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GREEN AUDIT REPORT

Submitted for year 2022-23



Submitted to Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's Ramniranjan Jhunjunwala College of Arts, Science & Commerce (R.J. College of Arts, Science & Commerce) Ghatkopar West, Mumbai – 400086

in May, 2023.

Prepared by Roshni Udyavar & Associates

Wadala East, Mumbai



ARCHITECTURE . INTERIORS . ENERGY . ENVIRONMENT

Green Audit Team: (Roshni Udyavar & Associates)

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٠	Dr. Roshni U. Yehuda – (CEO)
	B.Arch., M.Arch., Ph.D. (Resource Management)
•	Ar. Aditi Mane- Green Building Analyst
	B.Arch., IGBC AP, ASSOCHAM GEM CP
•	Mr. S. Kale - BEE-certified Energy Auditor
	B.E. (Electrical) – AAR Consulting and Services
•	Mr. Jeevan Davari- Audit Assistant
	Senior Engineer (M.Tech. Electrical) – AAR Consulting and Services
•	Mr. Roshan Jadhav - Audit Assistant
	(B.E. Electrical) – AAR Consulting and Services

• Mr. Suhas Risbood - ISO 17021 Auditor - ISOQAR.

Preface

A Green Audit is the first step to reducing a **building's water**, waste, energy and carbon footprint and environmental impact. The analysis of consumption of water and energy as well as generation of waste is used to provide recommendations on solutions such as rainwater harvesting, water and waste management, energy management including the addition of renewable energy. The objective of the green audit is to transform to be selfreliant and self-sustainable in water and energy and create a zero-waste campus.

In the long run, such a building will have greatly reduced its operating costs, carbon footprint and impact on the city's infrastructure. Upcoming and future regulations for buildings will require to follow green norms and energy-efficient measures including the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC). Hence, Green Audits will help buildings to achieve the norms.

The methodology of the Green Audit involves evaluation of the water, energy and waste consumption in the building or premises through online surveys, walk-throughs and detailed audits (where required). The results are analysed against existing Indian and international benchmarks and standards.

An Environmental Management Plan is prepared as an outcome of the audit based on a detailed analysis of data collected. This has the potential to reduce the consumption of resources through the use of appropriate technologies, design and planning without affecting the process or quality of an Institute's functioning. The investment and payback calculations are provided such that the plan can be implemented in whole or phases as desired.

The benefits of conducting a green audit are a better understanding of the building systems, along with recommendations for improvement with a goal of self-reliance on resources and reducing the load on public infrastructure.

Through the audit report, we endeavour to provide cost-effective and long-term solutions in a continuous process of conservation of resources. The data collected for a month has been presented through appropriate visual representations for easy understanding of the technical information. Glossary, abbreviations, units of measurements and references are

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provided for those who are further interested. Any suggestions or edits in the report are welcome and can be sent to **roshniudyavar@gmail.com**

This Green Audit Report is meant for academic and research purposes only. For legal issues, a separate study is required, and hence the results of this report cannot be used as evidence for any legal case within India or abroad.

Roshni Udyavar & Associates has been conducting green audits in and around Mumbai since 2019. The team has skilled professionals viz. having Green Accredited Professionals and BEE certified Energy Auditors. In partnership with ISOQAR, an ISO 1021 certified to UKAS, it provides the service of third-party certification for green audit conducted by it.

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Acknowledgement

We extend our sincere thanks to Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti, the Management of Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College for taking up the initiative to conduct a Green Audit, We are grateful to the Director of Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti Trust, Dr Usha Mukudan for her support and enthusiasm in taking up this venture. We acknowledge the initiative of the College, especially Incharge Principal, Dr Himanshu Dawda, Dr Bhushan Arekar - IQAC Co-ordinator, Dr Karishma Rajbhar (Green Audit College Co-ordinator), IQAC team in assessing the conduct and feasibility of the green audit.

We extend our sincere thanks to the teaching staff, Vice Principal - Captain Pravin Nayak, Dr Kiran Kolwankar, Mr Deviprasad Shetty, and non-teaching staff – Mr K Somnath, Mr Bahadur Agri, Electrician – Mr Yuvraj and A.C. technician – Jawar electricals for providing us with detailed information for the Audits and their presence during the days of the visit. We would also like to thank the support staff for their help as and when required during the audit visits.

> Green Audit Team Roshni Udyavar & Associates

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Abbreviations	0
• BEE - Bureau of Energy Efficiency	0
BLDC - Brushless Direct Current	0
• BUA - Built-up area	0
CFL - Compact Fluorescent Lamps	0
• CMH - Cubic Meters Per Hour	0
DBT - Dry Bulb Temperature	\bigcirc
 DEF - Daylight extent factor 	0
 DG - Diesel Generator 	0
 EER - Energy efficiency ratio 	0
 ECBC - Energy Conservation Building Code 	
 ECMs - Energy Conservation Measures 	0
 EPI - Energy Performance Index 	0
 FTLs - Fluorescent Tube Lights 	0
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HVAC - Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning.	
LED - Light Emitting Diodes	0
LPD - Lighting Power Density	0
LPG - Liquefied petroleum gas	0
MNRE - Ministry of New and Renewable Energy	
MRT - Mean Radiant Temperature	0
NAAC - The National Assessment and Accreditation Council	0
NBC - National Building Code	0
NCEF - National Clean Energy Fund	0
PPA - Power Purchase Agreement	vi
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- RA CHARGE Regulatory Asset Charge
- **RPM** Revolutions Per Minute
- **RH** Relative Humidity
- **SEC** Specific Energy Consumption
- SECI Solar Energy Corporation of India
- Solar PV Solar Photovoltaic
- **TOD** Time of Day
- **TR** Tons of refrigeration
- WBT Wet Bulb Temperature
- WWR Window to Wall Ratio

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Units of Measurements	0
	0
• C- Celsius	0
• cm - Centimetre	0
• Ft - Foot	0
• H - Hour	0
• kW - Kilowatt of electricity	0
• kWh - kilowatt-hour	0
• kWh/m²/year- kilowatt per square meter per year	0
• kVA - kilovolt-ampere	0
• Im - Lumens	0
• lm/W - Lumens per Watt	0
• lux - Illuminance	0
• m - Meter	0
• mm - Millimetre	0
• W - Watt	0
• W/m² - Watts per square meter	0
 Wh - Watthour 	0
• Will - Watthour	0
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Executive Summary

The Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College of Arts, Science & Commerce (R.J. College of Arts, Science & Commerce) premises has an energy consumption of **2,78,564 kWh** for the academic year 2022-2023 as per metered electricity bill. The main areas of electricity consumption are Lighting, Fans, Air Conditioning and Equipment. Of this, **Equipment load** is the highest at **40% (1,06,076 kWh)** followed by **Lighting load** at **24% (64,106 kWh)**, **AC load** at **19%, (51,705 kWh)**, and **Fans** at **17% (45305.4 kWh)**. Only 12% of the College space is airconditioned. The building is mostly naturally ventilated with minimal conditioned spaces. The building also has a 10 KWp Solar PV system installed on its terrace which can generate an output of **10,393 kWh** or 4% of total electricity consumed. Currently college in is the process of net metering by the Utility – Adani.

The Energy Performance Index (EPI) of the building is 33.68 kWh/sq. m/year which is well below the Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), Govt. of India's national benchmark of 150 kWh/sq. m/year for institutional buildings in warm-humid climate. The BEE's benchmark for nearly zero energy buildings is 15.00 kWh/sq. m/year which is achievable by energy-efficiency measures.

94 % of spaces within the college comply with the maximum allowable Lighting Power Density (LPD) as per the **Space Function method of ECBC 2017**. However, the lighting levels meet the NBC standard in most of the spaces.

The water bill shows that the average monthly consumption is around **515.67 KLD** which comes to about **26.9 KLD** per day which is around 9% as compared to the standards prescribed by the NBC.

The **organic waste** generated by the college can be composted in the on-site organic waste facility created by them, which can be used as organic fertiliser for gardening. E-waste and Multi-layer plastic (MLP), recycling facility has been provided for collection and an incentive-based credit system has been generated for awareness among the students and faculty.

The college is certified as ISO 14001:2015 which demonstrate the commitment of college management towards environment sustainability.

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The college is adjacent to a major suburban Railway station (Ghatkopar) and like most station areas it is highly congested with noise and air pollution issues. However, the college has made an effort by planting trees in the front open spaces within and outside the college along the compound wall.

A summary of the key recommendations from the green audit are provided in the Table 1 here along with savings, cost and simple payback period.

	Savings per year	Financial Savings Per year	Capital Investment*	Simple Pay Back Period
Recommended Measure	(kWh/ Litres/ kg)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Years)
	ENERGY			
Replacement of T8 (36W/ 40 W/ 72 W/ 80W) Fluorescent Tube Lights (FTLs) along with electromagnetic ballast with 18W LED Tube Lights having lumen output of 1800 (efficacy = 100 Lumens per Watt)	12,805.32	1,32,919	94,500	7 months
Replacement of plane light 40 W in passage area with 18 W sensor- based and dimmable lights	700.48	7,270.98	5,865	8 months
Replacement of LED light 24 W in passage area with 18 W sensor- based and dimmable lights	505.92	5,251.45	15,180	2 years and 8 months
Replacement of regular fans with BEE star rated fans and Brushless Direct Current (BLDC) fans	22,467	2,33,206	12,08,236	5 years and 2 months
TOTAL	36,479	3,78,648	13,23,781	3 years and 6 month
WATER				
Wash basin faucet to water saving aerators	50%	NA		NA
RENEWABLE ENERGY				
Net metering to be arranged with Utility - Adani	NA	NA		NA

*Note: This is an estimated cost table; detail cost will be calculated as per design.

Table 1: Key Recommendations for improving environment at Jhunjhunwala College

1. Introduction

Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College came into existence in 1963, enabling a larger section of the society to take advantage of the facilities provided for higher education. From 1999-2000 the College added several self-financing courses like BMS, B.B.I, B.Sc. in C.S., I.T., Biotechnology, and M.Sc. in Computer Science and Biotechnology which further hone the special skills of the students. In 2014 they started a skill-based program supported by the University Grants commission known as Bachelor in Vocation.

The college has been reaccredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC in 2014 with a CGPA of 3.50 and received the Best College Award (2007-2008) of the University of Mumbai. The College has been bestowed with IMC **RAMKRISHNA BAJAJ PERFORMANCE EXCELLENCE TROPHY, 2010.** The principal of the college was awarded **"Best Teacher"** by the Government of Maharashtra in 2011. Government of Maharashtra conferred the college with **"JAAGAR JAANIVANCHA"** (First in Mumbai Suburban- in 2013 and second in Mumbai Suburban- in 2014) for the safety of girls.

The College has been granted Autonomous Status by the University Grants Commission (UGC) for a period of Ten Years w.e.f. 2018-2019 to 2027-2028. However, the college will remain affiliated to University of Mumbai with an autonomous status.

The College has been awarded a **Certificate of Responsible Recycling** by E-Incarnation Recycling Private Limited (for E-waste Management) and **Safai Bank of India** by the Kulkarni Foundation (for Multi-layer plastic Management (MLP)) for proactively contributing to the waste management. They have devised a module in which students are given credits for the amount and size of MLP they collected. They also have a compost pit for leaf and canteen waste (Wet waste).

The college has also a QR code all the trees on the campus, to create awareness about the types of trees and their benefits amongst the students and the visitors.

1.1 Objectives of the Green Audit

The objective of the green audit are as follows

- Quantify energy, water and waste consumption;
- Identify energy saving opportunities resulting in lowered energy bills, less use of fossil fuel-based energy and lower carbon footprint;
- Identify wastages in use and devising solutions such as smart / automated equipment to reduce consumption;
- Introduction of renewable energy to reduce operational energy cost (if required)
- Introducing measures to reduce water consumption and optimise rain water harvesting potentials.
- Suggesting measures to waste management.

1.2 Scope of Work

Energy:

- Overview of existing facilities and electric appliances (lights, fans, heater, air conditioner etc.), operating system like electrical distribution system, metering system, tariff, electricity and Power consumption etc. by use of appropriate instrumentation.
- Establishing a baseline of energy consumption and identify major causes of low operating efficiency and recommended improvements / better operating practices.
- Summary of findings and recommendations and energy conservation measures (ECMs).
- Assessment of Building Envelope energy efficiency and possible retrofit solutions.
- Estimation of the costs associated with the implementation of each of the proposed energy conservation measures (ECMs).
- Quantifying the extent of energy savings/performance improvement that can be achieved by upgrading and/or replacing the existing electrical appliance with the best efficiency electrical appliance available in the market and other energy efficiency/conservation measures based on the analysis of the measurements.
- Scope of renewable energy applications.

- Data collection on water usage, storage capacity, daily consumption patterns, infrastructure and equipment.
- Data analysis to provide scope of improvement in water usage.
- Solutions for rainwater harvesting storage or ground water recharge.
- Possibility of waste water (black or grey water recycling).

Solid Waste:

- Survey of waste in the premises categorization and quantification.
- Analysis and research on possible methods of waste disposal and treatment (of organic waste).
- Solutions for recycling E-waste and recyclables.

Environmental Quality:

- Assessment of IEQ Visual, Thermal and Acoustic comfort, IAQ (Ventilation).
- Survey of noise and vegetation in the premises levels and extent.
- Analysis and possible solutions to reduce the noise levels and enhance the greenery and biodiversity within the campus.

1.3 Understanding of the Audited Area

The total built up area of **89,018 sq. ft. (8270 sq. m)**, is considered for the audit, was evaluated on the basis of existing drawings, information as well as on-site measurements as this data, forms the basis of assessment of the energy, water and waste consumption with respect to existing benchmarks.

The campus basically includes 2 buildings namely the school building and College building having Ground to sixth floors. The audit was conducted for college building only.

Categorization of the spaces as administrative spaces (offices, staff rooms, etc.), common spaces (Toilets, storage, common classrooms, library, etc.), circulation spaces (staircase, corridors) and conditioned vs. non-conditioned spaces (classrooms and computer labs) was then carried out.

The analysis shows that 26% of the total built-up area of the college are common passage. The college building has classrooms for Junior and Senior Degree college, computer labs, admin offices, staff rooms, conference rooms, auditorium, library, common passages, staircase, lift etc.

