, Fruit Leather, Freeze Drying).			
3	3 Freezing (Cold air blast system, Liquid immersion method, Plate freezers, Cryogenic Freezing, Freeze drying).			
4	Canning. 4 Pickling (in brine, in vinegar, Indian pickles). Sugar Concentrates (Jams, Jellies), Fruit juices.			
5	5 Food preservatives, Use of antioxidants in preservation			

	Semester V (PRACTICALS)		L	Cr
1	Practical I PLANT DIVERSITY- III	Paper Code: RJSUBOTP501		2.5
	Microbiology			
1	Study of aeromicrobiota by petri plate ex	sposed method Fungal culture;		
2	Determination of Minimum Inhibitory Conc against selected microorganism.	centration (MIC) of sucrose		
3	Study of antimicrobial activity by the disc d	liffusion method		
	Algae			
1	Study of stages in the life cycle of the preserved material and permanent slides:a) <i>Polysiphonia</i>b) <i>Vaucheria</i>	following Algae from fresh /		
	Fungi			
1	 Study of stages in the life cycle of the preserved material and permanent slides: a) Agaricus b) Puccinia c) Alternaria 	following Fungi from fresh /		
	Plant Pathology			
	 Study of the following fungal diseases: a) White rust b) Tikka disease in Groundnut c) Citrus canker d) Insect Pest disease- Aphids 			
Pra	Practical II : PLANT DIVERSITY- IV Paper Code: RJSUBOTP502			2.5
	Paleobotany			
	 Study of the following form genera with photomicrographs: a) Calamites b) Lepidodendron c) Lyginopteris d) Pentoxylon 	the help of permanent slides/		
	Angiosperms			
1	Morphology of Fuits- Simple, Aggregate and Composite.			
2	 Study of one plant from each of the followin a) Capparidaceae b) Umbelliferae c) Cucurbitaceae d) Rubiaceae e) Solanaceae f) Commelinaceae 	ng Angiosperm families:		

	g) Graminae		
3	Morphological peculiarities and economic importance of the members of the above-mentioned Angiosperm families.		
4	Identifying the genus and species of a plant with the help of Flora.		
	Anatomy I		
1	Study of anomalous secondary growth in the stems of the following plantsusing double staining technique:a) Bignoniab) Salvadorac) Achyranthesd) Aristolochiae) Dracaena		
2	Study of anomalous secondary growth in the roots of-a) Beetb) Radish		
3	Types of Stomata - a) Anomocytic b) Anisocytic c) Diacytic d) Paracytic e) Graminaceous		
	Palynology		
1	Study of pollen morphology (NPC Analysis) of the following by Chitale's Method: a) Hibiscus b) Datura c) Ocimum d) Crinum e) Pancratium f) Canna		
2	Determination of pollen viability.		
3	Pollen analysis from honey sample – unifloral and multifloral honey.		
4	Effect of varying concentration of sucrose on In vitro Pollen germination.		
Pr	ractical III - Form and Function - II Paper Code: RJSUBOTP503		2.5
	CYTOLOGY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY		
1	Smear preparation from <i>Tradescantia</i> buds.		
2	Sequence Analysis- Maxam-Gilbert Method		

	PHYSIOLOGY		
1	Estimation of Phosphate phosphorus (Plant acid extract).		
2	Estimation of Iron (Plant acid extract).		
	ENVIRONMENTAL BOTANY		
1	 Estimation of the following in given water sample: a) Dissolved oxygen demand b) Biological oxygen demand c) Total Hardness d) Salinity and Chlorinity 		
2	Plant Tissue culture II:		
	1. Preparation of stock solutions for preparation of MS medium.		
	2. Identification – Multiple shoot culture, hairy root culture, somatic		
Pr	actical IV- <u>CURRENT TRENDS IN</u> PLANT SCIENCES - U PLANT SCIENCES - U Paper Code: RJSUBOTP504		2.5
	ETHNOBOTANY AND MUSHROOM CULTIVATION		
1	Study of plants mentioned in theory for Ethnobotany.		
2	Mushroom cultivation		
3	Identification of various stages involved in mushroom cultivation – spawn, pin head stage, mature/ harvest stage of <i>Agaricus, Pleurotus</i> .		
	BIOTECHNOLOGY- I		
1	Growth curve of <i>E. coli</i> .		
2	Plasmid DNA isolation and Separation of DNA using AGE.		
3	Restriction mapping (problems), Southern blotting.		
	INSTRUMENTATION		
1	Experiment based on ion exchange chromatography for demonstration.		
2	Experiment based on separation of dyes/ plant pigments using silica gel column.		
	PHARMACOGNOSY		
1	 Macroscopic/ Microscopic characters and Chemical tests for active constituents of the following plants: a) Allium sativum b) Acorus calamus c) Curcuma longa d) Strychnos nux-vomica e) Eugenia caryophyllata 		
	SEMESTER VI (PRACTICALS)		

T.Y.B.Sc Bota	any Syllabus	Semester	V	&	VI
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Pra	Practical I - PLANT DIVERSITY- III Paper Code: RJSUBOTP601			2.5
	Bryophyta			
1	Study of stages in the life cycle of the following Bryophyta from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides a) <i>Marchantia</i> b) <i>Pellia</i>			
	Pteridophyta			
1	Study of stages in the life cycles of the following Pteridophytes from fresh / preserved material and permanent slides :- a) Lycopodium b) Equisetum			
	Bryophytes and Pteridophytes: App	lied aspects		
1	Economic importance of Bryophytes.			
2	Economic importance of Pteridophyte	s.		
3	Types of sporophytes in Bryophytes (from Permanent slides).			
4	Types of sori and soral arrangement in Pteridophytes.			
	Gymnosperms			
1	 Study of stages in the life cycles of the / preserved material and permanent sli <i>a)</i> Thuja/ Biota b) Gnetum c) Ephedra 	e following Gymnosperms from fresh des:		
Pra	ectical - II : PLANT DIVERSITY- IV	Paper Code: RJSUBOTP602		2.5
	Angiosperms			
1	 Study of one plant from each of the fo a) Rhamnaceae b) Combretaceae c) Asclepiadaceae d) Labiatae e) Euphorbiaceae f) Cannaceae 	llowing Angiosperm families:		
2	Morphological peculiarities and economic importance of the members of the above-mentioned Angiosperm families.			
3	Identify the genus and species with the help of flora.			

	Anatomy		
1	 Study of Ecological Anatomy of : a) Hydrophytes: <i>Hydrilla</i> stem, <i>Nymphaea</i> petiole, <i>Eichhornia</i> offset b) Epiphytes: Orchid c) Sciophytes: <i>Peperomia</i> leaf d) Xerophytes: <i>Nerium</i> leaf, <i>Opuntia</i> phylloclade e) Halophytes: <i>Avicennia</i> leaf and pneumatophore, <i>Sesuvium / Sueda</i> leaf f) Mesophytes: <i>Vinca</i> leaf 		
	Embryology		
1	Study of various stages of Microsporogenesis, Megasporogenesis and Embryo Development with the help of permanent slides / photomicrographs.		
2	Mounting of Monocot (Maize) and Dicot (Castor and Gram) embryo.		
3	In vivo growth of pollen tube in Portulaca / Vinca.		
	Biostatistics II		
1	<i>t</i> -test (paired and unpaired).		
2	Problems based on regression analysis.		
3	ANOVA.		
	Practical- III FORM AND FUNCTION –III Paper Code: RJSUBOTP603		2.5
	PLANT BIOCHEMISTRY		
1	Estimation of proteins by Biuret method.		
2	Effect of pH on the activity of amylase.		
3	Effect of substrate variation on the activity of amylase.		
	PLANT PHYSIOLOGY		
1	Determination of alpha-amino nitrogen.		
2	Effect of GA on seed germination.		
3	Estimation of reducing sugars by DNSA method.		
	GENETICS		
1	Problems based on three-point crosses, construction of chromosome maps.		
2	Identification of types of mutations from given DNA sequences.		
3	Study of mitosis using pre-treated root tips of Allium.		
	Bioinformatics		

1	Protein structure analysis and application	
2	Multiple sequence analysis and phylogenetic analysis	
Pra	ctical- IV : CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES- II Paper Code: RJSUBOTP604	
	PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY II	
1	DNA sequencing - Maxam-Gilbert Method.	
2	DNA barcoding of plant material by using suitable data.	
	Plant Geography	
1	Study of Phytogeographical regions of India.	
2	Preparation of vegetation map using Garmin's GPS Instrument.	
3	Problems based on Simpson's diversity Index.	
	Economic Botany	
1	Demonstration: Extraction of essential oil using Clevenger.	
2	Thin layer chromatography of essential oil of Patchouli and Citronella.	
3	Saponification value of Palm oil.	
	Post-Harvest Technology	
1	Preparation of:	

T.Y.BSc	Semester V Theory	
RJSUBOT501	Course Outcomes 5.1:	
Paper I	1. Microbiology studies – various microbes, media type and	
Plant Diversity	composition, staining, colony characters.	
III	2. Pure cultures and Role of microbes in fermentation.	
	3. Detailed study of algae (Rhodophyta and Xanthophyta) and fungi	
	(Basidiomycetes and Deuteromycetes)	
	4. Study of Systematic position, Life cycle and Alternation of	
	generations of algae (Polysiphonia, and Vaucheria) and fungi	
	(Agaricus, Puccinia and Alternaria.)	
	5. Study of plant diseases and Physical, chemical and biological	
	control methods of plant diseases.	
	Learning outcomes:	
	Microbiology studies.	
	Understanding classical botany and application.	
	Knowing the cause and control of plant diseases.	

T.Y.BSc	Semester V Theory
RJSUBOT502	Course Outcomes 5.2:
Paper II	1. Exploring palaeobotany with studies of <i>Calamites, Lepidodendron,</i>
Plant diversity-	Lyginopteris, Pentoxylon and contributions of Birbal Sahni (Birbal
IV	Sahni Institute of Paleobotany, Lucknow.)
	2. Detailed study of Morphology of flower, Complete classification of
	Bentham and Hooker: Merits and demerits, system of classification
	for flowering plants up to family of Capparidaceae, Umbelliferae,
	Cucurbitaceae, Rubiaceae, Solanaceae, Commelinaceae and
	Graminae.
	3. Study of anomalous secondary growth in the stems, root- stem
	transition and types of stomata.
	4. Study of pollen morphology, viability, germination and growth of
	pollen and application of Palynology.
	Learning outcomes:
	Understanding the past environment with the help of palaeobotany.
	Learning of Bentham and Hooker classification.
	Knowing the anomalous secondary growth reinforcement of tall
	plants
	Understanding the pollen specificity.

T.Y.BSc	Semester V Theory
RJSUBOT503	Course Outcomes 5.3:
Paper-III	1. Detailed study of nucleus, vacuole and functions of giant
Forms and	chromosomes.
functions – III	2. Mechanism of Transcription and Translation in Eukaryotes and
	Characteristics of the genetic code.
	3. Understanding Plant- Water relations with Solute transport and
	Translocation.
	4. Study of bioremediation and Phytoremediation.
	5. Study of plant succession.
	6. Understanding the role of micropropagation in plant cell
	suspension, secondary metabolites, Somatic embryogenesis,
	artificial seeds, Protoplast fusion and Somatic hybridization.
	Learning outcomes: (Research orientation, skill development)
	Basic concepts of molecular biology.
	Understanding solute transport and translocation in plant.
	Use of bioremediation and Phytoremediation.
	Application of plant tissue culture and micropropagation.

T.Y.Bsc	Semester V theory		
RJSUBOT504	Course outcomes 5.4:		
Paper-iv	1. Detailed study of ethno botany and traditional medicines.		
Current trends in	2. Exploring mushroom cultivation and its nutritional value.		
plant science- II	3. Understanding c- DNA libraries, restriction enzyme, analysis of		
	cloned DNA sequences and southern hybridization.		
	4. Detailed study of instrumentation techniques colorimetry,		
	spectrophotometry (visible, UV and IR), column		
	chromatography, adsorption and partition chromatography, ion		
	exchange chromatography, molecular sieve chromatography		
	5. Pharmacognosy study of Strychnos seeds, Clove buds, Allium		
	sativum, Acorus calamus and Curcuma longa.		
	Learning outcome: (Skill development and entrepreneurship)		
	Understanding ethno botany and traditional medicines.		
	Motivation of Entrepreneurship in mushroom cultivation.		
	 Basic concept of molecular biology. 		
	 Learning analytical techniques. 		
	Pharmacognosy study.		

T.Y.B.Sc	Botany	Syllabus	Semester	V	& V	I
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T.Y.BSc	Semester V Practical Skill development
RJSUBOTP501	Course Outcomes 5.1:
Practical I	1. Detailed study of Aeromicrobiota, Minimum Inhibitory Concentration
Plant Diversity	(MIC) and antimicrobial activity.
III	2. Study of stages in the life cycle algae (<i>Polysiphonia</i> , and <i>Vaucheria</i>)
	and fungi (Agaricus, Puccinia and Alternaria).
	3. Detailed study of the fungal diseases (White rust, Tikka disease in
	Groundnut and Citrus canker.
	Learning outcomes:
	Microbiology study.
	Understanding classical botany and its application.
	Detailed study of causative agent of plant diseases.

T.Y.BSc	Semester V Practical Skill development, experiential learning, planning.
RJSUBOTP502	Course Outcomes 5.2:
Practical II	1. Study of palaeobotany with studies of <i>Calamites</i> ,
PLANT	Lepidodendron, Lyginopteris and, Pentoxylon.
DIVERSITY- IV	2. Detailed study of <i>Capparidaceae</i> , <i>Umbelliferae</i> , <i>Cucurbitaceae</i> ,
	Rubiaceae, Solanaceae, Commelinaceae and Graminae.
	3. Identifying the genus and species of a plant with the help of
	Flora.
	4. Study of anomalous secondary growth with double staining in
	the stems (Bignonia, Salvadora, Achyranthes, Aristolochia and
	Dracaena) and roots of beet and radish.
	5. Study of types of stomata.
	6. Study of pollen morphology (NPC analysis), viability and effect
	of varying concentration of sucrose on In vitro pollen
	germination and pollen analysis from honey sample.
	Learning outcomes:
	Understanding the past environment with the help of
	palaeobotany.
	Learning of Angiosperm's taxonomy.
	Learning of double staining technique.
	Understanding the pollen specificity and NPC analysis.