S. No.	Floor	Name of the Facility		
1	Ground Floor	Chemistry labs, Gymnasium, Canteen, Seminar Hall Toilets		
2	First Floor	Accounts office, Principal's cabin, Conference room, Girls common room, Classrooms, Biology labs, Toilets		
3	Second Floor	Classrooms, Staffroom, Physics labs, Toilets		
4	Third Floor	Computer lab, Library, Classroom, Biotechnology lab, Toilets		
5	Fourth Floor	Staff room, Class room, Maths lab, Toilets		
6	Fifth Floor	Statistics lab, Classrooms, Staff room, Toilets, computer lab		
7	Sixth Floor	Classrooms, Staff room		

The description of facilities and activities on each floor are given in Table 2:

Some sample photographs taken during the audit showing different spaces and equipment are provided in the following pages.

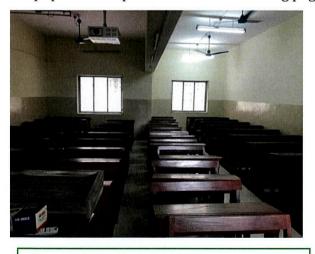


Plate 1 : Fourth floor classroom



Plate 2: Library

Table 2: Floor-wise facility distribution in the college



Plate 3: Biotechnology lab

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Plate 4: Staffroom



Plate 5: Chemistry lab



Plate 6: Office area



Plate 7: First floor Corridor

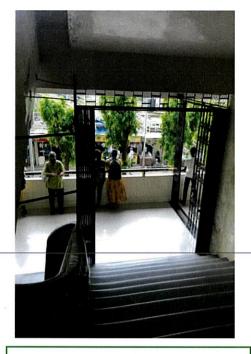


Plate 8: Staircase mid landing and flight



Plate 9: Drinking water cooler in corridor corner



Plate 10: Lab

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2. Audit Methodology

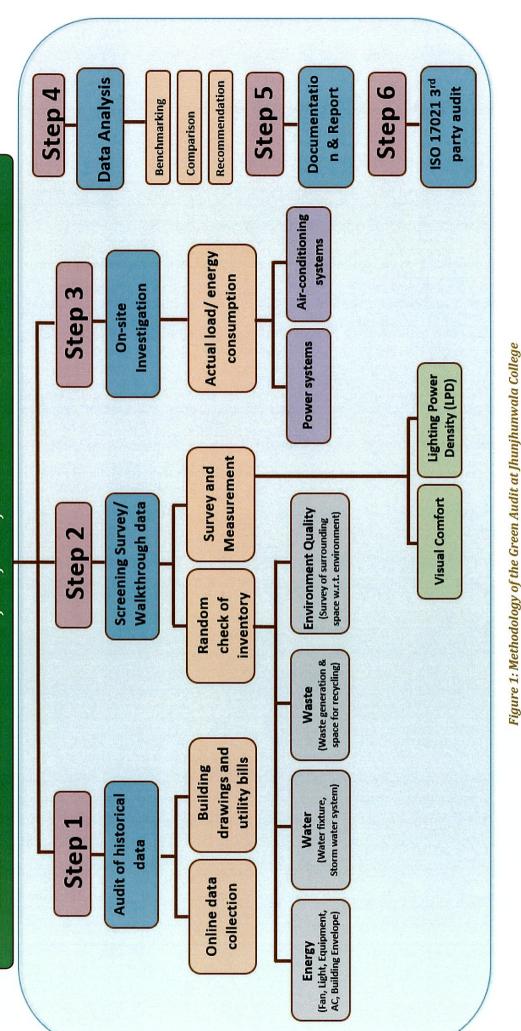
Six steps involved in the audit process are as follows:

Step	Objective	Activities	
Step 1	Audit of historical data	 Online data collection Using online data for screening survey and detail audit. Building drawings, utility bills 	
Step 2	Screening survey or walk-through audit	 A random check of inventory of all electrical and electro-mechanical devices including lights, fans, motors, pumps, ACs, water equipment, Inspection of the site for water, waste and environmental information 	
Step 3	On-site investigations	 Verification of online data submitted through ground survey and observations Measurement of various equipment efficiencies, specific power consumption (SPC) kW/TR of equipment w.r.t. manufacturer's data. Monitoring of actual energy consumption of AC and other electrical loads Observe operation of equipment and evaluate their performance w.r.t. manufacturer's data Conduct random lighting audit of habitable spaces and compare with National Building Code (NBC) 2016 standards. Study of air conditioning loads and performance Study of illumination system - LUX levels, Lighting Power Density (LPD) Inspection of water, waste and environmental issues including flooding, stormwater system 	
Step 4	Data Analysis	 Analysis of all criteria and comparison with standards and benchmarks Recommendations 	
Step 5	Documentation and Report	• Preparation of detailed report with documentation, calculation and all technical information, summary and recommendations	
Step 6	ISO 17021 3 rd Party Audit	• Visit by an ISO 17021 Accredited auditor and final certification.	

Table 3: Steps in the Green Audi

A diagrammatic representation of the methodology is provided in flow chart below:

GREEN AUDIT OF RAMNIRANJAN JHUNJHUNWALA COLLEGE CAMPUS



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2.1 Data Collection

General Data collection such as year of establishment of the college, number of students and staff, inclusion and exclusion of spaces and equipment for the audit were obtained through one-to-one interviews and discussions with key informants who also assisted in the collection of building drawings and electricity bills for the past 1 years (March 2022 – February 2023).

Walk-through Audit

A walk-through Audit was conducted by the team which was followed by a detailed site visit. A special guided visit of the campus was organized for the team by Dr Usha Mukundan, IQAC member and Mr K Somnath.

Detailed Audit and Measurements

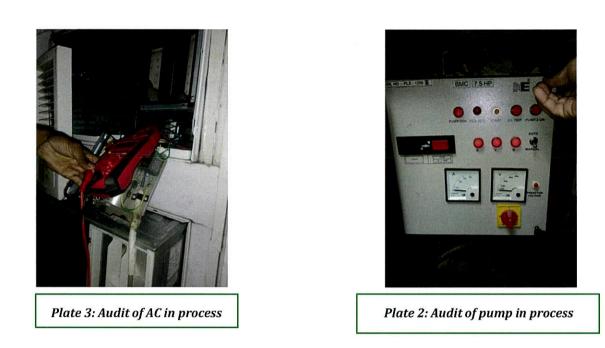
Detailed audit of the air conditioning system (window and spit units) as well as the electrical system was conducted by BEE certified energy auditor team. The indoor and outdoor units of the AC's were tested for refrigerant flow and pressure, refrigerant temperature, actual energy consumption and cooling capacity. These are elaborated in section 3.1.3 and compared with standards in the analysis section.





Plate 11: Energy Audit conducted a R.J. College





Observation Check-list was used during the walk-through audits to gather information on location of windows, Window Wall Ratio (WWR), number and type of lights, fans, air conditioners and equipment.

Instruments Used

For the energy audit, the following instruments were used:

Instrument	Name		
	Clamp – on type Power/Energy meter		
	Clamp On Earth Tester Meggar Make.		

	Thermal Imager Fluke Make Tis-10 Series.
	Anemometers – to measure velocity of gases Luthron Make.
P	Digital Thermometers for liquid /surface temperature.
LIGHT METER Cfine LX-101A	Lux meter Luthron Make.

Table 4: Instruments used for the study

Measurement of Illuminance

Lux levels were measured at 37 different spaces by using a Lux Meter over a grid of 9 points measured at working plane height with artificial light between 1100 to 1700 hours. The average reading was then compared with the mid-point reading of the recommended levels in the National Building Code, 2016.

Schedule of Data Collection

S. No.	Audit Activity	Person	Date	
1.	Online data form link provided to college	Dr. Roshni U. Yehuda	23.03.2023	
2.	Online data submission	Dr Usha Mukudan	24.04.2023	
3.	Walk through and detailed audit	Ar. Aditi Mane	28.04.2023	
4.	A detailed audit of air conditioning,	Mr. Jeevan Davari and	28.04.2023	&
	meters and power systems	Mr. Roshan Jadhav	29.04.2023	

Table 5: Schedule of data collection based on actual visits

2.2 Data Analysis

The collected data was analysed and visually represented using pie-charts, bar graphs, tabulations in each of the audit areas. They were assessed against existing benchmarks and standards such as Energy Performance Index (EPI), Lighting Power Density (LPD) as per ECBC 2007, appropriate illuminance levels (Lux) for visual comfort, and Specific Energy Consumption (SEC) as specified by National Building Code 2016, Window Wall Ratio (WWR) and several others.

Calculation of Wattage

Wattage of lights, fans, AC and equipment were made on the basis of data submitted online by the college verified through random survey during on-site investigation. The complete consolidated data is provided in the Annexure A.

Information on Population and Area for Energy Performance Index (EPI) and Specific Energy Consumption (SEC)

Information on number of people using a specific space was obtained from the online questionnaire and interpolated to obtain occupancy for fresh air calculations. For area calculations, total built up area provided in online questionnaire and building drawings were utilized. As per online data submitted, approximate total population of the college is **6950 persons.** This will be used for SEC calculation. The total built up area of the college considered for EPI is **89,017.54 sq. ft. (8270 sq. m).**

Sr no.	Category	No. of Person
1	Students	6666
2	Teachers	134
3	Non-Teaching Staff	125
4	Administrative Staff	25
Gi	rand total	6950

Table 6 : Break up of total population of college

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3. Analysis and Benchmarking

3.1 Energy

3.1.1 Overall Energy Consumption

The overall electricity load at Jhunjhunwala College can be divided into four major sections viz. Lights, Fans, Air conditioners and Equipment. The break-up of energy consumption among the four major contributors end-use-wise, floor-wise and as per connected load is shown in Figure 2, Figure 3, and Figure 4 respectively.

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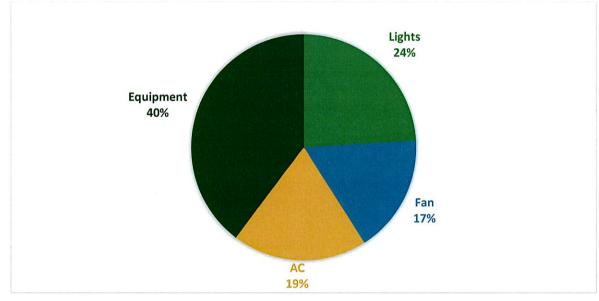
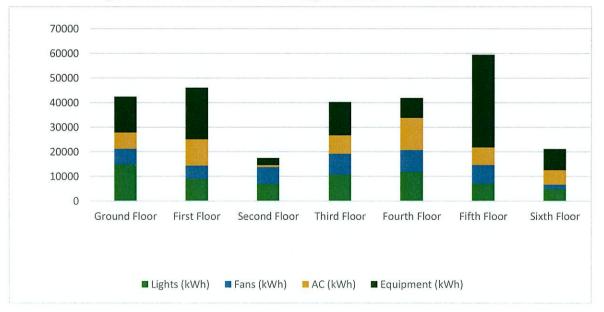


Figure 2: Distribution of Annual Energy Consumption based on end-use





Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

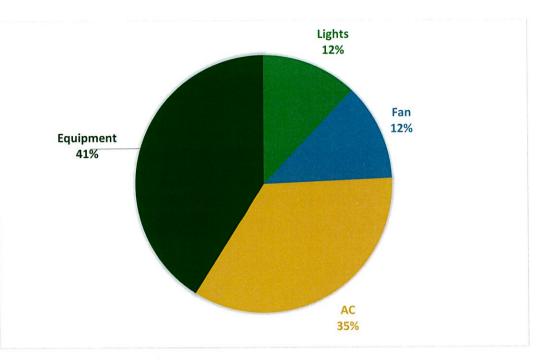


Figure 4 : Distribution of Annual Energy Consumption as per Connected Load

3.1.1.1 Summary of observations – overall energy consumption:

- 1. The total calculated annual energy consumption of the campus is **2,67,193.8 kWh**.
- The total billed electricity for the college for June 2021 to May 2022 is 2,78,564 kWh.
- 3. Diversity factor is 0.9
- 4. The contribution of Equipment load is 1,06,076 kWh (40%) followed by Lighting load at 64,106.8 kWh (24%), AC load at 51,705.96 kWh (19%), and Fans at 45,305.4 kWh (17%).
- As per the total connected load, contribution of Equipment is 41%, AC is 35%, Lights is 12% and Fan is 12%.
- 6. The total conditioned area in the college is 12% while the overall AC load corresponding to this conditioned area is 19%
- 7. The floor-wise consumption shows that fifth floor has majority consumption as compared to all other floors. This was mainly due the IT labs and computer science department situated on fifth floor.
- 8. The Jhunjhunwala College has office area, conference room, principal room, computer labs which are fully air conditioned and have high number of computers and lights. Most spaces are unconditioned including the passages, classrooms.

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- Circulation spaces i.e., corridors and staircases, attribute to 26% of the area while consuming minimal energy. Circulation spaces are also naturally ventilated with a parapet wall.

3.1.2 Lighting Energy Consumption

3.1.2.1 Artificial lighting

Artificial lighting contributes to **24% of the total consumption** in Jhunjhunwala College – mainly due to the longer duration of usage (due to working in 3 shifts). The types of lamps used in the campus are shown in Fig. 5. The number and wattage of lamps used is shown in Table 7.

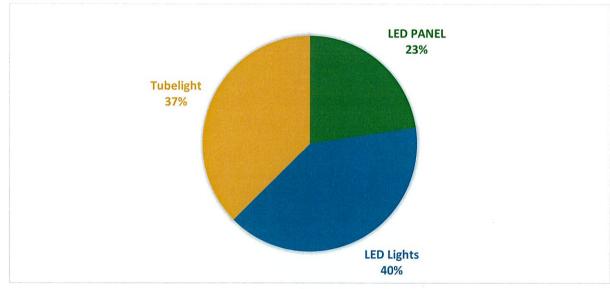


Figure 5: Types of lights and their wattage

S. No.	Lamp Type	Approximate wattage per lamp (W)	Numbers	Total Consumption (kWh)
1.	LED Panel	24	362	14829.6
2.	LED Lights	24	528	26218.8
3.	Tube light	40	332	24556

Table 7: Number and kWh distribution of all Lights

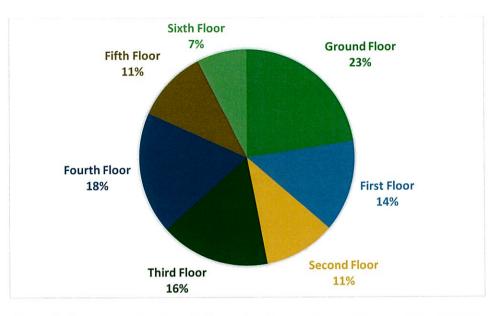


Figure 6: Percentage breakup of Floor-wise Annual Energy Consumption of Lights

Sr no	Floor	Sum of Total usage kWh/year
1	Ground Floor	14819.12
2	First Floor	9013.76
3	Second Floor	7008.64
4	Third Floor	10819.2
5	Fourth Floor	11961.6
6	Fifth Floor	7080.32
7	Sixth Floor	4901.76
	Grand Total	64,106.8

Table 8: Total floor-wise Light Consumption (kWh)

3.1.2.2 Lighting Power Density (LPD)

The Energy Conservation Building Code 2017 defines Lighting Power Density (LPD) as the maximum lighting power per unit area of a space as per its function or building as per its classification.

LPD is a benchmark for the maximum allowable light per unit area provided in the ECBC 2017 and has been used here to compare with the lighting power allowance of each area in the college. The LPD using the 'Space Function Method' for some important activity areas has been calculated and compared with ECBC 2017 in Table 9.

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S. No.	Space	LPD as per ECBC 2017 (W/sq. m)	Calculated LPD (W/sq. m)	Meeting with ECBC Standard
1.	Library – reading Area	10.00	10.14	Yes
2.	Classroom	13.8	9.11	Yes
3.	Lab- Physics, chemistry	15.1	8.5	Yes
4.	Computer lab	15.1	17.18	No

Table 9: LPD for some important activity areas using 'Space Function Method'

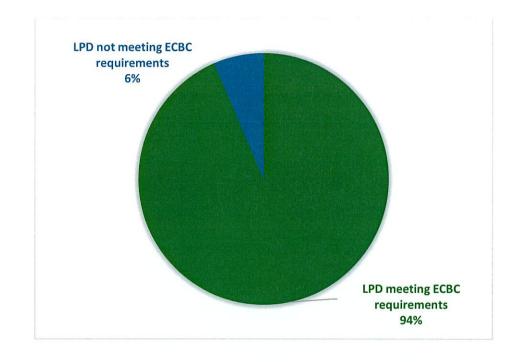


Figure 7: Percentage of areas complying with LPD norms as per ECBC using Space Function Method

3.1.2.3 Efficacy of Lamps

The Efficacy of a lamp is defined as the lumens produced by a lamp plus ballast system divided by the total watts of input power (including the ballast), expressed in lumens per watt. The higher the efficacy, lesser is the energy consumed by the lamp.

The comparative efficacies and environmental impacts of the lamps is provided in the table below:

Sr.	Lamp Type with Wattage	Efficacy Range	Rated Life	EOL Toxic
No.		(Lumens/Watt)	(Hours)	effects
1.	Fluorescent Tube Lights (T12 & T8)	34 - 57	5000-10000	Mercury
2.	Compact Fluorescent Lamps	25 - 70	10000	Mercury
3.	Light Emitting Diode	60 - 76	Upto 50000	NIL
4.	Incandescent Halogen filament (low voltage)	31 - 35	2000-3000	NIL
5.	Incandescent Tungsten filament	6 - 15	1000	NIL

Table 10: Comparative efficacies and environmental impacts of lamps

3.1.2.4 Wall Window Ratio and Day lighting

The overall **Wall to window ratio (WWR) is observed to be 25%.** During detail energy audit, Daylight was measured in some rooms randomly, to verify weather lighting level are in accordance to NBC.

The results of the survey of Lux levels are shown below:

Sr. No	Floor	Space	Lux	Lux level as per NBC	Is the LUX level matching with standard? Yes/ No
1	Ground Floor	Chemistry Staff Room	210	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
2	Ground Floor	Seminar Hall	220	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
3	Ground Floor	Gymkhana	210	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
4	Ground Floor	Store Room	205	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
5	Second Floor	Physics Lab 2	215	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
6	Third Floor	Maths Lab	216	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
7	Third Floor	English Lab	198	200 - 300 - 500	No
8	Third Floor	Biotechnology Lab	205	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
9	Third Floor	Microbiology lab	215	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
10	Third Floor	Library	230	200 - 300 - 500	Yes

11	Fourth Floor	Staff Room	180	200 - 300 - 500	No
12	Fourth Floor	Research Lab. DST	160	200 - 300 - 500	No
13	Fourth Floor	Statistics Lab	154	200 - 300 - 500	No
14	Fourth Floor	Room-44	180	200 - 300 - 500	No
15	Fourth Floor	Room-36 BBI	210	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
16	Fourth Floor	BMS Room	220	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
17	Fifth Floor	Room-55	230	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
18	Fifth Floor	Room-56	205	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
19	Fifth Floor	Computer Science Lab 3	270	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
20	Fifth Floor	Lab-2 Bsc 5th Flr	280	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
21	Fifth Floor	Lab-2 Bsc 5th Flr	195	200 - 300 - 500	No
22	Fifth Floor	Staff Room 5th Flr	330	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
23	Fifth Floor	Lab-1 5th Flr	320	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
24	Fifth Floor	It Staff Room	340	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
25	Fifth Floor	It Lab-1 5thflr	305	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
26	Fifth Floor	It Lab-2 5thflr	295	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
27	Fifth Floor	Room 53	280	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
28	Fifth Floor	Room 54	270	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
29	Fifth Floor	Room 55	264	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
30	Sixth Floor	Staff Room	380	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
31	Sixth Floor	Room 63	280	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
32	Sixth Floor	Computer Lab	320	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
33	Second Floor	Studio	350	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
34	Fourth Floor	Staff Room	340	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
35	First Floor	Trust Office 1st Floor	290	200 - 300 - 500	Yes

36	First Floor	Conference Room	310	200 - 300 - 500	Yes
37	First Floor	Principal Office	285	200 - 300 - 500	Yes

Table 11: Summary of lux levels comparison with NBC

Summary of Observations: Lighting

- There are in all 1163 lamps (artificial light sources) in the campus amounting to annual energy consumption of 64,106.8 kWh constituting 24 % of total energy consumption.
- 2. 63% of lighting consumption is from LED lamps.
- 3. As per the recommendation of previous green audit report, the college has replaced few old luminaries to LED.
- 4. Building envelope has **Window Wall Ratio (WWR) of 25%**, which is within ECBC's allowable norms of up to 60%.
- 5. **94%** of the spaces comply with the LPD norms of ECBC. By the Space Function method, most of the key activity spaces meet the ECBC norms.
- The highest lighting consumption is by the Ground floor (23%), Fourth floor lights (18%), followed by Third and First floor (16% and 14%) respectively.
- 7. Currently there are 82 outdoor lights manually switched off and switched on.

3.1.3 Energy Consumption for Thermal Comfort

Fans and Air Conditioning together consume **36%** of the energy consumption of the campus. Both these are required for thermal comfort of occupants. Only **12%** of the college space is conditioned.

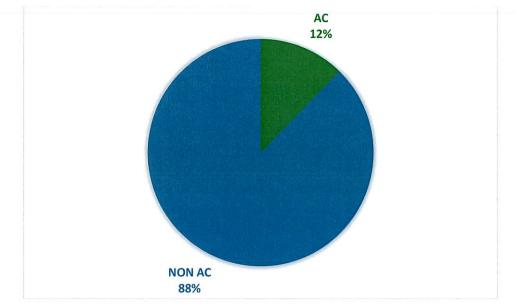


Figure 8: Conditioned and un-conditioned areas in Jhunjhunwala College

There are a total 529 ceiling fans fitted along with 60 exhaust fans and 5 wall mounted fan.

Fans contribute **17%** of the energy consumption. Break up of energy consumed by fans is provided in Fig. 9 and Table 12. The floor wise break up of fan consumption is provided in Figure 10 and Table 13.

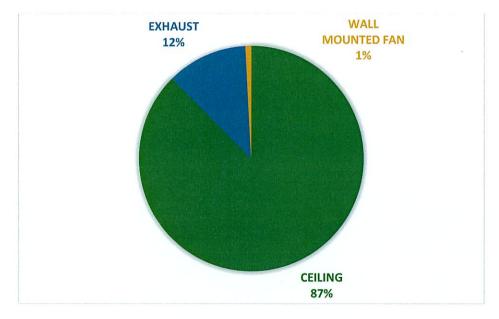


Figure 9: Types of Fans

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S. No.	Fan Type	Numbers	Total Consumption (kWh)
1.	Ceiling Fan	529	39647.4
2.	Exhaust fan	60	5271.6
3.	Wall Mounted Fan	5	386.4
	Grand Total	594	45,305.4

Table 12: Types of Fans and their wattages Consumption (kWh)

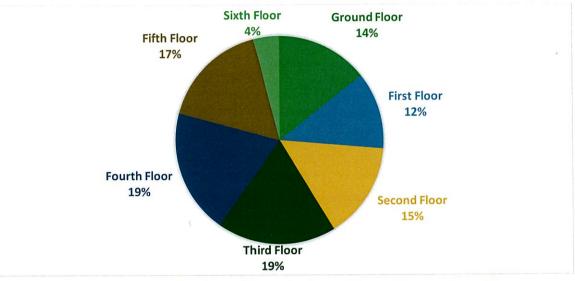


Figure 10: Percentage breakup of Floor-wise Annual Energy Consumption of Fans

Sr. No.	Floor	Total Consumption (kWh)
1	Ground Floor	6527.4
2	First Floor	5409.6
3	Second Floor	6789.6
4	Third Floor	8390.4
5	Fourth Floor	8776.8
6	Fifth Floor	7590
7	Sixth Floor	1821.6

Table 13: Total floor-wise Fans consumption (kWh)

Air conditioning is the third largest consumption for the overall college amounting to 19% of total energy consumption, 111.8 TR of refrigeration and 51,705.6 units of electricity annually (2022-2023). The comfort air-conditioning system at college mainly comprises of split and window units. The breakup of different indoor units and the floor wise consumption of AC is shown in Fig 11, Table 14 and Table 15.

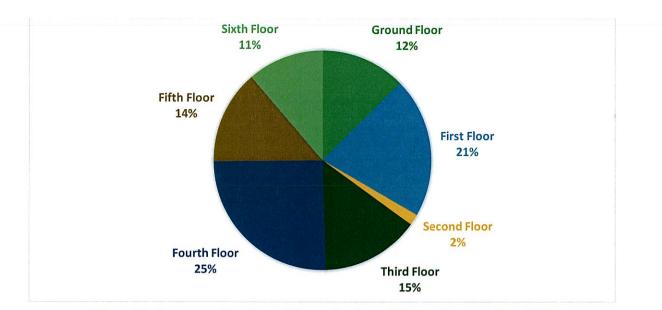


Figure 11: Percentage breakup of Floor-wise Annual Energy Consumption of AC

Sr. No.	Building	Total Consumption (kWh)
1	Ground Floor	6507
2	First Floor	10711
3	Second Floor	837
4	Third Floor	7542
5	Fourth Floor	13102
6	Fifth Floor	7162
7	Sixth Floor	5844

Table 14: Total floor-wise AC consumption (kWh)

	Split AC- Ground floor					
Sr. No.	Parameters	Units	Chemistry Research Lab	Chemistry Staff Lab	Seminar Hall	Seminar Hall
1	Make	-	Mitsubishi	Daikin	Daikin	Mitsubishi
2	Capacity	TR	1.5	2	2	1
3	Specific volume of Air	m3/kg	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.85
4	Air Flow rate	m3/sec	0.2695	0.334475	0.381695	0.20
5	Power Consumption	kW	1.39	1.67	1.86	0.90
6	Overall kW/TR	kW/TR	1.444	1.635	1.596	1.44
7	Energy Efficiency Ratio	kW/kW	2.4305	2.1464	2.1992	2.44

	3rd and 4th floor					
Sr. No.	Parameters	Units	4th floor - Windows	4th floor statistics lab	3rd floor- Mathematics	
1	Make	-	Mitsubishi	Mitsubishi	Daikin	
2	Capacity	TR	1.5	1.5	1.5	
3	Specific volume of Air	m3/kg	0.85	0.85	0.85	
4	Air Flow rate	m3/sec	0.17017	0.2405	0.2183	
5	Power Consumption	kW	1.78	1.46	1.65	
6	Overall kW/TR	kW/TR	3.276	1.988	2.476	
7	Energy Efficiency Ratio	kW/kW	<mark>1.0715</mark>	<mark>1.7653</mark>	<mark>1.4179</mark>	

Table 15: Details of AC units with their design parameters

The campus also has 67 ACs in total which include 46 split units and 21 window units installed in principal's cabin, computer lab, director's cabin, server room and Gymkhana etc.

Summary of Observations: HVAC 0

1. Ceiling fans account for almost 87% and exhaust fans amount for 12% and wall mount fans account for 1% of the total energy consumed by fans.

The overall fan consumption shows that third & fourth floor uses highest number 2. - 19% followed by fifth floor 17%, second floor 15%, first floor - 12%, all the other floors below 14 & 4%.

The overall air conditioning consumption shows that maximum usage is by the 3. Fourth floor – 25%, First floor – 21%, followed by Third floor-15%, Fifth floor -14%, Ground floors -12%.

As per the audit conducted, few AC units as marked in table 15 are working below 4. required EER and immediate maintenances is required.

3.1.4 Equipment Energy Consumption

Equipment contributes 40% of the total energy consumption. Major equipment includes CPU, UPS, lifts, copier, projector, xerox machine, water pump, TV, computer desktops. The detailed break up of energy consumed by equipment is shown below.