T.Y.BSc	Semester V Practical Skill based training
RJSUBOTP503	Course Outcomes 5.3:
Practical III	1. Study of meiosis in <i>Tradescantia</i> buds.
FORMS AND	2. Predicting the sequence of amino acids in the polypeptide.
FUNCTIONS – III	3. Estimation of Phosphate phosphorus and Iron from plant acid extract.
	4. Estimation of Dissolved oxygen demand, biological oxygen demand, Total Hardness and Salinity and Chlorinity in given water sample.
	5. Understanding plant tissue culture and preparation of stock solutions for preparation of MS medium.
	Learning outcomes:
	 Understanding the stages of meiosis and sequencing of amino acids.
	Assessment of Phosphate phosphorus and Iron content in plants.
	Assessment of water quality.

T.Y.BSc	Semester V Practical		
RJSUBOTP504	Course Outcomes 5.4: Tribal knowledge, ethics, entrepreneurship,		
Practical IV	research orientation		
Current trends in	1. Study of plants for Ethnobotany.		
plant science- II	2. Mushroom cultivation.		
	3. Analysis of Growth curve of E. coli.		
	4. Plasmid DNA isolation and separation of DNA using AGE and		
	understanding restriction mapping (problems), southern		
	blotting.		
	5. Analysis of sample on Beer Lambert's Law.		
	6. Study of macroscopic/ microscopic characters and Chemical		
	tests for active constituents of Allium sativum, Acorus calamus,		
	Curcuma longa, Strychnos nux-vomica and Eugenia		
	L corning outcomes :		
	Learning outcomes.		
	Conderstanding etnno botany and traditional medicines.		
	(Understanding and application of traditional knowledge and		
	scientific understanding).		
	Motivation of Entrepreneurship in mushroom cultivation.		
	Determination of generation time of <i>E. coli</i> .		
	Learning analytical techniques		
	Pharmacognosy study of macroscopic/ microscopic characters		
	of the above-mentioned plants.		
T.Y.BSc	Semester VI Theory		
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RJSUBOT601	Course Outcomes 6.1:		
Paper 1	1. Detailed study of Bryophyta (Marchantia, Pellia, Sphagnum) and		
Plant Diversity	Pteridophyta (Lepidophyta, Lycopodium, Calamophyta,		
III	Equisetum, Pterophyta and Marsilea.		
	2. Study of Bryophytes in aspect of ecology, economic importance,		
	ecological indicators and evolution of sporophyte and		
	gametophyte.		
	3. Study of Pteridophytes economic importance, diversity and		
	distribution, types of sori and evolution of sori.		
	4. Detailed study of gymnosperms (<i>Thuja, Gnetum and Ephedra</i>) and		
	it's economic importance.		
	Learning outcomes:		
	Understanding Bryophytes and Pteridophytes and their		
	applications.		
	Recognising the benefits of gymnosperms.		

T.Y.BSc	Semester VI Theory			
RJSUBOT602	Course Outcomes 6.2:			
Paper 2	1. Study of major botanical gardens of India, botanical survey of India			
Plant	and regional plants of India.			
diversity- IV	2. Detailed study of angiosperm families (<i>Rhamnaceae, Combretaceae</i> ,			
	Asclepiadaceae, Labiatae, Euphorbiaceae and Cannaceae) and			
	Hutchinson's classification.			
	3. Anatomical study of hydrophytes, hygrophytes, mesophytes,			
	sciophytes, halophytes, epiphytes and xerophytes.			
	4. Development study of Microsporogenesis and Megasporogenesis			
	and embryo.			
	5. Analysis of data by Student's <i>t</i> -test, Regression and ANOVA (one			
	way).			
	Learning outcomes :			
	Introduction of Indian regional flora.			
	Detailed study of some angiosperms families.			
	Study of plant adaptations in different environment.			
	Plant development study.			
	Bio-statistical analysis of data.			

T.Y.BSc	Semester VI Theory		
RJSUBOT603	Course Outcomes6.3 :		
Paper-III	1. Study of biomolecules: Carbohydrates (sugars, starch,		
forms and functions –	cellulose, pectin, lipids (fatty acids and glycerol), proteins		
III	(amino acids).		
	2. Detailed study of enzymes and it's mechanism.		
	3. Detailed study of plant nitrogen metabolism, vegetative		
	growth and commercial applications PGR.		
	4. Understanding eukaryotes genetic mapping, gene mutations,		
	metabolic disorders – enzymatic and non-enzymatic.		
	5. Study of bioinformatics application (BLAST, protein		
	structure analysis and application, multiple sequence analysis		
	and phylogenetic analysis.		
	Learning outcomes:		
	Understanding macromolecules and enzymes application.		
	Some concept learning of plant physiology and molecular		
	biology.		
	 Bioinformatics application. Computational biology 		

T.Y.BSc	Semester VI theory		
RJSUBOT604	Course Outcomes 6.4:		
Paper-IV	1. Detailed study of DNA sequence analysis, Polymerase		
Current trends in plant	Chain reaction and DNA barcoding.		
science- II	2. Study of biodiversity and Phytogeographical regions of India.		
	3. Detailed study of Essential Oils, Fatty oils and Vegetable		
	 4. Study of post-harvest technology (storage, drying, freezing, canning and food preservatives). 		
	Learning outcomes:		
	Concept of molecular biology of DNA.		
	Knowing biodiversity and Phytogeographical regions of		
	India.		
	 Understanding the application of oils and fats and post- harvest technology. (Entreprenurship) 		

T.Y.BSc	Semester VI Practical Skill				
RJSUBOTP601	Course Outcomes 6.1:				
Practical I	1. Slide preparation/ permanent slides study of Bryophyta				
Plant Diversity	(Marchantia, Pellia and Sphagnum) and Pteridophyta				
III	(Lycopodium and Equisetum).				
	2. Study of types of sporophytes in Bryophytes and sori and soral				
	arrangement in Pteridophytes.				
	3. Detailed study of gymnosperms (Thuja, Gnetum and Ephedra) and				
	its economic importance.				
	Learning outcome:				
	Understanding the detailed morphology of Bryophyta and				
	Pteridophyta. To understand their role in plant succession.				
	Recognising the benefits of gymnosperms.				

T.Y.BSc	Semester VI Practical: Skill enhancement, experiential learning,				
	Application in field studies				
RJSUBOTP602	Course Outcomes 6.2:				
Practical II	1. Study of angiosperm families (<i>Rhamnaceae, Combretaceae,</i>				
PLANT	Asclepiadaceae, Labiatae, Euphorbiaceae and Cannaceae)				
DIVERSITY- IV	2. Identify the genus and species with the help of flora.				
	3. Anatomical sectional study of hydrophytes, mesophytes,				
	sciophytes, halophytes, epiphytes and xerophytes.				
	4. Study of various stages of Microsporogenesis and				
	Megasporogenesis, embryo and In vivo growth of pollen tube				
	5. Analysis of data given by Student's <i>T</i> -Test, Regression and				
	ANOVA (one way).				
	Learning outcomes :				
	Detailed study of some angiosperm families.				
	Anatomical study of plant adaptations in different environment.				
	Study of plant development stages.				
	Bio-statistical analysis of data.				

T.Y.BSc	Semester VI Practical: Skill development, research orientation,			
	xperimental design			
RJSUBOTP603	Course Outcome 6.3:			
Practical III	1. Estimation of proteins from sample.			
FORMS AND	2. Study the effect of temperature, pH and substrate variation			
FUNCTIONS – III	on the activity of amylase.			
	3. Estimation of alpha-amino nitrogen, reducing sugars and			
	Effect of GA on seed germination.			
	4. Analysis of problems based on three-point crosses,			
	construction of chromosome maps.			
	5. Identification of types of mutations from given DNA			
	sequences.			
	6. Study of mitosis using pre-treated root tips of Allium.			
	Learning outcomes :			
	Understanding enzymology application.			
	Nutritional value finding			
	Mapping of gene and construction of chromosome maps.			
	Mutation effect study.			

T.Y.BSc	Semester VI Practical : Entrepreneurship			
RJSUBOTP604	Course Outcomes 6.4:			
Practical IV	1. DNA sequencing and barcoding of plant material			
Current trends in plant	2. Study of Phytogeographical regions of India, vegetation			
science- II	map using Garmin's GPS Instrument.			
	3. Analysis of problems based on Simpson's diversity Index.			
	4. Distillate extraction of essential oil using Clevenger and			
	application of thin layer chromatography.			
	5. Estimation of saponification value of palm oil.			
	6. Preparation of Squash, Jam, Jelly and Pickle.			
	Learning outcomes :			
	Molecular identification of plant material.			
	Tree census study.			
	Distillate application in perfumery.			
	Entrepreneurship in post-harvest technology.			

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Scheme of Examinations

- 1. Two Internals of 20 marks each. Duration 30min for each.
- 2. One External (Semester End Examination) of 60 marks. Duration 2 hours.
- 3. One Practical at the end of Semester consisting of Practical I 50 marks, Practical II 50 marks, Practical III 30 marks and Practical IV 50 marks but passing combined out of 200.
- 4. Minimum marks for passing Semester End Theory and Practical Exam is 40 %.
- 5. Student must appear at least one of the two Internal Tests to be eligible for the Semester End Examination.
- 6. For any KT examinations, there shall be ODD-ODD/EVEN-EVEN pattern followed.
- 7. Two short field excursions for habitat studies are compulsory. Field report submission is mandatory
- 8. Field work of not less than eight hours duration is equivalent to one period per week for a batch of 15students.
- 9. A candidate will be allowed to appear for the practical examinations if he/she submits a certified journal of T.Y.B.Sc. Botany or a certificate from the Head of the department / Institute to the effect that the candidate has completed the practical course of T.Y.B.Sc. Botany as per the minimum requirements.
- 10. In case of loss of journal, a candidate must produce a certificate from the Head of the department /Institute that the practical's for the academic year were completed by the student. However, such a candidate will be allowed to appear for the practical examination but the marks allotted for the journal will not be granted.
- 11. HOD's decision, in consultation with the Principal, shall remain final and abiding to all.

Evaluation and Assessment

Evaluation (Theory): Total marks per course - 100. CIA - 40 marks CIA 1: Written test -20 marks CIA 2: Written Test / Assignment / Field Trip/mini project/ & Report -20 marks Semester End Examination – 60 marks Question paper covering all units

Evaluation of Practicals 100 marks (50 marks for each practical RJSUBOTP501, RJSUBOTP502, RJSUBOTP503, RJSUBOTP504, RJSUBOTP601, RJSUBOTP602, RJSUBOTP603 & RJSUBOTP604)

Course Semester End Examination in Semester V and VI Paper I, II, III and IV (RJSUBOT501, RJSUBOT502, RJSUBOT503, RJSUBOT504, RJSUBOT601, RJSUBOT602, RJSUBOT603 & RJSUBOT604)

Question	Knowledge	Understanding	Application and analyses	Total marks- Per unit
Unit 1	06	03	03	12
Unit 2	06	03	03	12
Unit 3	06	03	03	12
Unit 4	06	03	03	12
Short notes from topics covering all the units	06	03	03	12
-TOTAL- Per objective	30	15	15	60
% WEIGHTAGE	50	25	25	100%

Evaluation of Practicals 200 marks/Semester

SEMESTER V: (50 marks for each practical RJSUBOTP501, RJSUBOTP502, RJSUBOTP503 & RJSUBOTP504) SEMESTER VI: RJSUBOTP601, RJSUBOTP602, RJSUBOT603 & RJSUBOTP604)

Continuous Evaluation of practical components which require adequate duration for completion of the task, observation and interpretation: 25%

Course end Practical Evaluation of skills of students in terms of skill, analysis, interpretation and conclusion.

T.Y.B.Sc Botany Syllabus Semester V & VI

ASSESSMENT OF BOTANY FIELD TRIP REPORT			
Dept. of Botany Course Code	Date	Roll No	
· · · · ·			

 Name of student:
 UID No
 Marks / 20

Place of visit _____

Assessment Grid: Place one tick in each appropriate row. Overall mark should reflect the positions

of ticks in the individual rows

(20)	Field Trip and Report	80-100% 17-20 Marks	60-80% 13-16 Marks	40-60% 09-12 Marks	20-40 <i>%</i> 05-08 Marks
30%	Organization of report	Introduction about the location, vegetation, Botanical Names, Family, Local name, Description using Botanical Term, reporting all the species seen, Handwritten or typed.	Few mistakes,	Many mistakes	Inadequate presentation
(06)	-	6	5	4	3
50%	Content	Excellent reporting of all the species observed in the field, ecological and morphological data,	Good reporting, species observed in the field but few of them missing in the list	Satisfactory, many species or relevant data missing from the report	Poor, inadequate and insufficient data or just a list of the species without any data.
(10)		10/9	8	6	5
10% (02)	Conclusion	Conclusion based on self observation. Type of forest and vegetation	Good conclusion, comments not independent	Satisfactory, but insufficient	Poor, irrelevant conclusion
	Marks	2	2/1	1 /0.5	0.5
5%	References	Proper references, in required format	Proper references but no format	Few references	rrelevant references
(01)	Marks -	1	1	0.5	0
5% (01)	Attendance / participation Marks	Attended and participated actively 1	Attended and participated 1	Infrequent Participation 0.5	No participation

Comments: Name and Signature of Faculty

T.Y.B.Sc Botany Syllabus Semester V & VI

Mini Project Under graduate level

Dept. of Course Code	Date		
UID No	Roll No	Marks	/20
Name of student			
Title of Assignment:			

Assessment Grid: Place one tick in each appropriate row. Overall mark should reflect the positions of ticks in the individual rows. In boxes that have more than one set of marks, cancel out the marks that are not applicable and circle the correct marks.