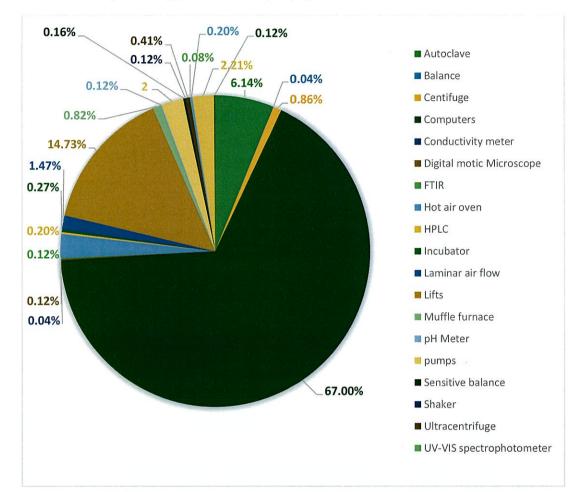


Figure 12: Types of equipment

S. No.	Equipment	Number	Wattage (kWh)
1	Autoclave	3	6900
2	Balance	1	46
3	Centifuge	3	966
4	Computers	562	75348
5	Conductivity meter	1	46
6	Digital motic Microscope	1	138
7	FTIR	1	138
8	Hot air oven	4	2760

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9	HPLC	1	230
10	Incubator	2	299
11	Laminar air flow	8	1656
12	Muffle furnace	1	920
13	pH Meter	3	138
14	Sensitive balance	4	1725
15	Shaker	1	184
16	Ultracentrifuge	1	138
17	UV-VIS spectrophotometer	2	460
18	Vaccum oven	1	92
19	Water cooler	9	230
20	Zeiss Microscope	1	2484
21	Lift	2	11040

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Table 16: Type of Equipment and their Wattage

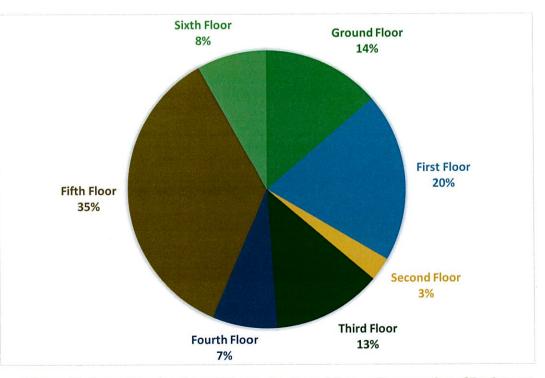


Figure 13: Percentage breakup of Floor-wise Annual Energy Consumption of Equipment

S. No.	Building	Total Consumption (kWh).
1	Ground Floor	14559
2	First Floor	20907
3	Second Floor	2898
4	Third Floor	13478
5	Fourth Floor	8004
6	Fifth Floor	37674
7	Sixth Floor	8556
	Grand Total	106076

Table 17: Total floor-wise Equipment consumption (kWh)

Summary of Observations: Equipment

- 1. Total energy consumption by equipment is **40%**.
- 2. The energy consumption by equipment is primarily through **computers at 67%** followed by Lift at 15% and Autoclave is 6%, Lamination machine is 4%, projector Is 4%, monitor is 3%, water pumps is 3%, microwave is 2%, and AV system, blowers, server, Wi-Fi routers is 1%.
- 3. The largest consumption of energy with respect to equipment is Fifth floor -35%, followed by First Floor 20%. This was mainly due to the administration and research areas have a greater number of working hours than classrooms. Some of the equipment used in the college are shown in the pictures below:

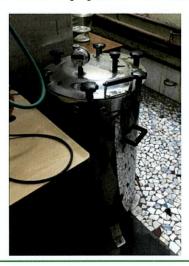


Plate 5: Autoclave machine



Plate 4: Pump Panel

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Plate 7: Hot air oven of chemistry lab

Plate 6: Incubator shaker

3.1.5 Electrical system study, Earthing and leakage currents

Thermal imaging was applied to the electrical power distribution to detect hot spots – likely to cause failures. Temperature readings above 40°C, are of concern and repairs to those spots are necessary.

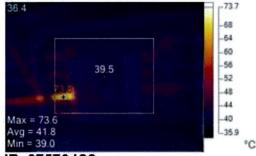
Sr.	Image	Description	Temp	Remark
No	No		°C	
1	7576	MAIN MCB- METER NO. 5118667	<mark>73.6</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
2	7577	MAIN MCB- METER NO. 5118654	<mark>41.8</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
3	7578	MAIN MCB- 125A MCB- B SECTION+ LAW COLLEGE- METER NO. 5118677	<mark>42.1</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
4	7579	MAIN MCB 40A DP- CANTEEN METER NO. 8422768	<mark>41.2</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
5	7580	MAIN MCB- 40A DP- XEROX MACHINE- METER NO. 8716305	37.3	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
6	7581	MAIN MCB- 63A MCB-4P- LIFT+ PUMP, METER NO. 7697082	<mark>41.8</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
7	7582	1ST FR- OFFICE+ SEMINAR HALL- MAIN MCB- METER NO. 5118662	<mark>58.4</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
8	7583	MPS HALL+ LIFT+ SHABU HALL+ COLLEGE LIFT+ GR FR, 2ND FR, 3RD FR METER NO. 079992507	38.1	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
9	7584	5TH FR- COLLEGE- METER NO. 07901619	<mark>50.7</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
10	7585	COLLEGE OFFICE BUILDING- METER NO. 07723865 MAIN MCB- 100A MCB	34	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
11	7586	MAIN INCOMER- 63A MCB- COLLEGE- 3RD FR, 4TH FR, 5TH FR METER NO. 07859703	<mark>40.1</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit

12	7587	GYMKHANA+ SEMINAR HALL- 100A BUSBAR	<mark>55.1</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
13	7588	GR FR- RESEARCH LAB+ CHEMISTRY LAB- 100A BUSBAR	<mark>81.3</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
14	7589	PUMP+ BACK SIDE OFFICES- 100A BUSBAR	33.9	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
15	7590	MAIN MCB- 100A BUSBAR- BIOLOGY DEPT- 1ST FR, GR FR- CHEMISTRY LAB	33	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
16	7591	1ST FR- MAIN MCB- 32A MCB- BIOLOGY DEPT.	34.3	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
17	7592	2ND FR- LEFT SIDE- PHYSICS DEPT MAIN 32A DP MCB	33.4	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
18	7593	2ND FR- RIGHT SIDE- CLASSROOM AREA- MAIN DB- 32A MCB	33.4	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
19	7594	3RD FR- LEFT SIDE- BUSBAR- 100A BUSBAR	<mark>44.8</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
20	7595	3RD FR- RIGHT SIDE- NEW BUILDING- BIOTECH DEPT- 32A 4P MCB+ 40A, 300mA- ELCB	37.2	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
21	7596	MAIN DB SOLAR SYSTEM- 32A MCB- 2NOS.	36.1	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
22	7597	4TH FR- BUSBAR- SOLAR BUSBAR- 100A	<mark>42.8</mark>	Temperature Above Permissible Limit
23	7598	LIFT NO.1 COLLEGE MAIN GATE LIFT- 40A, 100mA- ELCB	36.9	Temperature Within Permissible Limit
24	7599	LIFT NO.03- ICTP SWITCH 63A FUSES.	37.3	Temperature Within Permissible Limit

Table 18: Results of thermal imaging of distribution panels

Below are few images of thermography applied to the electrical power distribution to detect hot spots which can cause failures, and need immediate attention.

MAIN MCB- METER NO. 5118667

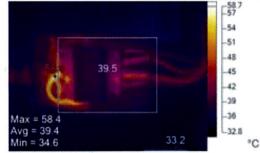


IR_07576.IS2 4/28/2023 2:05:01 PM Temperature Above Permissible Limit



Visible Light Image

1ST FR- OFFICE+ SEMINAR HALL- MAIN MCB- METER NO. 5118662

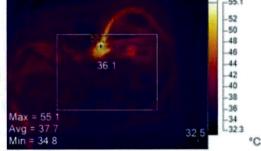


IR_07582.IS2 4/28/2023 2:17:37 PM Temperature Above Permissible Limit



Visible Light Image

GYMKHANA+ SEMINAR HALL- 100A BUSBAR



IR_07587.IS2 4/29/2023 11:13:03 AM Temperature Above Permissible Limit

Visible Light Image

	N-E Volt	age Details	
Sr. No	Description	N-E voltage (Volt)	Remark (Acceptable limit is less than 2 Volts)
	5th Floor-		
1	Computer Lab	1.9	Within Permissible Limit
2	Computer Lab-1	2.1	Above Permissible Limit
3	Computer Room near to staff Room	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
4	IT staff Room	2.2	Above Permissible Limit
5	IT Computer Room	2.3	Above Permissible Limit
6	Class Room-52	1.7	Within Permissible Limit
	4th Floor-		
7	BBI Staff Room	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
8	BMS Staff Room	2.2	Above Permissible Limit
9	Statistic Staff Room	2	Within Permissible Limit
10	Teacher Staff Room	1.9	Within Permissible Limit
	3rd Floor-		Within Permissible Limit
11	Computer Lab	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
12	Mathematics Staff Room	1.9	Within Permissible Limit
13	Library	1.7	Within Permissible Limit
14	Biotechnology	1.9	Within Permissible Limit
	2nd Floor-		Within Permissible Limit
15	Physics Room-3	2.7	Above Permissible Limit
16	Physics Staff Room	1.3	Within Permissible Limit
17	Biology Staff Room	0.3	Within Permissible Limit
18	Biology Lab-3	2.1	Above Permissible Limit

The Neutral Earth Voltage was checked in the following locations, few was found to be within permissible limit and few were found above permissible limit, which needs to be repair at earliest.

Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

19	Class Deserve 11	1.0	147:41 ·
19	Class Room- 11	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
20	Class Room- 12	1.7	Within Permissible Limit
	First Floor-		Within Permissible Limit
21	Pantry	2.2	Above Permissible Limit
22	Admin Office	<mark>2.6</mark>	Above Permissible Limit
23	Admin Office	2.2	Above Permissible Limit
24	Admin Office	2.3	Above Permissible Limit
25	Biology Lab	1.9	Within Permissible Limit
26	Biology Lab	<mark>2.1</mark>	Above Permissible Limit
27	Biology Lab	2.6	Above Permissible Limit
28	Principal Office	1.5	Within Permissible Limit
	Ground Floor-		Within Permissible Limit
29	Labrary-4 Chemistry and physics	1.5	Within Permissible Limit
30	Labrary-3 Chemistry	2.2	Above Permissible Limit
31	Chemistry Store Room	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
32	Chemistry Lab-1	1.7	Within Permissible Limit
33	Chemistry Staff Room	1.6	Within Permissible Limit
34	Main MCB - Meter No. 5118667	1.7	Within Permissible Limit
35	Main MCB - Meter No. 5118654	0.5	Within Permissible Limit
36	Main MCB - 125a MCB - B Section+ Law	1.3	Within Permissible Limit
	College- Meter No. 5118677		
37	Main MCB 40a Dp- Canteen Meter No.	1.7	Within Permissible Limit
	8422768		
38	Main MCB - 40a Dp- Xerox Machine- Meter No.	1.9	Within Permissible Limit
	8716305		
39	Main MCB - 63a Mcb-4p- Lift+ Pump, Meter	1.4	Within Permissible Limit
	No. 7697082		

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0	48	Main
0		Gr Fr
Ø	49	1st F
0	50	2nd
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0	51	2nd
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40	1st Fr- Office+ Seminar Hall- Main MCB -	1.6	Within Permissible Limit
10	Meter No. 5118662	110	
41	MPS Hall+ Lift+ Shabu Hall+ College Lift+ Gr	0.8	Within Permissible Limit
	Fr, 2nd Fr, 3rd Fr Meter No. 079992507		
42	5th Fr- College- Meter No. 07901619	1	Within Permissible Limit
40	Ciller Office Deliving Materials 0772220(5	0.7	Within Permissible Limit
43	College Office Building- Meter No. 07723865	0.7	
	Main MCB - 100a MCB		
44	Main Incomer- 63A MCB - College- 3rd Fr, 4th	0.8	Within Permissible Limit
	Fr, 5th Fr Meter No. 07859703		
45	Gymkhana+ Seminar Hall- 100a Busbar	<mark>2.1</mark>	Above Permissible Limit
	-		
46	Gr Fr- Research Lab+ Chemistry Lab- 100a	2	Above Permissible Limit
	Busbar		
47	Pump+ Back Side Offices- 100a Busbar	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
48	Main MCB 100a Busbar- Biology Dept- 1st Fr,	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
10	Gr Fr- Chemistry Lab	1.0	
	di II- dicinistry Lab		
49	1st Fr- Main MCB - 32a MCB - Biology Dept.	2.2	Above Permissible Limit
50	2nd Fr- Left Side- Physics Dept Main 32a Dp	2.3	Above Permissible Limit
	Mcb		
51	2nd Fr- Right Side- Classroom Area- Main Db-	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
31	32A MCB	1.0	
	52A MGD		
52	3rd Fr- Left Side- Busbar- 100a Busbar	2.2	Above Permissible Limit
53	3RD FR- RIGHT SIDE- NEW BUILDING-	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
	BIOTECH DEPT- 32A 4P MCB+ 40A, 300ma-		
	ELCB		
54	Main Db Solar System- 32A MCB- 2nos.	2.2	Above Permissible Limit
55	4th Fr- Busbar- Solar Busbar- 100A	2.3	Above Permissible Limit
56	LIFT NO.1 COLLEGE MAIN GATE LIFT- 40A,	1.8	Within Permissible Limit
	100ma- ELCB		
57	Lift No.03- ICTP Switch 63A Fuses.	1.9	Within Permissible Limit
51			

Table 18: Earth- Neutral Voltage

3.1.5.2. Earthing and Leakage Currents

Earthing And Leakage Currents were also measured during the Audit. As per observations of audit, most of the earth pit resistance were above permissible limit as shown in table 20

	Description	Resistance	Current	Remark
		Ω	mA	
1	MAIN MCB- METER NO. 5118667	12.4	15.3	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
2	MAIN MCB- METER NO. 5118654	8.3	10.6	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
3	MAIN MCB- 125A MCB- B SECTION+ LAW COLLEGE- METER NO. 5118677	2.6	4.85	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
4	MAIN MCB 40A DP- CANTEEN METER NO. 8422768	<mark>3.4</mark>	6.25	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
5	MAIN MCB- 40A DP- XEROX MACHINE- METER NO. 8716305	<mark>4.6</mark>	7.05	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
6	MAIN MCB- 63A MCB-4P- LIFT+ PUMP, METER NO. 7697082	<mark>3.5</mark>	4.5	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
7	1ST FR- OFFICE+ SEMINAR HALL- MAIN MCB- METER NO. 5118662	<mark>6.1</mark>	4.65	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
8	MPS HALL+ LIFT+ SHABU HALL+ COLLEGE LIFT+ GR FR, 2ND FR, 3RD FR METER NO. 079992507	0.74	<mark>53.7</mark>	Leakage Value Above Permissible Limit
9	5TH FR- COLLEGE- METER NO. 07901619	0.42	<mark>204</mark>	Leakage Value Above Permissible Limit
10	COLLEGE OFFICE BUILDING- METER NO. 07723865 MAIN MCB- 100A MCB	0.41	<mark>192</mark>	Leakage Value Above Permissible Limit
11	MAIN INCOMER- 63A MCB- COLLEGE- 3RD FR, 4TH FR, 5TH FR METER NO. 07859703	35.3	3.35	Earthing Above Permissible Limit