Project work and report (Parameters)	Marks	80 – 100 % Excellent	60 -80% Good	40 – 60 % Satisfactory	20 – 40 % Average
Project work done	10	10/9	8/7	6/5	4 /3
Report writing and conclusions	10	10/9	8/7	6/5	4 /3

Mapping of the course to employability/ Entrepreneurship/skill development

Class	Course Name	Course Code	Topic focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/skill development	Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill development	Specific activity
T Y B Sc Botany	Pant Diversity III & IV	RJSUBOT501, RJSUBOT502	Plant Diversity III, IV focuses on identification of plants ranging from microbes to angiosperms including fossils forms, involving details of detailed analysis of internal structure special features of developmental biology. Biostatistical tools for analysis of data	The topics focuses on identification resulting in strain selection, this find opportunities in industries involved in enzymes, antimicrobial agents, plant identification and tree census	Plant identifications use key characters, Palynology identification of pollen grains
T Y B Sc Botany	Forms and Functions III	RJSUBOT503 RJSUBOT603	Thrust areas like cytology, molecular biology, plant physiology, plant Biochemistry, Environmental Botany, Plant tissue culture, genetics and Bioinformatics	Employability in field of the teaching and research. Domain knowledge essential for further progression	Interpretation of biochemical pathways, Computational skills for biological data analysis
T Y B Sc Botany	Current trends II	RJSUBOT504 RJSUBOT604	Ethnobotany, mushroom industry, biotechnology, post-harvest technology, Pharmacognosy and medicinal botany	Analytical skills; Interpretation Skills; Writing skills; entrepreneurship skills;	Mushroom industries: post- harvest technology to achieve sustainable development goals
T Y B Sc Botany	Practicals- plant diversity III & IV;	RJSUBOTP501, RJSUBOTP502, RJSUBOTP601, RJSUBOTP602	Macroscopical and Microscopical identification of sample from lower to higher forms	Organisational skills, record keeping, interpretation skills	Field trip , techniques
T Y B Sc Botany	Practicals - Forms and Functions III	RJSUBOTP503, RJSUBOTP603	Sampling techniques, quality and quantitative test, water analysis, extraction of plasmid	Skill enhancement, employability as technicians	Training and use of analytical instrument; plant propagation using tissue culture technique; industrial visit
T Y B Sc Botany	Practicals - Current trends II	RJSUBOTP504, RJSUBOTP604	Mushroom cultivation, authentication of plant sample, extraction of essential oils,	Employability in research laboratory, NGOs; analysis of crude drug , natural product development	Workshop on mushroom cultivation; preparation of jam, jellies, etc.



Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's

Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College

of Arts, Science & Commerce

(Autonomous College)

Affiliated to

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI

Refer to page nos: 02 and 03

highlighting component

Syllabus for the S.Y.B.Sc. of Research Project/Field Project

Semester III & IV

Program: B.Sc. BOTANY

Program Code: RJSUBOT

REVISED

(CBCS 2022-2023)

DISTRIBUTION OF TOPICS AND CREDITS

Course	Nomenclature	Credits	Topics
RJSUBOT301	Plant Diversity II	02	1. Algae
			2. Bryophyta
			3. Pteridophyta and
			Paleobotany
RJSUBOT302	Forms & Functions II	02	4. Cytology
			5. Physiology
			6. Genetics
RJSUBOT303	Current Trends in Plant	02	7. Instrumentation
	Sciences-I		8. Economic Botany
			9. Molecular Biology
RJSUBOTP301,	Practical I, II & III	03	
RJSUBOTP302 &			
RJSUBOTP303			
RJSUBOTDSE1 AND	1. DSE 1Plant	02	Student can choose any
RJSUBOTPDSE1	Propagation		one in one semester
RJSUBOTDSE2 AND	2. DSE2 Post		
RJSUBOTPDSE2	Harvest		
RJSUBOTDSE3 AND	technology		
RJSUBOTPDSE3	3. DSE3 Aesthetic		
	Botany		

S.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER III

S.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER IV

Course	Nomenclature	Credits	Topics
RJSUBOT401	Plant Diversity II	02	1.Fungi
			2. Gymnosperms
			3. Angiosperms
RJSUBOT402	Forms & Functions II	02	4.Anatomy
			5.Ecology
			6. Pharmacognosy

RJSUBOT403	Current Trends in Plant	02	7. Biotechnology I
	Sciences – I		8. Horticulture
			9. Biostatistics I &
			Bioinformatics I
RJSUBOTP401,	Practical I, II & III	03	
RJSUBOTP402 &			
RJSUBOTP403			
RJSUBOTDSE1 AND	1. DSE 1Plant	02	Student can choose any
RJSUBOTPDSE1	Propagation		one in one semester
RJSUBOTDSE2 AND	2. DSE2 Post		
RJSUBOTPDSE2	Harvest		
RJSUBOTDSE3 AND	technology		
RJSUBOTPDSE3	3. DSE3 Aesthetic		
	Botany		

	SEMESTER III (THEORY)		L	Cr
	Paper-I: Plant Diversity- II Paper Code: RJSUBOT301		45	2
	UNIT I		15	
	THALLOPHYTA-	ALGAE		
1	Outline classification of Phaeophyta up to	o order as per G.M. Smith.		
2	The general characters of Phaeophyta ba Economic importance of Phaeophyta.	used upon Thallus, Reproduction.		
3	Sargassum- Systematic position, Life cyc	le and Alternation of generations.		
4	General characters of Bacillariophyta b structure, reproduction. Economic an Bacillariophyceae	ased upon thallus structure, cell nd ecological significance of		
5	Pinnularia- Systematic position, Life cyc	le and Alternation of generations.		
	UNIT II		15	
	BRYOPHYT	^C A		
1	1 Outline classification of Anthocerotae up to order as per G.M. Smith.			
2 General characters of Anthocerotae based upon Thallus, Reproduction.				
3	3 <i>Anthoceros</i> - Systematic position, Life cycle and Alternation of generations.			
4	4 <i>Funaria</i> - Systematic position, Life cycle and Alternation of generations.			
	UNIT III			
	PTERIDOPHYTA AND P.	ALEOBOTANY		
1	Outline classification of Psilophyta and G M Smith.	Lepidophyta up to order as per		
2	General characters of Psilophyta and structure and Reproduction.	Lepidophyta based upon Plant		
3	3 <i>Selaginella</i> - Systematic position, Life cycle and Alternation of Generations.			
4	Stelar evolution in Pteridophytes.			
5.	Geological time scale.			
6.	Formation and types of Fossils.			
7.	Rhynia- Systematic position and structure	2.		

S.Y.BSc	Semester III Theory
RJSUBOT301	Course Outcome 3.1 :
Paper I	1. Algae: Phaeophyta general structure and <i>Sargassum</i> a type
Plant Diversity II	genus to study the various stages of the life cycle.
	2. Bacillariophyta and its features with <i>Pinnularia</i> as a
	representative. Diatoms and their role in aquatic ecosystem.
	3. Bryophyta: Anthocerotae and Musci with Anthoceros and
	<i>Funaria</i> as type genera.
	4. Detailed study of classification of Psilophyta and Lepidophyta
	5. Study of Selaginella- Systematic position, Life cycle and
	Alternation of Generations.
	6. Geological time scale and Formation and types of Fossils.
	7. Study of <i>Rhynia</i> - Systematic position and structure
	Learning outcome:
	Detailed study of diversity in algae, bryophyte and its future
	applications in industry and environment.
	Learning the diversity in Pteridophyta.
	Understanding the past environment with the study of
	palaeobotany, fossils and geological time scale.

SEMESTER	:	III CORE SUBJECT
TITLE OF THE SUBJECT/COURSE	:	PLANT DIVERSITY II
COURSE CODE	:	RJSUBOT301
CREDITS	:	02
DURATION	:	45 LECTURES

LEAR	LEARNING OBJECTIVES		
1	To Understand the diversity of Phaeophyta and Bacillariophyta and their economic importance		
2	To Understand the life cycle of Bryophytes Anthoceros and Funaria		
3	Understanding the life cycle of Selaginella. Understand fossilisation of plant parts, Rhynia as a type genus		

COURSE OUTCO ME NUMBER	On completing the course the student will be able to:	PSO Addressed	BLOOMS LEVEL
CO1	Understand the classification and structural organisation of	1	BT Level I, II, III
	Phaeophyta (Sargassum) and Bacillariophyta (Pinnularia) and		remember,
	correlate their role in aquatic with the economic importance of		understand and apply
	seaweeds and diatoms		
CO2	Understand the structure, life cycle of Bryophytes (<i>Anthoceros</i> and <i>Funaria</i>) and Pteridophytes (<i>Selaginella</i>). Understand the evolution of plants. Geological time scale	1, 5	BT level II and III Understand and apply
CO3	Draw connections with living and extinct plants through study of fossil. Trace the evolutionary path, Geological Time Scale.	1,5	BT level IV Analyse draw connections among ideas

	SEMESTER III (THE	ORY)	L	Cr
	Paper-II: Forms and Functions-II	Paper Code: RJSUBOT302	45	2
	UNIT I		15	
	CYTOLOGY			
1	Ultra-structure and functions of the following cell organelle: Chloroplast, plant cell vacuoles, prokaryotic and eukaryotic ribosomes			
2	Cell Cycle			
3.	Cell division and its significance, Mitosis, Me	eiosis.		
	UNIT II		15	
	PHYSIOLOGY			
1	Photosynthesis: Light reaction Photosystem I and CAM pathways	I and II , Dark reaction, C_3 , C_4		
2	Photorespiration- Mechanisms and its signific	cance.		
3	 Photoperiodism: Phytochrome Response and Vernalization with reference to flowering in higher plants; Physio-chemical properties of phytochrome. Pr-Pfr interconversion; role of phytochrome in flowering of SDPs and LDPs. 			
	UNIT III		15	
	GENETICS			
1	Variation in Chromosome structure (Chromo Origin, Cytological and Genetic Effects Duplications, Inversions and Translocations.	osomal Aberrations) Definition, of the following: Deletions,		
2	Variation in Chromosome Number - Origin and cytological features, applications in crop Aneuploids and Euploids (Monoploids, Autop	and production, morphological improvement and evolution of polyploid and Allopolyploids).		
3	Sex determination- Chromosomal basis, Gene determination based on hormones and environ chromosomes' determination in plants	e Balance Theory. Sex nment. Morphology of X and Y		
	Sex linkage- X and Y linkage, crisscross Inhe limited and sex-influenced traits.	eritance, holandric genes, Sex		
	Sex reversal, Gynandromorphs			
4	Giant Chromosomes			

S.Y.BSc	Semester III Theory
RJSUBOT302	Course Outcomes 3.2 :
Paper II	1. Cell Biology Ultrastructure of cell organelles: Chloroplast
Form and	2. Cell Division to learn how cells divide by equational division and
Function II	reduction division.
	3. Detailed study of Photosynthesis- C3, C4 and CAM pathways
	4. Photorespiration and Photoperiodism study in plants.
	5. Chromosomal aberrations, and variations in chromosome number,
	Polyploidy, sex determination and sex-linkage in plants and
	animals.
	Learning outcome:
	Basic concept of cell biology and cell division.
	Understanding the mechanism of Photosynthesis, Photoperiodism.
	 Knowing the effect of Chromosomal Aberrations, Variation in
	Chromosome Number, Sex linkage and Sex determination.
	Application in genetic counselling.

SEMESTER	:	III CORE SUBJECT
TITLE OF THE SUBJECT/COURSE	:	FORMS AND FUNCTIONS II
COURSE CODE	:	RJSUBOT302
CREDITS	:	02
DURATION	:	45 LECTURES

LEAR	NING OBJECTIVES
1	To understand the ultra-structure and functions of cell organelle: Chloroplast, vacuole, ribosomes.
2	To understand cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis
3	To understand the various photosynthetic pathways in plants, photorespiration and photoperiodism
4	To Understand the structural variations in chromosomes and correlate with syndromes. Understand the
	change in chromosome number and its implications in organisms.
5	To understand the mechanism of sex determination in organisms. Structure of giant chromosomes

COURSE OUTCO	On completing the course, the student will be able to:	PSO Addressed	BLOOMS LEVEL
ME NUMBER			
CO1	Understand the ultrastructure of chloroplast and correlate with the mechanism of photosynthesis in plants. Understand the check points in cell cycle and different stages of mitosis and meiosis.	2	BT Level I, II, IV remember, understand, Analyse draw connections among ideas
CO2	Understand the mechanism of photosynthesis in plants and various biochemical pathways for carbon fixation. Recognise the importance of assimilation in photorespiration	2	BT level II and III Understand and apply
CO3	Understand the mechanism of photoperiodism in plants and its implications in various photo morphogenetic responses in plants	1,2	BT level II,IV Understand, Analyse draw connections among ideas
CO4	Understand chromosomal aberrations, variations in chromosome number its role in plant evolution. Sex determination and sex linkage in organisms. Applications in genetic counselling.	2	BT level II, III, IV Understand, apply, Analyse draw connections among ideas

SEMESTER III (THEORY)			L	Cr
	Paper-III: Current Tends in Plant Sciences – I	Paper Code: RJSUBOT303	45	2
	UNIT I		15	
	INSTRUMENTA	ATION		
1	Microscopy – Light and Phase contras working. Applications of light and phase	st- Instrumentation, Principle and contrast microscopy.		
2	Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry (Vi Working and Applications.	sible)- Instrumentation, Principles,		
3	3 Chromatography – Paper and TLC- Instrumentation, Principles, Working and Applications.			
	UNIT II			
ECONOMIC BOTANY				
1	1 Fibers: Types of fibers, fiber yielding plants.			
Paper: Types of paper, paper yielding plants, paper processing.				
Timber : Types of Timber, Timber yielding plants				
2	2 Spices and condiments: Botanical source and Uses- Nutmeg, Mace, Clove, Cardamom, Cumin, Carom and Saffron.			
	UNIT III		15	
MOLECULAR BIOLOGY				
1	1 Types, structure and functions of DNA and RNA.			
2	2 Structure of Chromosome.(Eukaryotic and Prokaryotic)			
3	3 DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.			