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0	12	GYMKH
0		BUSBAR
0	13	GR FR-
\bigcirc		LAB-10
\bigcirc	14	PUMP+
\bigcirc		BUSBA
0	15	MAIN M
0		DEPT-1
0		LAB
0	16	1ST FR- BIOLOO
\bigcirc	17	2ND FR
0	1,	MAIN 3
\bigcirc	18	2ND FR
0		AREA-
\bigcirc	19	3RD FR
		BUSBA
0	20	3RD FR
0		BUILDI
0		MCB+ 4
0	21	MAIN E
0		2NOS.
	22	4TH FR 100A
0		
0	23	LIFT No. 40A, 10
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0	24	LIFT N
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12	GYMKHANA+ SEMINAR HALL- 100A BUSBAR	0.084	10.3	Earthing Within Permissible Limit
13	GR FR- RESEARCH LAB+ CHEMISTRY LAB- 100A BUSBAR	0.085	10.4	Earthing Within Permissible Limit
14	PUMP+ BACK SIDE OFFICES- 100A BUSBAR	1.8	5.65	Earthing Within Permissible Limit
15	MAIN MCB- 100A BUSBAR- BIOLOGY DEPT- 1ST FR, GR FR- CHEMISTRY LAB	180	3.45	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
16	1ST FR- MAIN MCB- 32A MCB- BIOLOGY DEPT.	<mark>15.3</mark>	8.2	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
17	2ND FR- LEFT SIDE- PHYSICS DEPT MAIN 32A DP MCB	OPEN	0	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
18	2ND FR- RIGHT SIDE- CLASSROOM AREA- MAIN DB- 32A MCB	<mark>OPEN</mark>	2.3	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
19	3RD FR- LEFT SIDE- BUSBAR- 100A BUSBAR	215	3.4	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
20	3RD FR- RIGHT SIDE- NEW BUILDING- BIOTECH DEPT- 32A 4P MCB+ 40A, 300mA- ELCB	0.49	10.65	Earthing Within Permissible Limit
21	MAIN DB SOLAR SYSTEM- 32A MCB- 2NOS.	0.23	<mark>42.7</mark>	Leakage Value Above Permissible Limit
22	4TH FR- BUSBAR- SOLAR BUSBAR- 100A	2.1	<mark>177</mark>	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
23	LIFT NO.1 COLLEGE MAIN GATE LIFT- 40A, 100mA- ELCB	<mark>5.3</mark>	15.75	Earthing Above Permissible Limit
24	LIFT NO.1- 5 HP MOTOR	0.69	6.25	Earthing Within Permissible Limit
25	LIFT NO.03- ICTP SWITCH 63A FUSES.	1.1	6.5	Earthing Within Permissible Limit

26	LIFT NO.03-7.5 HP MOTOR	0.37	0.55	Earthing Within Permissible
				Limit

Table 20: Earth Resistance measurement

Poor insulation in electric devices and equipment's is the cause of earth leakage currents. Earth leakage currents are a major source of two very common electrical hazards:

- Risk of fire
- Risk of electrocution

In addition to the above, continuous undetected earth leakage currents also result in waste of electricity.

3.1.6 Benchmarking - Energy Performance Index (EPI)

The Energy Performance Index (EPI) of Jhunjhunwala College is 33.68 kWh/sq. m/year in 2022-2023as the billing data. As per the Bureau of Energy Efficiency's (BEE) EPI benchmark for institutional buildings in warm-humid climate zone (such as Mumbai) is 150 kWh/sq. m/year. The energy consumption of the college is well below this benchmark.

Climate Zone	EPI (kWh/m²/yr)
Warm & Humid	150
Composite	117
Hot & Dry	106
Moderate	129

Table 21: EPI bench mark by BEE for Institutes

3.1.7 Benchmarking – Specific Energy Consumption (SEC)

Specific Energy Consumption (SEC) is defined as the energy consumption per unit product. The specific energy consumption taking into account students, faculty and staff members were calculated to form a benchmark of **33.68 kWh/ person/ year** and **Rs**. **416 per person per annum (considering 2022-2023 data)**.

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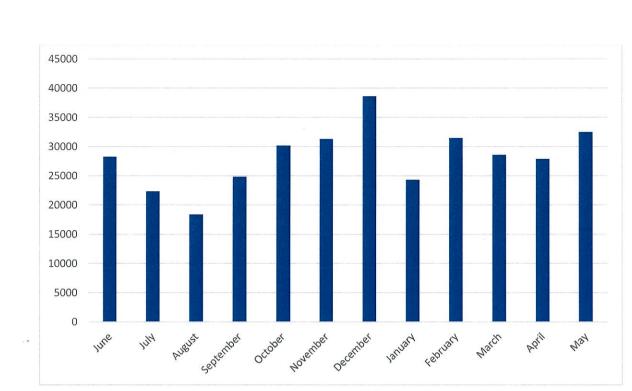
3.1.8 Billing Analysis and Metering system

- The energy consumption in the college is mainly in the form of electricity which is supplied through Adani Electricity Utility company and 10 KW solar PV panels on the terrace
- 2. The College is billed under category **LT IV (B)** for all 9 meters. This category is applicable for public services which includes Government and private hospitals and educational institutions.
- 3. The Monthly electricity bill for all the meters with LT IV (B) has the basic rate of energy as Rs. 6.00 per unit (kWh) in addition to fixed demand charge of Rs. 425 per connection per month, Wheeling charge of Rs. 1.74 per unit. Additional Fix charge of Rs 250 per 10 KW for three phase connection. The Tariff Structure of Adani Electricity Utility company along with additional Time of Day (TOD) tariff is summarized in tables below:

Tariff	Fixed Demand charge	Energy	Electricity	Wheeling	RA	FAC rate
Category	₹/Month	charge	duty	charge	charge	Paise /
		₹/Unit		₹/Unit	₹/Unit	Unit
LT IV B	Rs. 425 per connection per month	6.00	@21%	1.74	0.43	50.63

Table 19: Tariff Structure as per the Adani for FY 2021 – 22

- 4. The overall per unit charge is Rs. **11 per unit**.
- 5. It is **observed** that the annual energy consumption of the college as per electricity bills is **2,78,564 kWh for the Year March 2021– February 2023.** The average monthly consumption is approximately **23,213.7 units.** It can be seen that the months of December and May have the highest consumption. This could be attributed to excessive discomfort and use of fans and ACs due to higher insolation and relative humidity. It may also be related to activities in the college.



3.1.9 Pumps and Motors

The college has 3 main water pumps in the passage of ground floor. Two pumps are used to pump the water from UG tank and ring well to OHT. At present the pumps are run in auto mode of 5 hp capacity each as controllers are installed for running of the pump. The photos of the Pumps and their performance is provided in Plates 8 and Table 23

Sr no		Capacity in (hp)	Number	Time	Days	KW	Total usage Kwh/year	
1	Passage of Ground floor	5 hp	3	2 hours	300	7.5	2250	

Table 20: Pe	rformance	details	of	pumps
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Plate 8: Underground water pump

3.1.10 Renewable Energy- Rooftop Solar PV

The College has 34 nos. of Solar PV panels installed on the Rooftop in 2017 which have capacity of 10 kWp. These panels were installed by Hon. MP Dr. Kirti Somaiya as per the guidelines of MPLADS Administrative Approval in 2016-17. These panels are laid on the Sloping roof, based on the slope of the roof and not as per the best orientation for higher solar gain. A separate energy meter and inverter is also attached to the system.



Plate 9 : Installed Solar PV panels on the sloping roof and Solar meter of the college

1. Based on meter readings from Energy meter recorded from March 2022 to Febuary 2023, it was recorded that power generated is 28.47 kWh per day. The total electricity generated throughout the year was 10,393kWh.

2. College collaborated with Utility (Adani) and introduce a net metering system so that they wheel the power back to the Grid. The invoice of this system installed is attached in Annexure H.

3. The solar PV manufacturing data could not be obtained and hence it is not possible to comment on the deterioration rate considered on Y-O-Y basis for ageing of the Solar Panels.

4. As being given to understand this Solar power is consumed fully on fourth floor wherein considerable power demand is present at any given point of time.

3.2 Water

The College has an OHT of capacity **1,000 litres** and an UGT of capacity **5,000 litres**. There 135 wash basins (some located in labs and others are in washrooms), 8 WC have single flush type flushing tank while the rest of the toilet units have only ablution taps, and a total of 12 drinking water coolers. There are around 9 individual taps, of which 7 are used for gardening (on ground floor and terrace),

and 2 are near temple.

Considering 6950 persons at the rate of 45 litres per person per day (as per NBC), the maximum total **daily** requirement of the college is **312.75** kilo litres. This is shown in table no. 26. Monthly requirement should be **6,255 kilo litres** considering **20 days** of operation per month.

However, as per water bills submitted by the college, average monthly water consumption is **516 kilo litres**, which means daily consumption is around **26.9 kilo litres**. This amounts only **9%** of the calculated daily water consumption.

The college pays Rs. 5.94 per kilo litres of water in addition to the 70% of water charges as sewerage charges according to the tariff specified in the water bills.

The College campus water bill shows that the average **monthly water charges are Rs. 5,749/-,** accordingly the **per litre** of water cost is around **Rs. 11.15/-.** Table no. 25 gives details of the faucets, flushing devices and water coolers in the college.

S. No	Building	Floor	Total No.	Total No. of Toilet Blocks	Drinking Water/ Cooler	Wash Basin	Wash basin taps	Type of Flushing Tank (Dual Flush/ Single Flush)
1	Garden	Campus	6				Тар	
2	Chem Lab 1	Ground floor	17			Basin Tap		
3	Chem Lab 2	Ground floor	21			Basin Tap		
4	Chem Lab 3	Ground floor	9			Basin Tap		
5	Research lab	Ground floor	2			Basin Tap		
6	Chem Jr lab	Ground floor	14			Basin Tap		
7	Canteen	Ground floor	5			Basin Tap		
8	Canteen	Ground floor	2		Water cooler			
9	Ground floor	Ground floor	2		Water cooler			N
10	LCR	1st Floor	5				Тар	

11	1st floor	1st Floor	2		Water cooler			
12	Office Toilet	1st Floor	3					Single Flush
13	Office toilet	1st Floor	3			Basin Tap		
14	Pantry	1st Floor	1			Basin Tap		
15	Panty	1st Floor	2		Water cooler			
16	Biology Lab	1st Floor	9			Basin tap		
17	Biology Lab	1st Floor	3		Water cooler			
18	2nd floor	2nd floor	4		Water cooler			
19	Physics	2nd floor	9			Basin tap		
20	Boys Washroom	2nd floor	3	-				Single Flush
21	Boys Washroom	2nd floor	4			Basin tap		
22	Boys Washroom	2nd floor	2				Тар	
23	3rd floor	3rd floor	2		Water cooler			
24	Boys Washroom	3rd floor	3	3 push			Тар	
25	Boys Washroom	3rd floor	2			Basin tap		
26	Boys Washroom	3rd floor	1				Тар	
27	Library	3rd floor	1			Basin tap		
28	Biotech Lab	3rd floor	24			Basin tap		
29	Biotech	3rd floor	3		Water cooler			
30	Stats	4th floor	1			Basin tap		
31	Research lab	4th floor	2			Basin tap		_
32	Staff room	4th floor	2		Water cooler			
33	Staff room Gents washroom	4th floor	6				Тар	
34	Staff room Ladies washroom	4th floor	4				Тар	
35	Girls washroom	4th floor	2				Тар	
36	Lunch room	4th floor	1			Basin tap		
37	Lunch room	4th floor	2		Water cooler			

38	Temple	4th floor	2			Тар	
39	Research preparation room	4th floor	2		Basin tap		
40	4th floor	4th floor	2	Water cooler	-		
41	BMS Washroom	4th floor	1	, and the second s			Single Flush
42	BMS Washroom	4th floor	1		Basin tap		
43	5th floor	5th floor	3	Water cooler			
44	CS Washroom	5th floor	1				Single Flush
45	CS Washroom	5th floor	3		Basin tap		
46	BVOC Washroom	5th floor	2			Тар	
47	BVOC Washroom	5th floor	1		Basin tap		
48	61-62 room no.	5th floor	1			Тар	
49	Garden	Terrace	1			Тар	
50	Beauty parlour	Terrace	2		Basin tap		

Table 25: Toilet details in college

Category	Number of Occupants		Water requirement per person (LPCD)			water requ (LPCD)	irement
		Domestic	Flushing	Total	Domestic	Flushing	Total
Students	6666	20	25	45	133320	166650	299970
Teachers	134	20	25	45	2680	3350	6030
Non-teaching staff	125	20	25	45	2500	3125	5625
Administrative staff	25	20	25	45	500	625	1125
Total	6950				139000	173750	312750
					139	173.75	312.75

Table 21: Total water usage of the Campus

College has installed a water recycling unit to treat the waste water from drinking water cooler for reuse i.e., watering plants or gardening. This is an initiative to further reduce

the water for landscaping is commendable, as institution already have mist irrigation for terrace garden.



Plate 20: Waste water recycling unit being installed at the campus

3.2.1. Rain Water Harvesting

The college has successfully installed a rainwater harvesting system collecting water from the rooftop catchment through down take pipes fitted with filter which is used to recharge a 20 feet deep ring well. This water is used for cleaning the campus, landscaping and watering the plants as the quality of water is not feasible for drinking.





Plate 21: Rainwater harvesting down-take pipe and Recharge Ring well provision in campus

3.3 Solid Waste

The college generates approximately half kg of waste per day which amounts to 100 kg/year, which is organic / food waste from canteen. The waste is not segregated at source as per information submitted by college. There is scope to include various

segregation, recycling and composting concepts in the campus. The college has already marked out a place on campus for a compost pit.



Plate 22: Compost pit provided in campus

The college has developed an E-waste collection system in collaboration with Eincarnation Recycling Pvt Ltd. that collects the E-waste periodically.

Around 1400 kg of paper waste generated during the academic year is stored properly and then sold to the paper mart who send the paper for recycling. The acknowledgement is attached in Annexure F.

College has devised a credit based waste collection module. This not only creates the awareness amongst the student but motivates them to collect and deposit multi layer, in the process cleaning the surrounding environmetal from a type of plastic waste, allowing systematic recycling of the same. In accordance to this, Kulkarni foundation has nominated them as branch of Safai Bank of India. Letter forms the Annexure E.

An incinerator for medical waste is provided in one of the toilets on 3rd and 4th floor.