S.Y.BSc	Semester III Theory
RJSUBOT303	Course Outcomes 3.3 :
Paper III	1. Analytical techniques learning (microscopy, colorimetry and
Current trends in	chromatography.
Plant Science I	2. Economic importance of plants with the help of examples of
	plants yield in terms of fibres, paper, timber and spices.
	3. Basic molecular biology concept with respect to DNA, RNA,
	chromosome, and DNA replication.
	Learning outcome:
	 Learning of principles and working of microscopy, colorimetry,
	Spectrophotometry and Chromatography. Research orientation
	Identification and understanding the economic importance of
	forest products and Spices and condiments. Develop
	Entrepreneurial skills among the learners
	Basic molecular biology concept learning. Research orientation

SEMESTER	:	III CORE SUBJECT
TITLE OF THE SUBJECT/COURSE	:	CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES
COURSE CODE	:	RJSUBOT303
CREDITS	:	02
DURATION	:	45 LECTURES

LEAR	NING OBJECTIVES
1	Student will learn about the principle and working of light and phase contrast microscopes. Working and
	principle of colorimetry and Spectrophotometry
2	Learn about chromatography as a separation technique
3	To understand the economic importance of plants as a source of fibres, paper, timber, spices, and
	condiments.
4	Understand the structure of DNA and RNA. Organisation of chromosomes. Mechanism of DNA replication.

COURSE OUTCO	On completing the course, the student will be able to:	PSO Addressed	BLOOMS LEVEL
ME NUMBER		- Tuurobbou	
CO1	Understand the principles and applications of light and phase contrast microscopy. Understand the principles of colorimetry and Spectrophotometry	2	BT Level I, II and III remember, understand and apply
CO2	Classify different types of chromatography techniques. Apply suitable technique for separation of phytochemicals	2, 3	BT level II and III Understand and apply
CO3	Understand the core concepts of Economic Botany. Appreciate the diversity of plants and the plant products in human life. Increase the awareness of plants and plant products encountered in everyday life.	4,5	BT level II, IV Understand, analyse draw connections
CO4	Analyse the structure and chemical properties of DNA and RNA	1,5	BT level II Understand
CO5	Understand the organisation of chromosomes and replication of DNA	1,5	BT level IV Analyse draw connections among ideas

SEMESTER IV (THEORY)		L	Cr	
Paper-I: Plant Diversity - III Paper Code: RJSUBOT401		45	2	
	UNIT I		15	
	FUNGI			
1	<i>Xylaria</i> - Systematic position, Life cycle a	and Alternation of generations		
2	Outline classification of Basidiomycetes Industrial applications of fungi	upto order as per G.M. Smith.		
3.	General characters of Basidiomycetes bas	sed upon Thallus, Reproduction.		
4	Agaricus: Systematic position, Life cycle	and Alternation of generations.		
5	Industrial applications of fungi			
	UNIT II		15	
	GYMNOSPER	RMS		
1	1 Outline classification of Coniferophyte as per Chamberlain.			
2 <i>Pinus</i> - Systematic position, Life cycle and Alternation of Generations.				
3 Geographical distribution of Indian Gymnosperms				
4 Study of <i>Cordaites</i>				
UNIT III		15		
	ANGIOSPEI	RMS		
1	Morphology of Inflorescence- All types.			
2	Morphology of Flower- Terminologies flowers, Calyx and its modifications, Perianth, Androecium- structure, A staminodes, Gynoecium- carpels, Gynost	s associated with description of Corolla and its modifications, dhesion and Cohesion types, egium, Placentation types.		
2	2 Study of National Parks in the city of Mumbai: Biodiversity of Mahim Nature park, Sanjay Gandhi National Park			
3	 Taxonomy – study of plant families- a) Magnoliaceae b) Asteraceae c) Myrtaceae d) Combretaceae e) Apocynaceae 			

f) Amaranthaceaeg) Palmae

S.Y.BSc	Theory Semester IV
RJSUBOT401	Course Outcomes 4.1 :
Paper-I	1. Fungi: Students to learn the classification of Basidiomycetes.
Plant Diversity –	Life cycle of Agaricus. Life cycle study of Xylaria. Industrial
III	applications of fungi
	2. Detailed study of <i>Pinus</i> and Distribution of Conifers in India.
	3. Study of flower morphology and all types of inflorescence
	4. Taxonomy of selected plant families Magnoliaceae, Asteraceae,
	Myrtaceae, Combretaceae, Apocynaceae, Amaranthaceae and
	Palmae.
	Learning outcomes:
	Learning the diversity in gymnosperms and distribution of
	Conifers in India.
	Detailed study of morphology of flowers and some angiosperm
	families. Plant identification skills
	Study of Biodiversity in National parks would create awareness
	among students the need for conservation

SEMESTER	:	IV CORE SUBJECT
TITLE OF THE SUBJECT/COURSE	:	PLANT DIEVRSITY II
COURSE CODE	:	RJSUBOT401
CREDITS	:	02
DURATION	:	45 LECTURES

LEAR	NING OBJECTIVES
1	Students will learn about the complexity in Basidiomycetes and understand the life cycle of Agaricus
2	Students will learn and understand the diversity of Gymnosperms and their distribution. Life cycle of Pinus
3	Understand the types of inflorescence and floral morphology
4	Assign plants to families based on characters. Create awareness among students about biodiversity and its
	conservation

COURSE	On completing the course, the student will be able to:	PSO	BLOOMS LEVEL
OUTCO		Addressed	
ME			
NUMBER			
CO1	Understand classification of Basidiomycetes and Life cycle of	1	BT Level I, II and
	Agaricus		III remember,
	Understand life cycle of <i>Xylaria</i>		understand and
			apply
CO2	Understand the diversity of Gymnosperms and distribution of	1,5	BT level II and III
	gymnosperms. Climate change and its effect on extinction of		Understand and
	plants. Understand life cycle of Pinus and correlate with		apply
	adaptations in it		
CO3	Understand the arrangement of flowers in various types of	2,5	BT level II, IV
	inflorescences for attracting pollinators. Understand floral		Understand,
	morphology so as to classify plants to their respective families.		analyse draw
	Identify and assign plants to respect families.		connections
CO4	Understand the biodiversity of National Parks.	5	BT level II
			Understand
CO5	Understand the importance of flora and fauna need for	5	BT level IV
	conservation		Analyse draw
			connections among
			ideas

SEMESTER IV (THEORY)			L	Cr
-	Paper-II: Forms and Functions-III Paper Code: RJSUBOT402		45	2
	UNIT I		15	
	ANATOM	Y		
1	Secondary growth in Dicot stem and root	, Monocot stem		
2	2 Mechanical tissue system- Distribution, I- girders, adaptation for Inextensibility, Incompressibility, Inflexibility, Shearing stress.			
3	Types of Vascular bundles.			
4	Growth rings, Periderm and Tyloses			
5	5 Palynology : Pollen morphology with respect to polarity, size and shape, exine ornamentation, excrescences and apertures			
	UNIT II			
	ECOLOGY			
1	1 Ecological factors: Concept of environmental factors. Soil as an edaphic factor, Soil composition, types of soil, soil formation, soil profile.			
2	2 Community ecology- Qualitative characters- Phenology, Growth forms- Raunkiaer's Classification, Biological spectrum, Stratification. Quantitative characters- Density, Frequency. Types of sampling methods in vegetation study			
3	3 Soil Pollutants- Pesticides and synthetic fertilizers.			
	UNIT III		15	
	Pharmacognosy			
1	Introduction to Pharmacopoeia.			
2	Study of secondary metabolites (sources, with reference to Alkaloids, Glycosides, and resins (example of one plant for each	classification, properties and uses) , Tannins, Volatile oils and Gums category).		

S.Y.BSc	Theory Semester IV
RJSUBOT402	Course Outcomes 4.2 :
Paper II	1. Understanding the secondary growth structure and types of
Forms and	vascular bundles of dicot and monocot stem and root.
Functions-III	Understand pollen morphology correlate with adaptations for
	pollination.
	2. Soil profile and composition analysis
	3. Understanding Qualitative characters of Community ecology
	4. Study of secondary metabolites (sources, properties and uses)
	with reference to Alkaloids, Glycosides, Tannins, Volatile oils
	and Gums and resins.
	Learning outcomes:
	➢ Knowing the process and need of secondary growth in plant,
	mechanical tissue system and vascular bundles functions in
	plant
	Study of Ecological factors, community ecology and assessment
	of Soil Pollutants
	Detailed study of secondary metabolites and its application for
	drug making. Industrial applications of fine chemicals

SEMESTER	•	IV CORE SUBJECT
TITLE OF THE SUBJECT/COURSE	:	FORMS AND FUNCTIONS II
COURSE CODE	:	RJSUBOT402
CREDITS	:	02
DURATION	:	45 LECTURES

LEAR	NING OBJECTIVES
1	Student would learn about how normal secondary growth takes place in dicot and monocot stem and root.
	Organisation of vascular tissue in vascular bundles
2	Student would learn about the soil profile and its composition
3	Student would learn about community ecology and assessment of land based on these characters
4	Learn about Pharmacognosy, introduction to Pharmacopoeia and secondary metabolites

COURSE OUTCO	On completing the course, the student will be able to:	PSO Addressed	BLOOMS LEVEL
ME NUMBER			
CO1	Understand the secondary growth and types of vascular bundles in dicot and monocot stem and roots.	1	BT Level I, II and III remember, understand and apply
CO2	Understand the importance of soil profile and composition corelate with plant growth and development	1,2	BT level II and III Understand and apply
CO3	Understand the qualitative characters of community ecology	1,2,5	BT level II, IV Understand, analyse draw connections
CO4	Understand the factors polluting soil and use and misuse of synthetic fertilisers	1,2,5	BT level II and IV Understand , analyse
CO5	Understand the types of secondary metabolites in plants and their application in industry as naturals	1,2,5	BT level IV Analyse draw connections among ideas

SEMESTER IV (THEORY)			L	Cr
	Paper-III: Current Trends in Plant Sciences - IPaper Code:RJSUBOT403			2
	UNIT I		15	
	BIOTECHNOL	OGY		
1	Introduction to plant tissue culture- T culture, root culture, meristem culture, po	otipotency, organogenesis, organ ollen and embryo culture.		
2	2 rDNA technology - Gene cloning, enzymes in gene cloning and vectors in gene cloning.			
	UNIT II		15	
	HORTICULT	URE		
1	Introduction to Horticulture: Branches of	Horticulture.		
2	2 Gardening: Locations in the garden- Paths and Pathways, Avenue, Edges, Hedges, Lawn, Flower beds, Arches and Pergolas, Topiary, Water Garden (with names of two plants for each category). Focal point.			
3	3 Formal and informal Gardens, Landscape designing			
4	Status of Floriculture and Olericulture wi	th reference to Indian market		
	UNIT III		15	
	BIOSTATISTICS AND BIO	DINFORMATICS- I		
1	1 Biostatistics -Testing of hypothesis - Chi square; Coefficient of correlation. Theory and Problems based on these.			
2	2 Bioinformatics –			
	a) Introduction and aims – Information its uses.	technology, history, the Internet &		
	b) Data organization and Retrieval- Birelated to Biology (Biotechnology) Database, ENTREZ.	ological databases, Software tools , Nucleic Acid Database, Protein		
	c) BLAST			
	d) Institutes- NCBI, EBI, Bioinformatic	s programme and Institutes in India.		