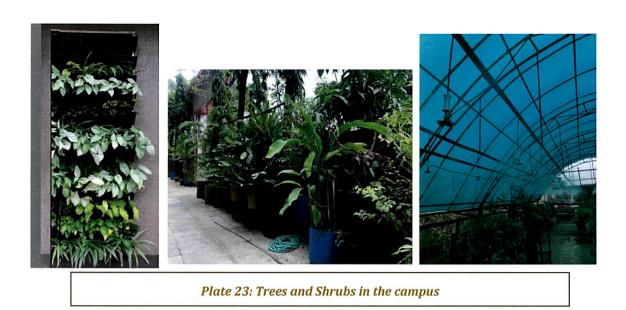
3.4 Environment Quality

As the college is located right next to the major railway station (Ghatkopar), there are several sources of noise and air pollution due to food stalls, railway line and associated activities. However, the college has created green buffer within and outside college along the compound. They have also created a green house on the roof top which has mist irrigation and hydroponic technology of growing plants. These efforts taken by the college are commendable. The college already has identified and listed the number of trees on campus. As they have botany department all the trees are listed by their scientific name and the information is already. All identified trees in the campus have QR code plate, scanning which the basic information of the tree can be read.

The list of trees along with their location submitted and displayed in the college is given below:

Sr. No	Common name	Scientific name	Type of plant	No. of Trees	Location
1	Sacred Fig	Ficus religiosa	Tree	2	Ground floor
2	Cluster Fig	Ficus racemosa	Tree	1	Ground floor
3	Mango tree	Mangifera indica	Tree	4	Ground floor
4	Yellow flametree	Peltophorum pterocarpum	Tree	4	Ground floor
5	Kasah	Sterculia alata	Tree	1	Ground floor
6	Indian Beech	Ponngamia pinata	Tree	1	Ground floor
7	Rain tree	albizia saman	Tree	1	Ground floor
8	Indian mast tree	Polyalthia longifolia	Tree	49	Ground floor
9	Pinwheel Flower	Tabernaemontana	Shrub	1	Ground floor
10	tree Areca palm	divaricata Dypsis lutescens	Shrub	9	Ground floor
11	Dumb cane	Dieffenbachia seguine	Shrub	5	Ground floor
12	Indian screw tree	Helecteris isora	Tree	1	Ground floor
13	Wild plantain	Heliconia sp.	Shrub	4	Ground floor
14	Crane Flower	Sterlitzia reginae	Shrub	2	Ground floor
15	Flame of woods	Ixora coccinea	Tree	3	Ground floor
16	Chinese chaste tree	Vitex negundo	Tree	2	Ground floor
17	Sandpaper vine	Petrea volubilis (Liana)	Creeper	1	Ground floor
18	Sago Palm	Cycas sp.	Tree	1	Ground floor
19	Rangoon Creeper	Combretum indicum	Creeper	1	Ground floor
20	Monkey brush vine	Combretum rotundifolium	Creeper	1	Ground floor
21	Ceylon Ironwood	Messua ferrea	Tree	1	Ground floor
22	Bitter cassava	Manihot esculanta	Shrub	1	Ground floor
23	White frangipani	Plumeria alba	Tree	1	Ground floor
24	Bridal Bouquet	Plumeria pudica	Tree	1	Ground floor

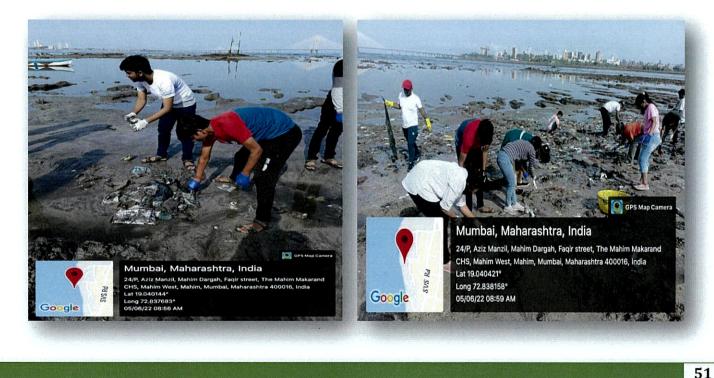
Table 22: List of Trees Species in the Campus



3.4.1. Beyond the Campus

Activity 1: Mega Beach Clean-up at Mahim (Celebrating World Environment Day)

Volunteers of Pavo Nature Club participated in Mega Beach Clean-up Drive at Mahim beach, which was conducted in collaboration with Muskurate Raho Foundation on account of World Environment Day. Volunteers were guided about the importance of beach clean-up. Volunteers separated Dry and wet waste from beach shore. It was with an aim to promote Safe Beaches for Marine Ecosystem.



Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

The Vruksha Bandhan was celebrated in collaboration with Atulya Shuruaat. The main motive behind this event was to make understand students about how we need to protect the trees to let them protect us. It was celebrated near the Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College's First gate. The event made us realize that our brother trees also need protection to protect us and we should do the need.



<u>Activity 3:</u> Department of Environmental Science and Disaster Management-Elasmobranchs and their conservation

A seminar was conducted by the Department of Environmental Science and Disaster Management on account of International Whaleshark Day on 30th August 2022. For the event, Ms. Dhanashree Bagade from Mangrove Foundation was invited to give a talk on 'Elasmobranchs and their conservation in Maharashtra'. She was accompanied by Mr. Jayesh Vishwakarma, Scientific Officer from Mangrove Foundation. 4 teachers and 28 students attended the seminar.



Activity 4: Tree Plantation Drive

The Tree Plantation Drive was conducted with an aim to control Global Warming, make Environment Pollution free and spread awareness on the importance of keeping a clean and green environment. Pavo nature club volunteers of RJ College participated in Tree Plantation Drive conducted on 19 June in collaboration with Muskurate Raho Organisation at Aarey Forest. Total 22 students participated in the drive students planted the tree saplings and learned new techniques about plantation. It was aimed for our future in order to make Mumbai Greener and pollution free.



The college has conducted more than 15 activities like tree plantations, beach clean-up drives, ecofriendly lantern making workshop, eco friendly colours, home waste composting workshop and many seminars on water and tree conservation. Details and images of few of the workshop is given as above. The college is also awarded the work of making QR codes for the trees along the main roads and parks in the jurisdiction of BMC. All the activities and awareness regarding environment well-being which is done by this college is remarkable.

3.5 Carbon Footprint

The total energy carbon footprint of the college is **220.06t** for one year. Majority college students and faculty use public transport like BEST buses and local trains to reach the college. The nearest railway station is Ghatkopar railway station for students and faculty.

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4. Recommendations for Green Campus and Feasibility for Jhunjhunwala College

4.1 Visual Comfort and Energy Efficiency

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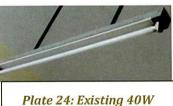
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The LPD values in educational spaces such as classrooms are found to be meeting the maximum norms as prescribed by ECBC 2017. However, few spaces correspond to lower illumination levels as measured during the random lux level survey of spaces. The overall lighting consumption is meeting the ECBC norms. It is therefore prescribed to improve the illumination levels in some spaces which have low illumination levels.

4.1.1 Replacement of T8 (40W) Fluorescent Tube Lights (FTLs) along with electromagnetic ballast with 18W LED Tube Lights having lumen output of 1800 (efficacy = 100 Lumens per Watt)

Since 40W Fluorescent Tube Lights (FTLs) are the largest source of lighting energy consumption, they should be replaced with efficient 18W LED T8 tube lights of 1800 lumens output (efficacy of 100 L/W) with long life of 40,000 hours, diffused uniform light output, better color rendering (CRI>83) suitable for learning spaces and built in protection circuit.



Fluorescent Tube Lights



Plate 25: Proposed 18W LED Tube Lights of 1800 Lumens output (efficacy = 100 L/ W)

		Replaceme	ent of Non	LED 40 V	V Tubelight t	o 18 W	LED Tub	elight		
Existing Type of Light	Existing Quantity	Existing Consumption (kWh)	Proposed type of Light	Proposed Quantity	Estimated Consumption (kWh)	Rate per unit (Rs)	Total Cost (Rs)	Annual Savings (kWh)	Annual Savings* (Rs)	Payback in years
40W Fluorescent tube light	315	23282.4	18W LED (t8) of 1800 Lumens	315	10477.08	₹ 300.00	₹ 94,500.00	12805.32	₹ 1,32,919.22	0.71

Table 28: Table for calculation of Replacement of tube lights and LED lights

4.1.2 Replacement of T8 (40W) Fluorescent Tube Lights (FTLs) and LED

Replace	ment of	Non-LED	40 W Tu	be light t	to 18 W LED Area)		ght - Sensor	based & D)immable (Corridor
Existing Type of Light	Existi ng Quant ity	Existing Consum ption (kWh)	Propos ed type of Light	Propos ed Quanti ty	Estimated Consumpti on (kWh)	Rate per unit (Rs)	Total Cost (Rs)	Annual Savings (kWh)	Annual Savings* (Rs)	Payback in years
40W Fluoresc ent tube light	17	1273.6	18W LED (t8) of 1800 Lumens	17	573.12	345.00	5,865.00	700.48	7,270.98	0.81
24W LED lights	44	2023.6 8	18W LED (t8) of 1800 Lumens	44	1517.76	345.00	15,180.00	505.92	5,251.45	2.89

lights with sensor based dimmable lights in passages

Table 23: Table for calculation of Replacement of tube lights and LED lights with dimmable motionsensor-based LED lights in passage area

4.1.3 Optimization of outdoor lights operation based on Astronomical timer

ECM No.	Energy efficiency improvement measures	Investment Rs. In Lakh	Estimated saving Electricity kWh	Estimated Savings Rs. In Lacs	Estimated Payback Years
4	Optimization of street light operation based on Astronomical timer	0.10	735	0.08	1.2

Table 30: Energy efficiency improvement measures

At many of the switching points, Analog and digital times are provided to switch ON and OFF the lighting system. At most of the place's timings are in the range as per table mentioned below

Sr No	Season	Switch ON time	Switched OFF time
1	Summer	6.30 PM	6.00 AM
2	Winter	5.30 PM	7.00 AM
3	Monsoon	6.00 PM	6.30 AM

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Time Switches are used to control events with respect to real time clock (RTC) whereas timers are used to control processing times. Therefore, RTC forms the basic difference between timer and time switch functionality.

With the help of Time switches it is possible to switch ON and OFF devices like lights, heaters, etc. automatically at desired time of the day / night thereby giving the advantage of convenience and reduction in power wastage or substantial energy savings. The need of automation in street light system is for accurate switching of lights at sunset or twilight sunset and switch OFF at sunrise or twilight sunrise with energy savings.

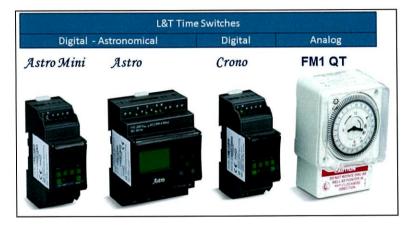


Figure 14 Time Switches

4.2 Thermal Comfort and Energy Efficiency

4.2.1 Replacement of regular fans with BEE star rated fans and Brushless Direct Current (BLDC) fans

xisting Type of Fan	Existing Quantity	Existing Consumption (kWh)	Proposed type of Fan	Proposed Quantity	Estimated Consumption (kWh)	Rate per unit based on exchange policy of Utility (Rs)	ess Direct Curre Total Cost (Rs)	Annual Savings (kWh)	Annual Savings* (Rs)	Payback period (Year)
Ceiling Fans 60W	529	39,647	Bajaj Energyos 26W regular	529	17,181	₹ 2,284.00	₹ 12,08,236.00	22,467	₹ 2,33,206.01	5.2

Table 31: Replacement of Regular fans with BEE star rated fans and Brushless Direct Current (BLDC)

fans

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The Power Utility Adani under its DSM Scheme provides for exchange of old fans with energy efficient fans at subsidized rates. Below is the table of rates as provided on their website.

Brand		power	Price Rs. (Inclusive of Delivery & Installation)					
			MRP	With Exchange	Discount %*	New Purchase	Discount %*	
Usha	Energia 32	32	3750	2290	39	2390	36	
Atomberg	Gorilla	32	3600	1880	48	2048	43	
	Super E1	35	3570	1870	48	1990	44	
Versa (Superfan)	Super X1	35	3690	2070	44	2170	41	
(00)	Super A1	35	4050	2820	30	2920	28	
* Actual dis	scount will	be more cons	siderin	g free deli	very and	installatio	Π.	
** Conventi	ional ceilir	ng fan consum	ies 75	- 80 watts	i.			
*** Prices 8	Models s	ubject to char	nge					

Table 32: Rates of Brushless Direct Current (BLDC) fans

However, an enquiry will need to be made with the utility to understand whether the policy is still in place, the subsidized cost and the number of fans that could be replaced under the Policy and the process for exchange.

In case, DSM policies are not applicable or partially applicable, the college can purchase fans directly. Cost and payback period will be double for fans directly purchased from vendor. Vendor list is provided in the Annexure G.



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4.2.2 AC maintenance

Currently few of the ACs are performing below the EER during the audit hence regular maintenance is necessary. In case any AC is being replaced or new ACs are purchased, the college should opt for BEE 3 or 5-star rated ACs only for superior performance and energy efficiency. We recommend the use of Airtron AC energy saving devices for all split and window AC units, especially those which are being used frequently. With its patented dual-sensor driver microprocessor technology, it can save up to 35% of energy consumption of an AC unit. Details of vendor are provided in Annexure H.

4.3 Recommendations for Solar PV system

• Cables of the solar panels should be properly ducted through a PVC pipe with openings to inspect connectors. This is required from fire safety point of view.

• Manual or sprinkler cleaning is essential to maintain efficiency of the solar panels.

• Painting and maintenance of the structure supporting the solar panels and the gangway is important from the safety perspective.



Plate 15: Picture showing the current gangway and open cables of the Solar PV panels

• College should contact the supplier and do health check-up of the entire system (Panel and Inverter).

• Clean the panels regularly.

• Check the Energy meter's calibration (Energy meter may show incorrect reading due to drifting of accuracy over period of time).

• Get further clarity on the distribution of the Solar power in the Electrical power distribution system in the college.

• The college can appoint a vendor for maintenance of Solar panels. Details are attached in Annexure J.