S.Y.BSc.	Theory Semester IV
RJSUBOT403	Course Outcomes 4.3 :
Paper III	1. Introduction and learning of plant tissue culture.
Current Trends in	2. Study of r DNA technology.
Plant Sciences - I	3. Introduction to Horticulture and gardening study.
	4. Biostatistics -Testing of hypothesis - Chi square; Coefficient of
	correlation. Theory and Problems based on these.
	5. Study of Bioinformatics with respect to Internet, Databases,
	Software tools, Bioinformatics Service Institutes.
	Learning outcome:
	Application of plant tissue culture and R-DNA technology.
	Designing of gardens and application of horticulture.
	(Entrepreneurship)
	Understanding the application of biostatistics with the given
	data.(Data Analysis)
	Virtual data/ literature study and use of bioinformatics.
	(Computational biology)

SEMESTER	:	IV CORE SUBJECT
TITLE OF THE SUBJECT/COURSE	:	CURRENT TRENDS IN PLANT SCIENCES I
COURSE CODE	:	RJSUBOT403
CREDITS	:	02
DURATION	:	45 LECTURES

LEAR	NING OBJECTIVES
1	Student will learn about use of technology in mass propagation of plants by plant tissue culture. Concept of
	recombinant DNA technology
2	Student will learn practical application of Botany in the field of horticulture
3	Learn to use statistical tools for data analysis
4	Use Computation tools in Biology

COURSE OUTCO	On completing the course, the student will be able to:	PSO Addressed	BLOOMS LEVEL
ME NUMBER			
CO1	Understand the core concept of plant biotechnology and genetic engineering	1,2	BT Level I, II and III remember, understand and apply
CO2	Develop competency on different types of plant tissue culture	2,5	BT level II and III Understand and apply
CO3	Design gardens and develop entrepreneurship skills to be a horticulturist	2,5	BT level II, IV Understand, analyse draw connections
CO4	Apply statistical tools for data analysis in biological studies both for secondary and primary data	2,4	BT level II, IV Understand, Analyse draw connections among ideas
CO5	Use data bases, use of bioinformatics in molecular biology	1,4	BT level IV Analyse draw connections among ideas

Semester III (PRACTICALS)				Cr
	Practical-I: Plant Diversity- II Paper Code: RJSUBOTP301			1
1	1 Algae-Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Sargassum</i> from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.			
2	2 Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Pinnularia</i> from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.			
3	Economic importance of Phaeophyta and	Bacillariophyceae		
4	Range of thallus in Phaeophyta.			
5	5 Bryophyta- Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Anthoceros</i> from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.			
6	6 Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Funaria</i> from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.			
7	7 Pteridophyta -Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Selaginella</i> from fresh/ preserved material and permanent slides.			
8	8 Study of form genera <i>Rhynia</i> with the help of permanent slides/ photomicrographs.			
9	Study of different types of stele			
P	Practical-II: Forms and Functions - II	Paper Code: RJSUBOTP302		1
1	Study of the ultra-structure of cell Photomicrographs chloroplast, vacuoles a	organelles prescribed for theory from and ribosomes.		
2	2 Isolation and localization of mitochondria using density gradient centrifugation			
3	3 Identification of CAM plants by testing pH of the sap in the morning and introduction to TAN			
4	4 Estimation of sugars using Colorimeter and preparation of standard graph.			
5	Study of inheritance pattern with reference	e to Plastid Inheritance		
6	Aberrations Karyotypes - Cri – du Down's Syndrome.	1- chat, Philadelphia, D-G translocation,		

			T	
	Practical-III: Current Trends in	Paper Code: RJSUBOTP303	30	1
	Plant Sciences – I			
1	Separation of amino acids using circular p	paper chromatography.		
2	Separation of carotenoids using TLC.			
3	Determination of λ max for the given-colored solution.			
	Experiments based on Deer Lembert's Le	w from the given coloured solution		
	Experiments based on beer Lambert's La	w nom the given coloured solution.		
4	Sources, properties and uses of:			
	a) Fibers			
	h) Paper			
	o) Tapel.			
4	Extraction of fiber from the given plant material and to check the tensile strength of			
	the fiber	C C		
	the fiber			
5	Sources, properties and uses of : (as per theory)			
	······································			
	a) Spices			
	b) Condiments			
	b) condiments.			
6	Determining the sequence of amino acids	in the protein molecule synthesized from		
	the given m DNA strend (protromatic and	- ·		
	the given m-KivA strand (prokaryotic and	i cukai youc <i>j</i> .		
7	Estimation of DNA by DPA method			
,	Louination of Divitoy Di Armonou.			

S.Y.BSc	Semester III Practical
RJSUBOTP301	Course Outcomes They aim at enhancing the skills of the students
Practical I	learning by doing
Plant Diversity II	1. Experiential learning to use microscope, mount the specimens of
	Sargassum, Pinnularia, Anthoceros, Funaria and Selaginella
	identify various stages in the life cycle of these plants.
	Learning outcomes:
	Learning the diversity in algae, bryophyte and Pteridophytes, its
	future application

S.Y.BSc	Semester III Practical	
RJSUBOTP302	Course Outcomes:	
Practical II	1. Study of the ultra-structure of cell organelles	
Forms and	2. Learning different stages of mitosis. Staining techniques	
Functions - II	3. Preparation of standard graph using sugars.	
	4. Study of types of mechanisms of photosynthesis in plants	
	5. Study of inheritancepattern and Aberrations using Karyotypes	
	Learning outcomes:	
	 Understanding the ultra-structure of Chloroplast 	
	Able to identify morphology of chromosomes	
	 Construction of standard graphs, calibration curves data 	
	interpretations	
	Knowing the effect of Chromosomal Aberrations with the study	
	of karyotypes (Cri-du chat, Philadelphia, D-G translocation,	
	Down's syndrome). Genetic counselling	
S.Y.BSc	Semester III Practical	
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RJSUBOTP303	Course Outcomes: Skill enhancement	
Practical III	1. Learning Circular paper chromatography and thin layer	
Current Trends	chromatography techniques.	
in	2. Determination of λ max	
Plant Sciences	3. Analysing the interpretation of sequencing of amino acids in the	
– I	protein molecule synthesised from the given m-RNA strand.	
	4. Quantifying the DNA by DPA method.	
	Learning outcomes:	
	Separating amino acid and carotenoids with Chromatography.	
	> Determination of λ max for any given-coloured solution.	
	Identification and knowing the economic importance of forest	
	products and spices and condiments	
	Basic molecular biology concept learning of sequencing m-RNA	
	strand.	

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S.Y.B.Sc Botany Syllabus Semester III & IV

SEMESTER	:	III CORE SUBJECT PRACTICAL
		COMPONENT
TITLE OF THE SUBJECT/COURSE	:	Plant Diversity II, Forms and functions II and
		Current Trends in Plant Sciences I
COURSE CODE	:	RJSUBOTP301, RJSUBOTP302 & RJSUBOTP303
CREDITS	:	03
DURATION	:	60 hour

LEAR	LEARNING OBJECTIVES		
1	To learn the diversity in algae, bryophyte pteridophytes and its future application.		
2	To learn use of separation techniques like centrifugation, chromatography (paper and thin layer)		
3	To identify genetic disorders in human by karyotype analysis. Learn about morphology of chromosomes		
4	To learn about the economic importance of forest products and spices by identifying the source and		
	products		

COURSE	On completing the course, the student will be able to:	PSO	BLOOMS LEVEL
OUTCO		Addressed	
ME			
NUMBER			
CO1	Student will develop expertise in use of microscope, observation,	1,4, 5	BT Level I, II and
	identification skills to identify seaweeds, diatoms and industrial		III remember,
	products using them. Identify various types of Bryophytes,		understand and
	Pteridophytes		apply
CO2	Apply separation techniques viz. centrifugation for isolating plant	2,3	BT level II and III
	organelles. Chromatography techniques for separation of		Understand and
	components of a mixture.		apply
CO3	Use Colorimeter and develop techniques for quantification	2,3	BT level II, IV
			Understand,
			analyse draw
			connections
CO4	Determine amino acid sequence from the given mRNA template	2,3	BT level II, IV
			Understand,
			Analyse draw
			connections among
			ideas
CO5	Identify chromosomal aberrations by karyotype analysis and	2,3	BT level II, IV
	correlate with syndromes		Analyse draw
			connections among
			ideas

Semester IV (PRACTICALS)			L	Cr
Practical-I: Plant Diversity- II Paper Code: RJSUBOTP401			1	
1	1 Fungi- Study of life cycle of <i>Xylaria</i>			
2.	Study of life cycle of Agaricus			
3.	Plant Pathology- Powdery Mildew.			
4.	Plant Pathology-Late Blight of Potato.			
5.	Gymnosperm- Study of stages in the life cy material and permanent slides. Study of fossil slides	ccle of <i>Pinus</i> from fresh/ preserved <i>Cordaites</i> with the help of permanent		
6	Angiosperms- Study of inflorescence.			
7	Study of flower morphology and functional mo	difications of floral whorls.		
 8. Study of the following anglosperm families: a) Magnoliaceae b) Asteraceae c) Myrtaceae d) Combretaceae e) Apocyanaceae f) Amaranthaceae g) Palmae 				
P	Practical-II: Forms and Functions - II	Paper Code: RJSUBOTP402		1
1	Study of normal secondary growth in the stem a	and root of a Dicotyledonous plant.		
2	2 Study of secondary growth in monocot stem (<i>Dracaena</i>).			
3 Types of mechanical tissues, mechanical tissue system in aerial, underground organs.				
4	4 Study of different types of vascular bundles.			
5	5 Mechanical analysis of soil by the sieve method & pH of soil.			
6	Study of water holding capacity of different soi	l samples.		
7 Quantitative estimation of organic matter of the soil by Walkley and Black's Rapid titration method.				
8 Study of vegetation by the list quadrat method.				
9	Tests for alkaloids from Strychnos (seeds) and	<i>Holarrhena</i> (bark)		

10	Tests for glycosides from <i>Glycyrrhiza</i> rhizome/ <i>Aloe</i> leaf.		
11	Grandma's Pouch, Prakruti Nidan		
12	Tests for tannins.		
12	Stomatal index.		
13	Measurement of length of fibre using ocul	ar meter	
Pra	ctical-III: Current Trends – I	Paper Code: RJSUBOTP403	1
1	Various sterilization techniques in Plant T	issue Culture.	
2	Technique of seed sterilization, callus induction and plant regeneration from callus.		
3	Encapsulation of axillary buds /formation of synthetic seeds.		
4	Identification of the cloning vectors – pBR322, pUC 19, Ti plasmid.		
5	Bottle and dish garden preparation.		
6	Study of five examples of plants for each of the garden locations as prescribed for Theory.		
7	Preparation of garden plans – formal and informal gardens.		
8	Preparation of Terrarium		
9	Chi square test.		
10) Calculation of coefficient of correlation.		
11	Web Search – Google- NCBI, EBI		
12	ENTREZ, BLAST.		

S.Y.BSc	Semester IV Practical
RJSUBOTP401	Course Outcomes: Skill development plant identification in field
Practical I	<i>I.</i> Slide preparation of <i>Xylaria</i> and <i>Agaricus</i> .
Plant Diversity	2. Slide preparation of <i>Pinus</i> needle, stem, microspores.
II	3. Understanding <i>Pinus</i> and <i>Cordaites</i> with the help of permanent
	slide (Evolution of plants)
	4. Study of inflorescence, flower morphology and functional
	modifications of floral whorls.
	5. Study of Magnoliaceae, Asteraceae, Myrtaceae, Combretaceae,
	Apocynaceae, Amaranthaceae and Palmae with the help of suitable
	specimen
	Learning outcomes:
	Learning the diversity and stages of life cycle in fungi and
	gymnosperms.
	Understanding the past environment with the study of palaeobotany,
	fossils and geological time scale.
	Detailed study of morphology of flowers and some angiosperms.
	families.

S.Y.BSc	Semester IV Practical
RJSUBOTP402	Course Outcomes: Skill development
Practical II	1. Exploring the normal secondary growth in the stem and root of
Forms and	a Dicotyledonous plant and Monocot stem (Dracaena).
Functions - II	2. Study of different types of vascular bundles and conducting
	tissues- Xylem and phloem elements in Gymnosperms and
	Angiosperms.
	3. Analysis of soil by the sieve method & pH of soil and water
	holding capacity of different soil samples.
	4. Quantitative estimation of organic matter of the soil by Walkley
	and Black's Rapid titration method. (Industrial application)
	5. Study of vegetation by the list quadrat method.
	6. Tests for alkaloids, glycosides and tannins.
	7. Study of Stomatal index.
	Learning outcomes:
	➢ Knowing the reason of secondary growth, mechanical tissue
	system and vascular bundles functions in plant.
	Study of Ecological factors and assessment of soil pH, water
	holding capacity and organic content.
	Detailed study of secondary metabolites and its application for
	drug making.
	Analysis of Stomatal index.

S.Y.BSc	Semester IV Practical
RJSUBOTP403	Course Outcomes: Entrepreneurial skills
Practical III	1. Exploring the sterilization techniques in Plant Tissue Culture,
Current Trends	Technique of seed sterilization, callus induction and plant
in	regeneration from callus.
Plant Sciences	2. Encapsulation of axillary buds /formation of synthetic seeds.
- I	3. Study of pBR322, pUC 19, Ti plasmid.
	4. Preparation of Bottle and dish garden and study of five examples of
	plants for each of the garden locations.
	5. Data analysis using Chi square test.
	6. Data collection using Web Search – Google- NCBI, EBI and
	ENTREZ.
	Learning outcomes:
	Application of plant tissue culture and recombinant DNA
	technology
	Identification of the cloning vectors – pBR322, pUC 19, Ti
	plasmid.
	Designing of gardens and application of horticulture
	(Entrepreneurship).
	Understanding the application of biostatistics on data. (data
	analysis)
	Virtual data/ literature study and use of bioinformatics.

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S.Y.B.Sc Botany Syllabus Semester III & IV

SEMESTER	:	IV CORE SUBJECT PRACTICAL
		COMPONENT
TITLE OF THE SUBJECT/COURSE	:	PLANT DIVERSITY II, FORMS AND
		FUNCTIONS II AND CURRENT TRENDS IN
		PLANT SCIENCES I
COURSE CODE	:	RJSUBOTP401, RJSUBOTP402 & RJSUBOTP403
CREDITS	:	03
DURATION	:	60 HOURS

LEAR	NING OBJECTIVES
1	Microscopic study of fungi belonging to Ascomycetes and basidiomycetes. Identify fungal pathogens of
	plants.
2	To study the morphological and anatomical characters of Pinus and study of the male cone, microspores,
	female cone and ovule of Pinus correlate with adaptations
3	Practical observation learn about types of inflorescence, floral morphology and modifications. Plant
	identification in field and assign them to their respective family.
4	To take hand sections, skill enhancement staining technique for tissue differentiation
5	Soil analysis employability skills quantitative ecology field studies.
6	Quality tests for presence or absence of plant secondary metabolites
7	Will be able to prepare plant tissue culture medium, aseptic technique. Select plants for various types of
	gardens, develop skills for entrepreneurship.
8	Analyse data using statistical tools. Learn basics of computational biology

COURSE OUTCO	On completing the course, the student will be able to:	PSO Addressed	BLOOMS LEVEL
ME			
NUMBER			
CO1	Microscopic techniques, staining, wood anatomy of <i>Pinus</i> . Identify fungal pathogens. Understanding past environment with the help of fossils. Identification of types of inflorescences, floral modifications, adaptations, taxonomic identification of plants for the families as prescribed	1,3,5	BT Level I, II and III remember, understand and apply
CO2	Analyse the reasons for secondary growth distribution of mechanical tissues and their arrangement	1,3,4	BT level II and III Understand and apply
CO3	Soil analysis factors responsible for types of soil and will be apply to apply these techniques for growing of plants in field or nurseries	1,4,5	BT level II, IV Understand, analyse draw connections
CO4	Analyse plant drugs to identify their phytoconstituents	3,4,5	BT level II. III Understand and apply
CO5	Make plant tissue culture medium, apply different sterilisation techniques	3,4,5	BT level IV Analyse draw connections among ideas
C06	Make bottle, dish garden, terrarium and identify and select plants for different garden location. Entrepreneurship skills for becoming a horticulturist	3,4,5	BT level IV Analyse draw connections among ideas
C07	Data analysis using statistical tools, basics of computational biology and use of search engines	3,4	BT level II, III Understand and apply

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Scheme of Examinations

- 1. Two Internals of 20 marks each. Duration 30min for each.
- 2. One External (Semester End Examination) of 60 marks. Duration 2 hours.
- One Practical at the end of Semester consisting of Practical I- 50 marks, Practical II- 50 marks and Practical III -50 marks but passing combined out of 150.
- 4. Minimum marks for passing Semester End Theory and Practical Exam is 40 %.
- 5. Student must appear for at least one of the two Internal Tests to be eligible for the Semester End Examination. All students must complete the mandatory project work along with the project report and presentation will be held.
- 6. Two short field excursions for habitat studies are compulsory. A field project report must be submitted.
- Field work of not less than eight hours duration is equivalent to one period per week for a batch of 15students.
- 8. A candidate will be allowed to appear for the practical examinations if he/she submits a certified journal of S.Y.B.Sc. Botany or a certificate from the Head of the department / Institute to the effect that the candidate has completed the practical course of S.Y.B.Sc. Botany as per the minimum requirements.
- 9. In case of loss of journal, a candidate must produce a certificate from the Head of the department /Institute that the practicals for the academic year were completed by the student. However, such a candidate will be allowed to appear for the practical examination but the marks allotted for the journal will not be granted.
- 10. HOD's decision, in consultation with the Principal, shall remain final and abiding to all.

Evaluation and Assessment

Evaluation (Theory): Total marks per course - 100.

CIA- 40 marks CIA 1: Written test -20 marks CIA 2: Written Test / Assignment / Field Trip/mini project/ & Report -20 marks Semester End Examination – 60 marks Question paper covering all units

Evaluation of Practicals 150 marks per semester (50 marks for each practical RJSUBOTP301, RJSUBOTP302& RJSUBOTP303, RJSUBOTP401, RJSUBOTP402 & RJSUBOTP403)

Course Semester End Examination in Semester 1 and II : Paper I , II and III (RJSUBOT301, RJSUBOT302 & RJSUBOTP303, RJSUBOT401, RJSUBOT402 & RJSUBOT403)

Question	KNOWLEDGE	UNDERSTANDING	APPLICATION	TOTAL
			and	MARKS-
			ANALYSES	Per unit
Unit 1	08	03	04	15
Unit 2	08	03	04	15
Unit 3	08	03	04	15
Short notes from	08	03	04	15
topics covering all				
the units				
-TOTAL -	32	12	16	60
Per objective				
% WEIGHTAGE	53	20	27	100%

Evaluation of Practicals 150 marks per semester (50 marks for each practical RJSUBOTP301, RJSUBOTP302 & RJSUBOTP303, RJSUBOTP401, RJSUBOTP202 & RJSUBOTP403)

Continuous Evaluation of components which require adequate duration for completion of the task, observation and interpretation: 25%

Course end Practical Evaluation of skills of students in terms of skill, analysis, interpretation and conclusion.

ASSESSMENT OF BOTANY FIELD TRIP PROJECT REPORT

Dept. of Botany; Course Code	Date	Roll No

 Name of student:
 UID No
 Marks

/20 Place of visit _____

Assessment Grid : Place one tick in each appropriate row. Overall mark should reflect the positions of ticks in the individual rows

(20) Fie an pro Re	eld Trip Id field oject eport	80-100% 17-20 Marks	60-80% 13-16 Marks	40-60% 09-12 Marks	20-40% 05-08 Marks
30% Or of	rganization report	Introduction about the location, vegetation, Botanical Names, Family, Local name, Description using Botanical Term, reporting all the species seen, Handwritten or typed.	Few mistakes,	Many mistakes	Inadequate presentation
(06)		6	5	4	2
50% Co	ontent	Excellent reporting of all the species observed in the field, ecological and morphological data,	Good reporting, species observed in the field but few of them missing in the list	Satisfactory, many species or relevant data missing from the report	Poor, inadequate and insufficient data or just a list of the species without any data.
()		10/9	8	6	5
10% Co (02)	onclusion	Conclusion based on self observation. Type of forest and vegetation	Good conclusion, comments not independent	Satisfactory, but insufficient	Poor, irrelevant conclusion
	-Marks	2	2 / 1	1 / 0.5	0.5
5% Re (01)	eferences	Proper references, in required format	Proper references but no format	Few referen	Irrelevant references
	-Marks	1	1	ces	0
				0.5	
5% Att (01) par	tendance / rticipation -Marks	Attended and participated actively 1	Attended and participated 1	Infrequent Participation 0.5	No participation 0

Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College of Arts, Science & Commerce

S.Y.B.Sc Botany Syllabus Semester III & IV

Comments: Name and Signature of Faculty.

Mini Project Under graduate level

Dept. of	_Course Code	Date	
UIDNo	_Roll No	_Marks	_/20
Name of student:		_	

Title of Assignment:

Assessment Grid : Place one tick in each appropriate row. Overall mark should reflect the positions of ticks in the individual rows. In boxes that have more than one set of marks, cancel out the marks that are not applicable and circle the correct marks.

Project work and report (Parameters)	Marks	80 – 100% Excellent	60 -80% Good	40 – 60% Satisfactory	20 – 40% Average
Project work done	10	10/9	8 / 7	6 / 5	4 /3
Report writing and conclusions	10	10/0	8/7	6/5	4 /3
	10	10/9	8//	0/3	4/3

Class	Course Name	Course Code	Topic focusing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ski Il development	Employability/Entrepr eneurship/Skill development	Specific activity
S Y B Sc Botany	Plant Diversity II	RJSUBOT301, RJSUBOT401	Plant Diversity II focuses on identification of industrially and environmentally useful algae, fungi, Bryophytes, Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms and Angiosperms	The topics focuses on identifying plants ranging from lower forms Thallophyta till Land plants. Plant identification Applications of these types in agriculture	Identification of plants
S Y B Sc Botany	Forms and Functions II	RJSUBOT302 RJSUBOT402	Concepts in Plant Anatomy, Biochemistry, Physiology, Genetics and Ecology which are essential to take up a career in research and teaching since these provide the Domain knowledge. Medicinal Botany focuses on plant based drugs	Employability in field of the teaching and research. To learn the techniques to identify plant based drugs.	
S Y B Sc Botany	Current Trends in Plant sciences I	RJSUBOT303 RJSUBOT403	Applied aspects of plants sciences	Skill development in the area of instrumentation and its applications, molecular biology, use of computers in deciphering biological problems, Horticulture	Bottle and dish gardens, Terrarium, Garden design In silico biology
S Y B Sc Botany	Practicals	RJSUBOTP301 RJSUBOTP302 RJSUBOTP303 RJSUBOTP401 RJSUBOTP402 RJSUBOTP403	Microscopical identification of lower forms of plants, identification of higher forms using morphological studies.	 Analytical skills Interpretation skills Writing skills 	Mini project for developing Entrepreneurial skills, Field trips enhances skills of identification of plants in situ, organizational skills, team work

Mapping of the course to employability/ Entrepreneurship/skill development

Botany

Discipline Specific Elective

There are three courses of which student must choose one. The courses have the following credit pattern: Lecture 1 Credit, Practical 1 Credit

Evaluation Pattern: 40 marks Internal (continuous evaluation) and 60 marks External

Theory : 50 marks (20 Internal and 30 External)

Practicals: 50 marks (20 Internal and 30 External)

Discipline Specific Elective: Plant Propagation (Course Code: RJSUBOTDSE1) Discipline Specific Elective

Plant Propagation (Course Code: RJSUBOTDSE1)	Lecture and Practical	e Credit (Theory and Practical) al	
	45 hour	2	
UNIT I			
Concept of Plant Propagation, Soil, types of soil, preparation of soil for propagation, soil free medium, compost, farmyard manure, nutrient solutions.			
UNIT II			
Propagation through seeds: Seed selection, seed testing, viability, seed dormancy, seed storage, seed conservation. Seed germination, nursery, transplantation, care of seedlings.			
UNIT III			
Vegetative Propagation: Stem cutting, leaf, layering, budding, grafting, propagation through modified stems and roots. Propagation of plants for aquariums.			
UNIT IV			
Hydroponics, Aquaponics, Concept of Micropropagation and application of micropropagation			
PRACTICALS			
(Course Code: RJSUBOTPDSE1)			
 Types of Soil, water holding capacity, soil pH and correction of soil pH. TTC test for viability and calculation of percentage of viable seeds. Breaking of seed dormancy: Physical and Chemical method Microgreens: Project work Vegetative methods of Plant Propagation Field visit to a plant nursery 			

Course Outcomes (Plant Propagation Course Code: RJSUBOTDSE1 AND RJSUBOTPDSE1)

- 1. On completion of the course the learner would be able to understand the concept of propagating plants, nursery management and care.
- 2. The learner will be able to propagate plants by vegetative methods and seed propagation
- 3. The learner will be able to appreciate sustainable living
- 4. Practical application of the concept learnt would be translated in action by performing the experiments and project work

References:

1.Lewis Hill (1985). Secrets of Plant Propagation. American Horticultural Society. Storey Books. 2. Toogood A R (1999) Plant Propagation. American Horticultural Society Practical Guides. D K Publishers

3. Hartman H I and Kester O T (2015) Plant Propagation: Principles and Practices 8th Edition, Pearson.

4. Sadhu M K (1994) Plant Propagation John Wiley and Sons.

Mapping of the course

Class	Course Name	Course Code	Topics focusing on Employability / Entrepreneurship / Skill development	Employability / Entrepreneurship / Skill development
S Y B Sc	Botany	RJSUBOTDSE1 AND RJSUBOTPDSE1	All topics focus on skill development, shall make the learner employable and develop skills to be an employer	 1.employability as a nursery supervisor, nursery manager. 2. Entrepreneur having own nursery for plants, supplier of planting materials

Botany Discipline Specific Elective

There are three courses of which student must choose one. The courses have the following credit pattern: Lecture 1, Practical 1

Evaluation Pattern: 40 marks Internal (continuous evaluation) and 60 marks External

Theory : 50 marks (20 Internal and 30 External)

Practicals: 50 marks (20 Internal and 30 External)

Discipline Specific Elective: Post Harvest Technology (Course Code: RJSUBOTDSE2)

Discipline Specific Elective		
Post Harvest Technology (Course Code: RJSUBOTDSE2)	Lecture and Practical	Credit (Theory and Practical)
I INIT I	4 5 H 0 U 1	2
Post Harvest Technology: Importance and overview of post harvest handling: Principles and methods of preservation and processing. Methods of minimizing losses during storage and transportation. Harvesting and handling of fruits, cut flowers, vegetables, herbs.		
UNIT II		
Post harvest processing: Canning, fruit juice beverages, pickles, jam, jellies, candies, food additives, labelling. Food irradiation, food safety.		
UNIT III		
Protection of post harvest produce: Harvesting, cleaning, and drying technologies. Post harvest diseases and losses by insects. Seed storage techniques and control of insect pest chemical and biological control methods.		
UNIT IV		
Post harvest processing and Transport: Pre-treatment before transport. Chlorination, waxing, chemicals, biocontrol agents. Packaging, cold storage, cold chain.		
PRACTICALS		
(Course Code: RJSUBOTPDSE2)		
 Post harvest drying of leafy (methi, palak) and storage vegetables like onion, garlic 2. Drying and preparation of powder of spices like cumin, coriander 3. Preparation of juice 4. Preparation of syrup 5. Preparation of Jam and Jelly (Project) 6. Preparation of fruit candies (Project) 7. Identification of Insect pest in grains 8. Extraction of essential oil from <i>Ocimum</i>/ Geranium 9.Field visit to a food processing unit field project submission 		

Course Outcomes: (Post Harvest Technology Course Code: RJSUBOTDSE2 and RJSUBOTPDSE2)

- 1. At the end of the course the learner would be able to understand how to prevent crop losses and add value to the produce
- 2. Visualise the post-harvest problems
- 3. Learn the various techniques for increasing shelf life and develop value added produce **References:**
 - Chakravarty A., Majumdar A S., Raghavan G S V and Ramaswamy H S (2003). Handbook of Postharvest Technology Cereals Fruits, Vegetables, Tea and Spices. Marcel dekker Inc. N Y.
 - 2. Wills, R B H., Glasson W B and Mc Graham D (2007). Postharvest: An introduction to the physiology and handling of fruits, vegetables and Ornamentals., CABI
 - 3. Ramaswamy H (2015) Post harvest Technologies of Fruits and vegetables DE Stech Publications
 - 4. Mathur G K ., Rathore N S and Chastha S S (2012) Post Harvest Management and Processing of Fruits and Vegetables. The Energy and Resource Institute.

Class	Course Name	Course Code	Topics focusing on Employability / Entrepreneurship / Skill development	Employability / Entrepreneurship / Skill development
S Y B Sc	Botany	RJSUBOTDSE2 AND RJSUBOTPDSE2	All topics focus on skill development, shall make the learner employable and develop skills to be an employer	1.Consultant to growers for value addition of produce 2. Entrepreneur having own business of various products like Jam, Jelly, syrups etc.