4.4 General Recommendations and best practices for energy conservation

General recommendations:

- **A separate energy meter** for each floor is also recommended. In the long run separate meter for light, fan, equipment and AC is recommended. This can also be connected to an IOT system to make it online so that energy consumption can be monitored on real-time basis. Vendor details are shared in Annexure H
- **Clean the AC filter** at least once a fortnight. A choked filter means poorer quality of cooling and more power consumed.
- **Replace old regulators with electronic regulators** to help reduce electricity consumption significantly
- Whenever existing AC units are replaced or new ones to be purchased, BEE 3-star or 5star rated machines should be purchased.
- For lights, fans and other equipment, it is recommended to engage with a service provider rather than purchase individual lights and fans. An AMC Contract should be signed with the service provider with clause on 'Performance Guarantee' with penalty / incentive clause for maintaining the System's output. This will result in bringing in accountability from Project Developer/ service provider.

Best Practices:

- Consider Using the AC optimally for an hour or two less every day. An AC switched off for an hour can keep a 20 W tube light on for 100 hours!
- o Maintain the A/c Temperature around 24°C 25°C (human comfort level).
- **Keep windows shut** after switching off the AC to keep the room cool for some more time. You would be saving significantly on power consumption.
- o Switch off the PCs when not in use.
- o Switch off lights and fans when leaving a room.
- The above points may also be displayed in important spaces such as classrooms, computer labs, staff rooms, etc.

4.5 Recommendations for Electrical system and Earthing

Earth pit maintenance and tightening of earthing joints is required. Please refer Table 33 to do the rectifications to avoid any shock hazards.

Sr. No.	Observations	Recommendations	Risk category
1	Leakage current is observed above permissible limits at following locations- MAIN DB SOLAR SYSTEM- 32A MCB- 2NOS 42.7 mA, 4 th floor Busbar- Solar System- 100A- 177 mA.	Need to attend the same. (It should beless than 30.0mA)	Medium
2	Earthing resistance value found higher than the standard limits of earth pit resistance specified inIndian Electricity Act 2003. (Up to 2 ohm) for Main Incomer- MAIN INCOMER- 63A MCB- COLLEGE- 3RD FR, 4TH FR, 5TH FR METER NO. 07859703- 35.3 ohms, MAIN MCB- METER NO. 5118667- 12.4 ohms.	Suggest to provide coal and salt in earth pits to improve earth pit resistance value.	Medium
3	Earth Neutral Voltage is observed high in below locations- IT Computer Room- 2.3 V, Physics Room- 3- 2.7 V, Main MCB - Meter No. 5118654- 5V.	Need to attend the same (It should be less than 2 V. Looping wiring need to be tightened	Medium
4	Rubber mat is not provided in front of main DBs of all floor and main meter Room.	Need to be provided.	Medium
5	Unwanted Material Storage observed in electrical areas which should be avoided as a good risk mitigation measure. Dust observed in meter room.	Need to remove unwanted material and Dust.	Medium
6	Emergency lighting system is not available in the premises.	Provision of emergency lighting at critical locations is required, separate battey backups Inverter is recommended and at least 10% of the total lighting load should be on these inverters.	Medium
7	Personal Protective Equipments- As per observation PPE kits are not available in Maintenance department and also in the main electrical Room Electrician and Supervisor does not wear any safety shoes. Insulated earthing / discharge rod, insulated safety hand gloves are not available with the operating team Shock treatment charts and sand buckets are not provided in electrical areas.	Following PPE Kits should be required- Arc Flash Suit, Electrical Safety Hand gloves- 11 kV, Safety Shoes, First aid Box.	Medium

Table 33: Issues in electrical system w.r.t to their risk category and recommendation

4.6 Carbon Footprint Reduction

The total carbon footprint inform of energy is **220.06t**. If the college can follow the recommendation mentioned above it can reduce up to **191.25t** of energy carbon

footprint. Also, with optimum utilization of Solar PV panels installed, the college can reduce more carbon footprint and can achieve zero energy carbon footprint. Ö

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4.7 Retrofit of Water Efficient Equipment

Replacement with water efficient equipment can lead to considerable water savings:



Replacement with water efficient equipment can lead to considerable water savings:



Plate 31: Proposed water saving aerators for the wash basin faucets

S. No.	Existing equipment	Replacement of existing equipment with energy efficient equipment	No. of units	Current Water consumption (liters)	Projected Water savings with efficient equipment (liters) - Annual	Unit rate (Rs)	Total Cost (Rs)	Payback period (Year/ Months)
1	Single Flush	Dual Flush	8	5,07,35,000	3,55,14,500	3840	30720	NA

Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

2	Regular Wash basin faucet	Water saving aerator faucet	134	134	67	8.5/-	1139	NA
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Table 24: Retrofit for Water Efficient Equipment

4.8 Waste Segregation and Composting

Waste segregators to be provided in the lobby of each floor for wet / organic waste, metal, wood, paper, glass.



Plate 32: Waste segregator to be installed at each floor level

Organic composting and maintenance of the same can be undertaken by contract with NGO such as Stree Mukti Sanghatana (contact details provided in appendix H).

4.9 Indoor Air Quality

Since the building is naturally ventilated, indoor air quality is not a major concern. Indoor plants can be added in administrative areas and hanging pots in corridors can be added to increase biodiversity improve air quality can be provided in the administrative areas on all floors.





Plate 33: Indoor plants - Dieffenbachia amoena, Chlorophytum comosum and Epimnum auries

4.10 Environment Improvement

Plant and tree species that attract birds and butterflies can be planted to increase biodiversity of the campus.



Plate 34: Plant species attracting birds and butterflies

4.11 Green Rating

The college can apply for following green building rating for evaluating performance and getting green rated:

Sr. No.	Rating	Provided by	Performance Evaluation	Registration / Rating fees
1.	EDGE	IFC, World Bank	Water, Waste and Energy	Pre-certification plus final EDGE certification – INR 1,20,000 + INR 9 per each additional sq m above 5,000 sq m.
2.	IGBC – Existing buildings	CII, IGBC	Whole building	Registration fees – INR 25,000 and certification fees – INR 50,000

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3.	BEE star rating	BEE, Govt. of India	Energy	Application to BEE
4.	GRIHA – Existing buildings	Green Rating for Integrated Habitat Assessment (GRIHA) Council	Whole Building	INR 2,00,000 + INR 3.5 per additional sq. m over 5,000 sq. m
5.	GEM Sustainability (Green) Certification Program - Campus (Educational/Cor porate and Others)	ASSOCHAM Green & Eco- friendly Movement (GEM)	Site Area (Acres) - Less than 10 Acres	Pre-certification fee INR 1,75,000 + ASSOCHAM Certification fee INR 2,50,000

Table 25: Green Building Rating Systems

4.12 ISO Management Systems:

In order to demonstrate its commitment towards sustainable environment, the college can adopt for certifications of management systems such as ISO 21001 which represents its quality commitments and ISO 50001 for energy management. The college is already certified as ISO 14001:2015 which demonstrates the commitment of college management towards the environmental sustainability.



Roshni Udyavar & Associates, May 2023

5. Glossary

- **Ballast:** A device used in conjunction with an electric-discharge lamp to cause the lamp to start and operate under proper circuit conditions of voltage, current, waveform, electrode heat, etc.
- **Built up area (BUA):** Sum of the covered areas of all floors of a building, other than the roof, and areas covered by external walls and parapet on these floors.
- **Common area:** Areas within a building that are available for use by all users in a building (i.e., lobbies, corridors, restrooms, etc.).
- **Connected load:** The sum of the rated wattage of all equipment, appliances and devices to be installed in the building or part of building or building complexes, in terms of kilowatt (kW) that will be allocated to all applicants for electric power consumption in respect of the proposed building or building complexes on their completion.
- **Contract demand:** The maximum demand in kilo Volt Ampere (kVA) (within a consumer's sanctioned load) agreed to be supplied by the electricity provider or utility in the agreement executed between the user and the utility or electricity provider.
- **Colour Rendering Index (CRI):** Colour Rendering Index (CRI) Measure of the degree to which the psychophysical colour of an object illuminated by the test illuminant conforms to that of the same object illuminated by the reference illuminant, suitable allowance having been made for the state of chromatic adaptation.
- **Correlated Colour Temperature (CCT) (K):** The temperature of the Planckian radiator whose perceived colour most closely resembles that of a given stimulus at the same brightness and under specified viewing conditions.
- **Demand:** Maximum rate of electricity (kW) consumption recorded for a building or facility during a selected time frame.
- **Demand factor**: Is the ratio of the sum of the maximum demand of a system (or part of a system) to the total connected load on the system (or part of the system) under consideration. Demand factor is always less than one.
- **Diversity factor**: The ratio between the actual power (Pact) and the rated power (P max) of systems.

- **Dry Bulb Temperature:** The temperature of the air, read on a thermometer, taken in such a way so as to avoid errors due to radiation.
- Efficacy: The lumens produced by a lamp plus ballast system divided by the total watts of input power (including the ballast), expressed in lumens per watt.
- Energy: Power derived from renewable or non-renewable resources to provide heating, cooling and light to a building or operate any building equipment and appliances. It has various forms such as thermal (heat), mechanical (work), electrical, and chemical that may be transformed from one into another. Customary unit of measurement is watts (W).
- Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC): The Energy Conservation Building Code as updated from time to time by the Bureau and displayed on its website. (www.beeindia.gov.in).
- **Energy Efficiency Ratio (EER):** the ratio of net cooling capacity in watt to total rate of electric input in watts under design operating conditions.
- Energy Performance Index (EPI): of a building means its annual energy consumption in kilowatt-hours per square meter of the area of the building which shall be calculated in the existing or proposed building as per the formula annual energy consumption in kWh/total built-up area (excluding storage area and the parking in the basement) in m²
- **EPI Ratio:** of a building means the ratio of the EPI of the Proposed Building to the EPI of the Standard Building.
- **Equipment:** Mechanical, electrical or static devices for operating a building, including but not limited to those required for providing cooling, heating, ventilation, lighting, service hot water, vertical circulation.
- Equipment, existing: Equipment previously installed in an existing building.
- **Illuminance:** At a point on a surface, the ratio of the luminous flux incident on an infinitesimal element of the surface containing the point under consideration to the area of the element.
- Interior Lighting Power: LPD x Gross Lighted Floor Area.
- Kilowatt (kW): The basic unit of electric power, equal to 1000 W.
- **Lighting system:** A group of luminaires circuited or controlled to perform a specific function.

• Lighting power allowance:

(a) Interior lighting power allowance: the maximum lighting power in watts allowed for the interior of a building

(b) Exterior lighting power allowance: the maximum lighting power in watts allowed for the exterior of a building

- **Lighting Power Density:** Maximum lighting power per unit area of a space as per its function or building as per its classification.
- Lumen (lm) : SI unit of luminous flux. The luminous flux emitted within unit solid angle (one steradian) by a point source having a uniform intensity of one candela.
- **Luminaires:** A complete lighting unit consisting of a lamp or lamps together with the housing designed to distribute the light, position and protect the lamps, and connect the lamps to the power supply.
- Lux: The unit of illuminance (the measurement of illumination) is lux which is 1 lumen per m².
- National Building Code 2016 (NBC): model building code that provides guidelines for design and construction of buildings. In this code, National Building Code 2016 refers to the latest version by the Bureau of Indian Standards.
- **Reflectance:** The ratio of the light reflected by a surface to the light incident upon it.
- **Space:** An enclosed area within a building. The classifications of spaces are as follows for purpose of determining building envelope requirements:

(a) Conditioned space: a cooled space, heated space, or directly conditioned space.

(b) Semi-heated space: an enclosed space within a building that is heated by a heating system whose output capacity is greater or equal to 10.7 W/m2 but is not a conditioned space.

(c) Non-conditioned space: an enclosed space within a building that is not conditioned space or a semi-heated space. Crawlspaces, attics, and parking garages with natural or mechanical ventilation are not considered enclosed spaces.

- **Specific Energy Consumption:** The Specific Energy Consumption (SEC) is defined as the energy consumption per unit of product output.
- Unconditioned buildings: Building in which more than 90% of spaces are unconditioned spaces.
- **Unconditioned space:** Mechanically or naturally ventilated space that is not cooled or heated by mechanical equipment.
- Uniformity Ratio: Minimum illuminance divided by average illuminance levels.
- **Ventilation:** The process of supplying or removing air by natural or mechanical means to or from any space. Such air is not required to have been conditioned.
- Watt: The unit of power.
- Wall Window Ratio: The ratio of vertical fenestration area to gross exterior wall area. Gross exterior wall area is measured horizontally from the exterior surface; it is measured vertically from the top of the floor to the bottom of the roof.
- Wet Bulb Temperature: The steady temperature finally given by a thermometer having its bulb covered with gauze or muslin moistened with distilled water and placed in an air stream of not less than 4.5 m/s.
- Working Plane: A horizontal plane at a level at which work will normally be done.