Mapping of the course

Botany Discipline Specific Elective

There are three courses of which student has to choose one. The courses have the following credit pattern: Lecture 1, Practical 1

Evaluation Pattern: 40 marks Internal (continuous evaluation) and 60 marks External

Theory : 50 marks (20 Internal and 30 External)

Practicals: 50 marks (20 Internal and 30 External)

Subject Specific Elective: Aesthetic Botany (Course Code: RJSUBOTDSE3)

Discipline Specific Elective

 Aesthetic Botany (Course Code:	Lecture and	Credit (Theory
RISUBOTDSE3)	Practical	and Practical)
	45 hours	2
UNIT I		
Types of Botanical materials which can be used aesthetically: Flowers, fillers, leaves, vases, containers. Flower arrangement : Types, Western style, Eastern style, Ikebana, arrangement for different occasions. Dry Flower Arrangements: Drying of flowers and leaves, types of arrangements using dry flowers.		
UNIT II		
Floral decorations for weddings, Hotels, ceremonies, floral Rangoli, Bouquets, garlands, floral decorations for bride, head gears. Project work		
UNIT III		
Salad decoration, Fruit and Vegetable carvings along with the nutritive value of the materials used. Project work		
UNIT IV		
Botanical artifacts, Indoor plants maintenance, terrariums. Techniques used, plant materials used. Entrepreneur skills: How to start your own business in Aesthetic Botany.		
PRACTICALS		
(Course Code: RJSUBOTPDSE3)		
 Types of Flower arrangements Types of Bouquets Decoration of wedding mandap, stage Floral rangolis Fruit and vegetable cravings, salad decorations and nutrient chart Botanical Artifacts for home décor, gift Business plan and costing for floral outlet business 		

Course Outcomes: (Aesthetic Botany Course Code: RJSUBOTDSE3 AND RJSUBOTPDSE3)

- 1. At the end of the course the learner will be able to utilize flowers and leaves for providing aesthetic value to any area
- 2. Learner would be proficient in the art of developing artifacts using plant material
- 3. Learner would be able to use plants indoors as air purifiers
- 4. Learner would be able to use knowledge of Botany to be an entrepreneur

Reference:

- 1. The Art of Flower arrangement by Rekha Sarin UBS Publishers Distributors Ltd. N Delhi.1995
- 2. Arora J S (1999) Introduction to ornamental Horticulture, Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana India.

		1.1.661		
Class	Course Name	Course Code	Topics focusing on Employability / Entrepreneurship / Skill development	Employability / Entrepreneurship / Skill development
S Y B Sc	Botany	RJSUBOTDSE3 AND RJSUBOTPDSE3	All topics focus on skill development, shall make the learner employable and develop skills to be an employer	 1.Trainer for flower arrangements, decorations, salad decorations 2.Employment in Hotels, banquet halls, events 3. Entrepreneur starting a floral outlet taking contracts

Mapping of the course



Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's

Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College

of Arts, Science & Commerce

(Autonomous College)

Affiliated to

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI

Refer to page no: 02

highlighting component

Syllabus for the F.Y.B.Sc.

of Research Project/Field Project

Program: B.Sc. BOTANY

Program Code: RJSUBOT

(REVISED 2021-2022)

(CBCS 2021-2022)

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DISTRIBUTION OF TOPICS AND CREDITS

F.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER I

Course	Nomenclature	Credits	Topics
RJSUBOT101	Plant Diversity I	02	1. Algae
			2. Fungi
			3. Bryophyta & Pteridophyta
RJSUBOTI02	Forms & Functions I	02	4. Cell Biology
			5. Physiology & Biochemistry
			6. Genetics
RJSUBOTP101	Practical I & II	02	Algae, Fungi, Bryophyta,
&RJSUBOTP102			Pteridophyta, cell biology,
			physiology and Biochemistry,
			genetics

F.Y.B.Sc. BOTANY SEMESTER II

Course	Nomenclature	Credits	Topics
RJSUBOT201	Plant Diversity I	02	1.Lichens & Mycorrhiza
			2. Gymnosperms
			3. Angiosperms
RJSUBOT202	Forms & Functions I	02	4.Plant Anatomy
			5. Ecology & Phytogeography
			6.Medicinal Botany & Human
			Welfare
RJSUBOTP201	Practical I & II	02	Lichens& Mycorrhiza,
&RJSUBOTP202			Gymnosperms, Angiosperms,
			plant anatomy, ecology &
			phytogeography, medicinal
			Botany &human welfare

	SEMESTER I (THEORY)	L	C	r
	Paper-I: Plant Diversity I Paper Code: RJSUBO	T101 45	2	2
	UNIT I	15		
	ALGAE			
1	General Characters of Cyanophyta. Cell structure and life <i>Nostoc</i>	cycle of		
2	2 General characters of Chlorophyta based upon - Range of thallus, cell structure and types of chloroplasts, Reproduction. Economic importance of Chlorophyta. Life cycle of <i>Spirogyra</i> .			
3	3 Emerging areas of algal biotechnology- Single cell protein (<i>Spirulina</i>), Biofertilizers (<i>Anabaena</i>), algae as food (kelp), algae as industrial product (Agar-agar and diatomite)			
	UNIT II	15		
	FUNGI			
1	General characters of Phycomycetes based on thallus structer reproduction, Life cycle of <i>Rhizopus</i> .	ture and		
2	General characters of Ascomycetes, Life cycle of <i>Penicil</i> Aspergillus.	<i>ium</i> and		
3	Dermatophytes- causative organisms and control measures candidiasis and dandruff	of		
	UNIT III	15		
	BRYOPHYTA & PTERIDOPHYTA			
1	General characters of Hepaticae based on - Thallus s Reproduction. Life cycle of <i>Riccia</i>	tructure,		
2	General characters of Pterophyta based on plant borreproduction, Life cycle of <i>Nephrolepis</i>	ody and		

F.Y.BSc	Semester I Theory
RJSUBOT101	Course Outcomes 1.1 :
Paper I	1. Introduce students to algae and let them explore the diversity in the
Plant Diversity I	thallus structure ranging from simple to complex. Learn the taxonomy
	of Cyanophyta and Chlorophyta represented by Nostoc and Spirogyra.
	Also create awareness about emerging trends in algal biotechnology
	through the study of SCP, use of algae as biofertilizers, algal food and
	industrial products derived from algae.
	2. Introduction to fungi from Phycomycetes form represented by <i>Rhizopus</i>
	to the Ascomycetes form represented by Penicillium and Aspergillus.
	Study of dermatophytes will bring awareness about prevention and
	control of diseases caused in human beings by fungi.
	3. Bryophytes amphibious habitat, features of bryophytes, general
	characters of Hepaticae and life cycle of widely available Riccia. First
	land plants Pteridophytes represented by the common ornamental fern,
	namely Nephrolepis.
	Learning outcomes:
	> Understanding the diversity of lower plants, its life cycle, type of
	chloroplast and application of algae for commercial purposes.

Detailed study of fungi life cycle, mode of nutrition and its selection for
economic products.
> Detailed study of Bryophytes and Pteridophyte life cycle, types of thallus
and alternation of generations. It will help students to understand the role
of Bryophytes in plant succession.
Conquest of land by Pteridophytes, transition of plants from aquatic life
to terrestrial habitat.

	SEMESTER I (THEORY)			Cr
	Paper-II: Forms and Functions-I	Paper Code: RJSUBOT102	45	2
	UNIT I	15		
	CELL BIOLO	DGY		
1	General structure of plant cell, Structur membrane (bilayer lipid structure, flu	re of Cell wall, Plasma id mosaic model).		
2	Ultra structure and functions of the foll Mitochondria and Microbodies.	owing cell organelles:		
	UNIT II		15	
	PHYSIOLOGY & BIOCHEMISTRY			
1	1 Plant Water Relations- Water Potential, Transport through membrane, Osmosis, Imbibition.			
2	2 Enzymes- Classification, mechanism of action (activation energy, lock and key hypothesis, induced-fit theory), Michaelis Menten equation, Enzyme inhibition.			
	UNIT III		15	
	GENETIC	S		
1	1 Extension of Mendelian genetic analysis- Multiple alleles, modification of dominance relationship, incomplete dominance & Co-dominance.			
2	Gene interaction and Modified Meno	delian ratios, Epistasis		
3	Quantitative characters : Polygene Ir	heritance		

F.Y.BSc		Semester I Theory
RJSUBOT102		Course Outcomes 1.2 :
Paper II		1. Introduction to cell Biology, ultrastructure of cell wall, plasma
Forms a	nd	membrane, to understand the transport mechanisms via these
Functions I		membranes.
		2. Student will be able to understand the ultrastructure of mitochondria
		and microbodies so that they can correlate with the physiological
		functions of these organelles in the plant cell.
		understand the biochemical processes, study of enzymes is a
		prerequisite.
		3. To understand the concept of water transport in plant cells.
		4. To go beyond Mendelian inheritance and understand the concept of
		genetic interaction, epistatic interactions, multiple alleles and
		inheritance of blood groups in man. To understand how multiple
		genes are involved in inheritance of quantitative characters and their
		cumulative effect on expression of the character.
		Learning outcomes:
		Basic concept of cell and its ultra microscopic structure of cell organelle.
		Detailed study of enzymes nomenclature and functioning.
		 Detailed study of Mendelian genetics, multiple alleles and epistatic
		and non-epistatic interactions. Genetic basis of inheritance of
		quantitative characters

	SEMESTER II (T	HEORY)	L	Cr
	Paper-I: Plant Diversity I	Paper Code: RJSUBOT201	45	2
	UNIT I		15	
	LICHENS AND MY	CORRHIZA		
1	1 Lichens- Types of lichens, general characters, economic importance, ecological significance.			
2	Ecto- and endotrophic mychorrhiza and	their agricultural applications.		
	UNIT II		15	
	GYMNOSPEI	RMS		
1	1General characters of Cycadophyta based upon - Plant body, Reproduction, Life cycle of Cycas.			
2	2 Economic importance of Gymnosperms.			
	UNIT III			
	ANGIOSPERMS			
1	 Morphology- Leaf: simple leaf, types of compound leaves, Modifications of leaf: spine, tendril, hooks, phyllode, pitcher. Morphology of Seed – Monocot, Dicot and endospermic and non-endospermic seeds. Seed germination types. 			
2	Taxonomy - Bentham and Hooker's classification – reasons). Study of plant families: Malvaceae, Le	Broad outline upto series (with guminosae, Amaryllidaceae		

F.Y.BSc	Theory Semester II : Plant Diversity
RJSUBOT201	Course Outcomes 2.1 :
Plant Diversity	1. Study of Lichens students would be aware about plants as indicators of
-I	pollution, symbiotic relationship between algae and fungi, fungi and
	higher plant roots -mycorrhiza
	2. Student will be able to identify the characters, structure, life cycle of a
	commonly grown gymnosperm Cycas. Appreciate the economic
	importance of Gymnosperms.
	3. Morphological identification of leaves and seed morphology and seed
	germination so as to understand their function and taxonomic relevance.
	Seed morphology would help them understand the storage of primary
	metabolites; germination would enable them to develop skills needed for
	nursery.
	4. Bentham and Hooker's system of classification. Introduction to plant
	families by study of family Malvaceae, Leguminosae and
	Amaryllidaceae.
	Learning outcomes:
	> Detailed study of symbiotic association of algae and fungi –Lichen and
	role of mycorrhiza to improve plant nutrition.
	\blacktriangleright Study of gymnosperms, life cycle, plant body and alternation of
	generations with help of Cycas as an example.
	Understanding the type of modifications of leaves and morphology of
	seed for monocot and dicot. To apply the gained information to
	understand plant propagation and nutritional value of plant parts used as
	food.
	\triangleright Study of Bentham and Hooker's classification for Malvaceae,
	Leguminosae, Amaryllidaceae families

SEMESTER II (THEORY)			L	Cr
	Paper-II: Forms and Functions-I	Paper Code: RJSUBOT202	45	2
	UNIT I		15	
	ANATOM	Y		
1	Plant tissues:- Simple tissues, Complex	tissues.		
2	Anatomy of primary structures – Dicot leaf.	and Monocot root, stem and		
3	Adaptive and Protective systems- Epid Dicot & Monocot Stomata.	ermal tissue system, Trichomes,		
	UNIT II		15	
ECOLOGY & PHYTOGEOGRAPHY				
1	1 Ecosystem- abiotic and biotic components and their interactions, Types of ecosystems – aquatic and terrestrial, Energy flow in an ecosystem.			
2	2 Ecological pyramids: Based on energy, biomass and number.			
3	Phytogeographical divisions of India	1.		
	UNIT III		15	
	MEDICINAL BOTANY AND	HUMAN WELFARE		
1	1 Introduction to Pharmacognosy- Biological source, geographical distribution, macro- and microscopic characters, chemical constituents, therapeutical uses of clove buds.			
2	Beverages- Cocoa: History, Origin, chocolate.	, processing and production of		

F. Y. BSc	Theory Semester II : Plant Diversity	
RJSUBOT202	Course Outcomes 2.2 :	
Paper II	1. Anatomy of plants, cells, tissues, salient characters of simple and	
Forms and	complex tissues. Understand the primary structure of dicot and monocot	
Functions-I	root, stem and leaf. Students will be to differentiate dicot and monocot	
	by using anatomical characters. Students will be able to apply this	
	knowledge in identification of isolated plant organs.	
	2. Study of epidermal outgrowths and stomata of dicot and monocot leaves.	
	3. Ecology: Study of flow of energy at different trophic levels. Study of	
	aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems, phytogeographical regions of India.	
	4. Medicinal Botany and Human welfare: Introduction to pharmacognosy	
	to identify plant based drugs with the help of macro and microscopic	
	character and phytochemical qualitative tests with the help of clove.	
	Introduction to economic Botany with Theobroma cocoa tree. Cocoa a	
	popular beverage obtained by processing seeds of cocoa, popularity as a	
	drink and chocolate.	
	Learning outcomes:	
	Detailed study of anatomical structures of plant tissues, root, stem, leaf	
	and types of epidermis, epidermal outgrowths and stomata.	
	> Understand the ecological pyramids, energy flow, types of ecosystem	
	and phytogeographical regions of India	
	> Study of macro and microscopic characters of a plant drug clove and	
	identification using phytochemical tests. Learn how cocoa is a processed	
	and product used in production of popular chocolates.	

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F.Y.B.Sc Botany Syllabus Semester I & II				Cr
	Semester I (PRA	CTICALS)		
	Practical-I: Plant Diversity I	Paper Code: RJSUBOTP101		1
1	With the help of fresh/preserved speci	imens, identification of Nostoc.		
2	With the help of fresh/preserved speci- vegetative stage, scalariform and later	imens, identification of <i>Spirogyra</i> - al conjugation.		
3	<i>Rhizopus</i> - Study of asexual stage from structures through permanent slides.	n temporary mounts and sexual		
4	Aspergillus- Study of asexual stage from structures through permanent slides.	om temporary mounts and sexual		
5	Study of human yeast and <i>Malassezia</i> dandruff) with the help of permanent	<i>a globosa</i> (causative organism of at slides.		
6	6 With the help of fresh/preserved specimens, study of life cycle stages in <i>Riccia</i> .			
7	7 With the help of fresh/preserved specimens, study of life cycle stages in <i>Nephrolepis</i> .			
Practical-II: Forms and Functions I Paper Code: RJSUBOTP102			1	
1	1 Study of mitotic stages in onion root tip.			
2	2 Study of Cell inclusions: Starch grains (Potato, Pea and Rice); Aleurone Layer (Maize) Cystolith (<i>Ficus</i>), Raphides (<i>Pistia</i>), Sphaeraphides (<i>Opuntia</i>).			
3	 Identification of cell organelles with the help of photomicrograph: Mitochondria, Peroxisomes and Glyoxysomes. 			
4	To study Plasmolysis using suitable p	lant material.		
5	Effect of change of pH on color of ant	hocyanin pigment and its applications		
6	Calculation of mean, median and mod	le.		
7	Calculation of standard deviation.			
8	Frequency distribution, graphical repr	resentation of data- frequency		

polygon, histogram, pie chart.

F.Y.B.Sc	Semester I
RJSUBOTP101	Course Outcomes: Experiential learning, identification of algae and fungi by
Practical - I	observing them under microscope
	1. Experiential learning of mounting and identification with the help
	of fresh/preserved material and permanent slides of Spirogyra.
	Vegetative and reproductive lateral and scalariform conjugation,
	Nostoc.
	2. Microscopic observation, mounting and identification of
	fresh/preserved material and permanent slides of Rhizopus,
	Aspergillus and Penicillium.
	3. Identification of causative organism of candidiasis and dandruff.
	Control measures zone of inhibition demonstration
	4. Study of morphological features and internal structure of Riccia
	with help of fresh /preserved material and permanent slides.
	5. Study of morphological and internal structure of <i>Nephrolepis</i> with
	the help of fresh/preserved material and permanent slides.
	Learning outcomes: Use of microscope, application of technique of
	microscopy
	Understanding the diversity of lower plants.
	> Detailed study of life cycle of <i>Rhizopus, Aspergillus and Penicillium</i>
	so students can correlate with Aeromycoflora.
	> Detailed study of bryophyte's life cycle, types of thallus and
	gametophytes.

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F.Y.B.Sc

RJSUBOTP
102
Practical II

> Data presentation with the help of frequency distribution, graphical
representation of data- frequency polygon, histogram, pie chart.

	Semester II (PRACTICALS)	L	Cr
Practical-I:	Paper Code: RJSUBOTP201		1
Plant Diversity			
-I			
1	Study of growth forms of lichens (crustose, foliose, fruticose).		
2	Study of thallus and reproductive structures in lichen (soredia and apothecium).		
3	Study of ecto mycorrhizae and endo mycorrhizae with the help of microphotographs/permanent slides.		
4	<i>Cycas:</i> T.S of leaflet (<i>Cycas</i> pinna) and study of megasporophyll, microsporophyll, coralloid root, microspore and L.S. of ovule with the help of specimens/ slides.		
5	Simple leaf and types of compound leaves		
6	Study of leaf modification- spine, tendril, hooks, phyllode, pitcher		
7	Study of seed germination through growing of micro greens (Mini project for students).		
8	Family Malvaceae		
7	Family Leguminosae		
8	Family Amaryllidaceae		
Practical-II:	Paper Code: RJSUBOTP202		1
Forms and			
Functions-I			
1	Study of primary structure of dicot and monocot roots with the help of sectioning of fresh specimen.		
2	Study of primary structure of dicot and monocot stem with the help of sectioning of fresh specimen.		

3	Study of primary structure of dicot and monocot leaf with the help of photograph/slide.	
4	Study of epidermal tissue system, trichome, dicot and monocot stomata.	
5	Study of plants from terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems – morphological adaptations- Hydrophytes, mesophytes, xerophytes, hygrophytes	
6	Study of phytogeographic regions of India with the help of map.	
7	Study of macroscopic and microscopic character of clove buds, Chemicals tests to identify its chemical constituents.	
8	Visit to Jijamata Udyan	
9	Visit to Cadbury factory at least virtual and Preparation of chocolate.	

F.Y.B.Sc	Practicals Semester II
RJSUBOTP201	Course Outcomes: Experiential learning, skill development
Practical I	1. Students would learn to observe specimens, identify with the help of
Plant Diversity I	morphological and anatomical characters. Understand symbiotic
	relationship in lichens and mycorrhiza. Learn the technique of
	sectioning and differentiate the tissues based on cell wall composition
	Learn to observe different stages in the life cycle of Cycas.
	2. Study of leaf morphology and types of seed germination.
	3. An introduction to classification of flowering plants and study of
	families Malvaceae, Leguminosae and Amaryllidaceae.
	Learning outcomes:
	> Detailed study of <i>Cycas</i> pinna, Megasporophyll, Microsporophyll,
	Coralloid root, Microspore structure.
	\triangleright Understanding the morphology of roots, stems, leaves and
	morphology of seed for monocot and dicot.
	Study of angiosperm families (Malvaceae, Leguminosae and
	Amaryllidaceae)
	Field trips provide experiential learning to students.

F.Y.BSc	Practicals Semester II		
RJSUBOTP202	Course Outcomes: Skill development		
Practical II	1. Sectioning of dicot and monocot root, stem and leaves to study the		
Forms and	primary structure. Mounting of epidermal outgrowths. Learner would		
Functions I	learn technique of sectioning, staining. Types of epidermal outgrowth		
	and its role in a plants life cycle.		
	2. Based on observations of morphological characters plants would be		
	identified as hydrophytes, mesophytes, hygrophytes and xerophytes.		
	Characters to be observed for hydrophytes would be thin wiry stem,		
	absence of roots (submerged), absence of root hair, roots with root		
	pockets, lateral roots present, stem modified as offset, swollen petiole,		
	leaves coated with wax (free floating), roots with root hair, long petiole		
	coated with mucilage, floating leaves coated with wax.		
	3. Simple test for tannin's identification and botanical names of plants in		
	everyday life to cure common ailments and scientific explanation for		
	their curative properties.		
	Learning outcomes:		
	> Detailed study of anatomical structures of leaf, types of stomata and		
	epidermal outgrowths.		
	Ecological study of plants. Morphological adaptations from terrestrial		
	and aquatic ecosystems.		
	> Macro and microscopic features and qualitative test to identify the		
	phytochemicals in clove buds.		

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Scheme of Examinations

- 1. Two Internals of 20 marks each. Duration 30min for each.
- 2. One External (Semester End Examination) of 60 marks. Duration 2 hours.
- One Practical at the end of Semester consisting of practical I-50 marks and Practical II-50 marks but passing combined out of 100.
- 4. Minimum marks for passing Semester End Theory and Practical Exam is 40 %.
- 5. Student must appear for at least one of the two Internal Tests to be eligible for the Semester End Examination.
- 6. For any KT examinations, there shall be ODD-ODD/EVEN-EVEN pattern followed.
- 7. Two short field excursions for habitat studies are compulsory.
- 8. Field work of not less than eight hours duration is equivalent to one period per week for a batch of 15students.
- 9. A candidate will be allowed to appear for the practical examinations if he/she submits a certified journal of F.Y.B.Sc. Botany or a certificate from the Head of the department / Institute to the effect that the candidate has completed the practical course of F.Y.B.Sc. Botany as per the minimum requirements.
- 10. In case of loss of journal, a candidate must produce a certificate from the Head of the department /Institute that the practicals for the academic year were completed by the student. However, such a candidate will be allowed to appear for the practical examination, but the marks allotted for the journal will not be granted.
- 11. HOD's decision, in consultation with the Principal, shall remain final and abiding to all.

Evaluation and Assessment

Evaluation (Theory): Total marks per course - 100. CIA- 40 marks CIA 1: Written test -20 marks CIA 2: Written Test / Assignment / Field Trip/mini project/ & Report -20 marks Semester End Examination – 60 marks Question paper covering all units

Evaluation of Practical's 100 marks (50 marks for each practical RJSUBOTP101& RJSUBOTP102, RJSUBOTP201 & RJSUBOTP202)

Question	KNOWLEDGE	UNDERSTANDING	APPLICATION	TOTAL
			and	MARKS-
			ANALYSES	Per unit
Unit 1	08	03	04	15
Unit 2	08	03	04	15
Unit 3	08	03	04	15
Short notes from	08	03	04	15
topics covering all				
the units				
-TOTAL -	32	12	16	60
Per objective				
% WEIGHTAGE	53	20	27	100%

Course Semester End Examination in Semester 1 and II Paper I and II (RJSUBOT101 & RJSUBOT102, RJSUBOT201 & RJSUBOT202)

Evaluation of Practical's 100 marks (50 marks for each practical RJSUBOTP101& RJSUBOTP102, RJSUBOTP201 & RJSUBOTP202)

Continuous Evaluation of components which require adequate duration for completion of the task, observation and interpretation: 25%

Course end Practical Evaluation of skills of students in terms of skill, analysis, interpretation and conclusion.

Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College of Arts, Science & Commerce

F.Y.B.Sc Botany Syllabus Semester I & II

ASSESSMENT OF BOTANY FIELD TRIP REPORT

Dept. of Botany; Course Code	Date	Roll No
Name of student:	UID No	Marks/20
Place of visit		

Assessment Grid : Place one tick in each appropriate row. Overall mark should reflect the positions of ticks in the individual rows

(20)	Field Trip and Report	80-100% 17-20 Marks	60-80% 13-16 Marks	40-60% 09-12 Marks	20-40% 05-08 Marks
30%	Organization of report	Introduction about the location, vegetation, Botanical Names, Family, Local name, Description using Botanical Term, reporting all the species seen, Handwritten or typed.	Few mistakes,	Many mistakes	Inadequate presentation
(06)	-				
		6	5	4	3
50%	Content	Excellent reporting of all the species observed in the field, ecological and morphological data,	Good reporting, species observed in the field but few of them missing in the list	Satisfactory, many species or relevant data missing from the report 6	Poor, inadequate and insufficient data or just a list of the species without any data.
		10/9	8		5
10% (02)	Conclusion	Conclusion based on self observation. Type of forest and vegetation	Good conclusion, comments not independent	Satisfactory, but insufficient	Poor, irrelevant conclusion
	Marks	2	2 / 1	1 / 0.5	0.5
5% (01)	References	Proper references, in required format	Proper references but no format	Few references	Irrelevant references
	Marks -	1	1	0.5	0
5% (01)	Attendance / participation	Attended and participated actively	Attended and participated	Infrequent Participation	No participation
	Marks	1		0.5	0

Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College of Arts, Science & Commerce

F.Y.B.Sc Botany Syllabus Semester I & II

Comments: Name and Signature of Faculty.

Mini Project Under graduate level

Dept. of	Course Code	Date
1		

UIDNo_____Roll No_____Marks_

_____/20 Name of student: ______

Title of Assignment: ________ Assessment Grid : Place one tick in each appropriate row. Overall mark should reflect the positions of ticks in the individual rows. In boxes that have more than one set of marks, cancel out the marks that are not applicable and circle the correct marks.

Project work and report (Parameters)	Marks	80 – 100% Excellent	60 -80% Good	40 – 60% Satisfactory	20 – 40% Average
Project work done	10	10 / 9	8 / 7	6 / 5	4 /3
Report writing and conclusions					
	10	10 / 9	8 / 7	6 / 5	4 /3

Class	Course Name	Course Code	Topic focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ski Il development	Employability/Entrepr eneurship/Skill development	Specific activity
F Y B Sc Botany	Plant Diversity I	RJSUBOT101, RJSUBOT201	Plant Diversity I, II focuses on identification of industrially and environmentally useful algae, fungi, Bryophytes, Pteridophytes, Lichens and Mycorrhizae, Gymnosperms and Angiosperms	The topics focuses on identifying plants ranging from lower forms Thallophyta till Land plants. Applications of these types as nutraceuticals, agriculture	Preparation of biofertilizers
F Y B Sc Botany	Forms and Functions I	RJSUBOT201 RJSUBOT202	Concepts in Plant Anatomy, Biochemistry, Physiology, Genetics and Ecology which are essential to take up a career in research and teaching since these provide the Domain knowledge. Medicinal Botany gives a glimpse on plant based drugs and economically important products like cocoa which is used in production of popular beverage and chocalate	Employability in field of the teaching and research. To learn the techniques to identify plant based drugs.	
F Y B Sc Botany	Practicals	RJSUBOTP101 RJSUBOTP102 RJSUBOTP201 RJSUBOTP202	Microscopical identification of lower forms of plants, identification of higher forms	 Analytical skills Interpretation skills Writing skills 	Mini project for developing Entrepreneurial skills, Field trips enhances skills of

Mapping of the course to employability/ Entrepreneurship/skill development

	using morphological	identification of
	studies. Study of	plants in situ,
	plants in different	organisational
	habitats and their	skills, team work.
	adaptation. Plant	
	pigments as natural	
	pH indicator	