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7. Annexure

A. Usage data collection template

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S. No	Name of the Space	Hoor	ų	Height	Type of Light (LED/ Halogen/ Tubelight/ Twin tubelight/ Incandescent)	TED/NON-TED	Total no.	Approximate Wattage(W)	Ballast wattage	Usage hours/ day	Total no. of days used	Total usage Wh/year	Total usage KWh/year	Total wattage	6	Connected Load
and a state of the	Chamister I ah 7	Ground floor	198 19	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	35	40	14	10	180	3402000	3402	2034	10.2629	1.89
-	Chamber 1 - 1 - 2	Ground floor			LED light	LED	9	24	0	10	180	259200	259.2			0.144
	Chamistry Let 1	Ground floor	113.46	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	12	40	14	10	180	1166400	1166.4	744	6.55738	0.648
-	Chemistry Leb 1	Ground floor			LED light	LED	4	24	0	10	180	172800	172.8	100		0.096
-	Staff room	Ground floor	35.34	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	2	40	14	0	180	388800	388.8	100	1.0400/	170
4	Balance room	Ground floor	21.3	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	2	40	14		100	86400	80.4	111	740/0.0	SULU
2	Store room	Ground floor	28.48	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	9	40	1		007	218400	1010	111	TO/CTT	ACE O
9	Chem Lab 3	Ground floor	35.65	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	9	40	14	89	150	000000	00.004	710	atct'nT	10046
	Chem Lab 4	Ground floor	44.15	3.5	LED light	LED	2	24	0		120	07169	21.40	ACK		10400
2	Chem Lab 4	Ground floor			Tubelight	NON-LED	6	40	14	8.	150	022240	+0.550	Pot	15 1403	POTO D
63	Research Lab	Ground floor	21.4	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	9	40	14	4	100	000671	0.671	170	70+1.61	+700
6	Canteen	Ground floor	74.8	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	10	40	14	5	60	107000	102	176	6766-71	1384
10	Seminar Hall	Ground floor	58.5	3.5	LED light	LED	16	24		4 "	001	UUUUUU	0031	UFCE	TOUL FC	374
11	Gymkhana	Ground floor	139	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	60	40	14		ODT	10100	C+ DA	216	1 55306	0.716
12	Gymnasium	Ground floor	139	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	4	40	14	4	00	Oterc	+0.10		DECCET	ATT.
E	Hindi centre, counselling room, Extension activities, Mcom centre	Ground floor	25.88	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	Q	40	14	2	100	64800	64.8	780	30.1391	0.324
	NJS, NLC,		10.43	36	I ED liabe	1FD	19	24	•		300	1094400	1094.4			0.456
14	Passage	Ground Tloor	74.601	2	Tubuliate	UAL-MON	-	40	14	=0	300	259200	259.2	105		0.108
	Passage	Ground floor	21 105	35	Tubeliehe	NON-LED	103	40	14	8	300	13348800	13348.8	6378	31.7108	5.562
5	Office	LITST TIOOL	CT-TA7		1 FD lieht	LED	34	24	0	69	300	1958400	1958.4			0.816
	Office Start 4	First floor	151 64	35	LED lieht	TED	9	24	•	60	300	345600	345.6	1116	7.35954	0.144
PI	00 C00 T	First floor			Tubelicht	NON-LED	18	40	14	60	300	2332800	2332.8			0.972
:	at the 2	First floor	70.67	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	6	40	14	8	180	699840	699.84	486	6.87703	0.486
1	DIG LED 2	First floor	67 53	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	11	40	14	60	180	855360	855.36	\$34	12.3501	0.594
9	Bio Lab 2	First floor	30.25	3.5	LED light	LED	10	24	14	-	180	547200	547.2		•	0.38
20	Rio Staff Boom	First floor	33.1	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	60	40	0	-	180	460800	460.8	010	19.3353	0.32
21	Bio Lab 5	First floor	56.53	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	60	40	14	8	150	622080	622.08	480	8.49107	0.432
	Bio Lab 5	First floor			LED light	IED	2	24	18	8	180	120960	120.96	110		0.044
22	LCR	First floor	89.22	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	18	40	14		150	1399680	1199.00	216	10.0944	7/2/0
23	Room 12	First floor	122.52	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	12	40	14		150	933120	21.659	195	1122 2 2571 A	0 504
24	Room 11	First floor	110.85	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	II	40	14		180	Decce	DC.CC0	101	1 06667	0 197
25	Passage	First floor	180	3.5	LED light	LED	10	24		• •	DOL	005017	7776	10	6.8883	0.324
26	Room 21A	Second floor	47.03625	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	9	40	14	0 00	180	466560	466.56	i đạ	6.8383	0.324
27	Room 21B	Second floor	47.05625	2.5	Tribalisht	NON-LED		40	14		150	622080	622.08	432	9.10989	0.432
28	Room 22	Second noor	174-14	35	Tubelisht	NON-LED	• • • •	40	14	60	150	622080	622.08	432	5.40405	0.432
67	10 moon	Second floor	51 30	3.5	Tubelicht	NON-LED	60	40	14	8	180	622080	622.08	432	8.4063	0.432
2	Boom 76	Second floor	85.324	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	7	40	14	8	180	544320	544.32	402	4.71145	0.378
;	Room 26	Second floor			LED light	LED	1	24	•	8	180	34560	34.56	010	10130	0.024
32	Phy Leb 1	Second floor	151.64	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	17	40	14		180	1321920	1321.92	PIA	TOCCO.0	01270
33	Phy Dark Room	Second floor	28.19	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	9	40	14	10	180	000000	00.004	102	00007 8	0 504
34	Phy Lab 2	Second floor	69.94	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	II	40	14	-	100	DOCCCO	CE 443	178	13 400	0 378
35	Phy staff room	Second floor	28.19	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	-	nt	11	0 0	Tan	1477440	1477.44	1026	6.4125	1.026
36	Phy Lab 3	Second floor	160	3.5	Tubelight	MON-LED	19	40	14		150	466560	466.56	324	1.8	0.324
37	Passage	Second floor	180	3.5	Tubelight	NON-LED	0 9	40			180	UTYCEVE	1032 64	2106	10.5069	2.106
38	Biotechnology Dept	Third floor	200.44	3.5	Tubelight	NON-TED	n «	40	1		180	622080	622.08	432	5.51434	0.432
39	Room 35	Third floor	78.3412	2.5	TUDENERT	NONLED		40	14		180	699840	699.84	456	6.07956	0.486
9:	Roam 39	Third floor	A5 505	55	Tubelieht	NON-LED	0	40	14	60	180	699840	699.84	456	10.6801	0.486
4	Study Koom	Third floor	5720 10	3.5	Tubelicht	NON-LED	15	40	14	80	180	1166400	1166.4	55	10.1411	0.81
4	Ubrary 01	THE ROOM	TANKS													

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Total usage Kwh/year	15557	SOA	51.84	468	51.84	20736	103.68	36	15552	36	259.2	51.84	36	1414/2	20702	108	25.92	51.84	4043.52	144	570.24	311.04	207.36	155.52	414.72	414.72	36	725.76	725.76	9/7570	77576	144	725.76	72	725.76	725.76	725.76	362.88	8	103.68	36	207.36	36	311.04
Total usage Wh/year	155520	504000	51840	468000	51840	207360	103680	36000	155520	36000	259200	51840	36000	414/20	002205	108000	25920	51840	4043520	144000	570240	311040	20/360	155520	414720	414720	36000	725760	725760	09/57/	144000	144000	725760	72,000	725760	725760	725760	362880	36000	103680	36000	207360	36000	311040
Total no. of days used	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180
Usage Hours per day	4	4	4	4	4	60	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4 4	4 =	1 4	2	2	80	8	4	4	4 4	4	4	4	4	80	60		0 00	00	8	8	69	89	8	4,	4	4	4	4	4	8
Ap proximate W attage	72	205	22	3	72	72	72	50	72	50	72	72	ន វ	2 4	7 4	: 5	72	72	72	50	72	72	72	2	72	72	50	72	72	77	3 8	50	72	50	72	72	72	72	2 2	2	50	72	50	72
Total no. of Fans	m	14	1	IJ	1	2	2	1	ň	1	5	1		7 0		'n	1	2	8	2	11	9.	4 0	m	89	8	1	7	2		7	N	7	1	7	7	2	1		2	1	4	1	m
rype or Fan (cening/ Exhaust/ Wall Mounted Fan/ Pedestal Fan)	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan	Ceiling fan	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan	Celling fan	Exhaust fan	Celling lan	Celline fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan	Ceiling fan	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Cellingfan	Ceiling fan	Wall mounted fan	Ceiling fan	Ceiling fan	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan	Ceiling fan	Celling lan	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan	Celling fan	Celling fan	Celling tan	Wall mounted fan	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan	Exhaust fan	Ceiling fan
Floor	Ground floor	Ground floor	Ground floor	Ground floor	Ground floor	Groundfloor	Ground floor	Ground floor	Ground floor	Ground floor	Ground floor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Firstfloor	Second Floor	Second floor	Second floor	Second floor	Second floor	Second floor	Second floor															
Name of the Space	Chemistry Lab 2	Chemistry Lab 2	Chemistry Lab 1	Chemistry Lab 1	chem library	Staffroom	Store room	Store room	Chem Lab 3	Chem Lab 3	Chem Lab 4	Research Lab	Research Lab	Cominal Interimot	Cum khana	Gymnasium	Hindi centre, counselling	Passage	office	Office	Bio Lab 1	Bio Lab 2	Bio Lab 2	Bio Staff Room	Bio Lab F	LCR	LCR	Room 12	Room 11	KDOM 21 A	Room 21B	Room 21B	Room 22	Room 22	Room 23	Room 24	Room 26	Phy Lab 1 phy Lab 1	Phy Lab 1	Phy Dark Room	Phy Dark Room	Phy Lab 2	Phy Lab 2	Phy staff room
S. No	1		2		m	4	9		7		60	01		4	1 0	1 1	14	15	16		17	18	2 8	21	22	23		24	<u>ب</u>	9	27		28		50	30	R	32		8		R		35

Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

S.NoName of the Space1Passage2Passage3biology lab4biology lab5biology lab6biology lab7Central facitly lab9Central facitly lab10Central facitly lab11Central facitly lab12Central facitly lab13Central facitly lab14Central facitly lab15Central facitly lab16Passage17Passage20biotectnology lab21biotectnology lab22biotectnology lab22biotectnology lab	Acceleration Ground floor Ground floor First floor First floor First floor First floor First floor b First floor	Name of the Equipment Water coolor	Equipment	Wattage	dav	days used	Wh/year	Kwh/year	Load
		Water coolor				のためのないのないないないないのできょうです	The property of the local data and the second se		
		Water cooler	Ħ	100	12	180	216000	216	0.1
		Matel COUDI	1	100	12	180	216000	216	0.1
		Autoclave	1	6000	2	180	2160000	2160	9
		Hot air oven	2	1500	2	180	108000	1080	m
		Incubator	1	300	2		108000	108	0.3
		M uffle furnace	1	2000	2		720000	720	2
		Ultracentrifuge	1	1000	2	180	36000	360	1
		HPLC	1	500	2	180	180000	180	0.5
		Digital motic Microscope	1	300	2	180	108000	108	0.3
		FTIR	1	300	2	180	108000		0.3
		Centifuge	2	700	2	180	504000	504	1.4
		Sensitive balance	2	100	2	180	72000	72	0.2
	a constant	Laminar air flow	1	450	2	180	162000	162	0.45
		pH Meter	2	100	2	180	72000	72	0.2
		Conductivity meter	1	100	2	180	36000		0.1
		Water coolor	2	100	12	180	432000	432	0.2
	Third floor	Water coolor	2	100	12		432000	432	0.2
	and the second se	Hot air oven	1	1500	2	180	54000	540	1.5
	Thi	Incubator	1	350	2	180	126000		0.35
	Thi	Autoclave	1	6000	2	180	216000	2160	
	Thi	Shaker	1	300	2	180			
	Thi	Laminar air flow	m	450	2	180			135
	Four	Autoclave	1	3000	2	180	F		m
	Fourth floor	Hot air oven	F	1500	2	180			
	Fourth floor	Vaccum oven	F	500	2		130000	180	
	Fourthfloor	Laminar air flow	2	450	2	180			
Т	Fourth floor	Zeiss Microscope	7	300	2	180	C .	-	
	Fourth floor	UV-VIS spectrophotomete	2	100	2	180			
	Fourth floor	Centifuge	1	200	2	180			
	Fourthfloor	Sensitive balance	2	100	2	180			
	Fourth floor	Laminar air flow	2	450	2	180	m	m	
	Fourth floor	pH Meter	1	100	2	180			
	Fourth floor	Balance	1	100	2	180			
	Fourth floor	Water coolor	2	100	12	180			
35 Passage	Fifth floor	Water coolor	1	100	12	180			
	all five floor	Computers	562	100	Ð	180	U U	Ű	
Γ	ground floor	sdund	m	1500	1	300			7.5
Life	all five floor	Lifts	2	4000	9	300		_	
							91404000	91404	106.25

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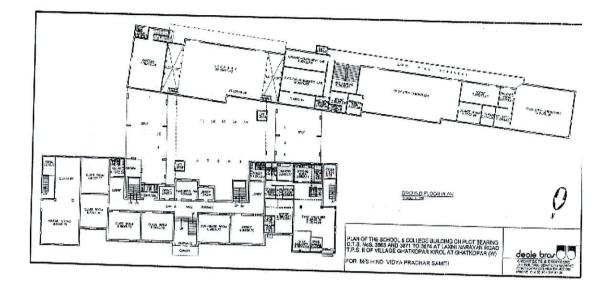
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B. Floor Layouts



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Figure 16: Campus Layout

Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

C.Sample Electricity bill of Jhunjhunwala College

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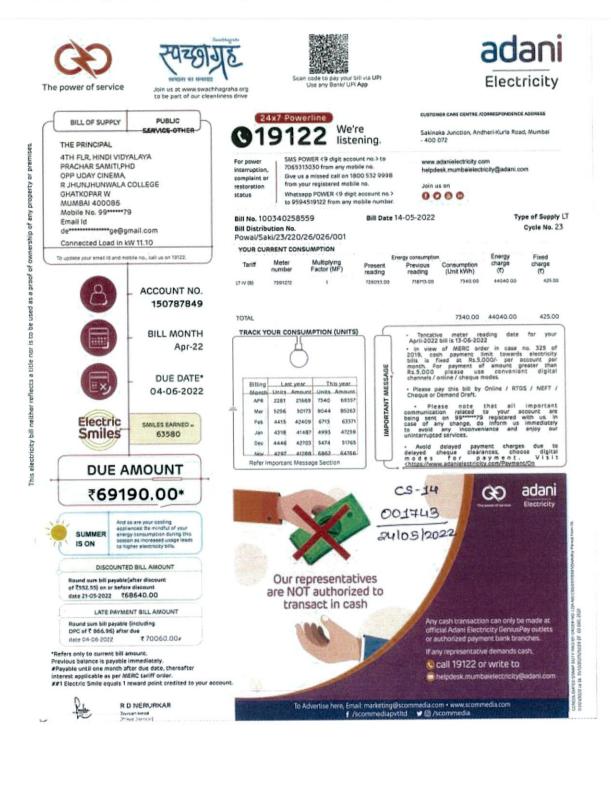
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D.Sample Water bill

	SAC:999	111	-:ज	ल आकार देवक:-	GSTIN	27AAALM0042L3Z4	
लजोडणी धारकाचे नाव आणि प	ग्ताः-			बिभाग (Ward)	टेयक कालावची	24-08-2021 to 2	3.11.2024
RINCIPAL				N-ward	(Bill Period)	24-00-2021 10 2	J-11-2021
MINIRANDAN JHUJUNWALL ESTMUMBAI400086	A COLLEGEGH	ATKOPAR	সলা	नोडणी क्र. (CCN)	टेय दिनांक		
			N	IXA6170008	(Due Date)	10-01-20)22
			पुस्तक /	맥영 弟. (Binder/Folio)			
				N 46/185	विद्यमान देवक रवकम		
ोएसटी आव एन :			मनपा अधि	नियम क्र. MMC Act Sec No	(Current Bill Amount) ₹	1530	
AC/UID No.				169			
			देयक	इतमांक (Bill No.)	देवक निर्मिती दिनांकास जादा जम	। रवकम	0
टणीकृत मोबाईल क्रमांक ः			212	2HEW0988695	(Excess Credit Amount	as on Date)	v
रिणोकृत ई-मेल आय डौ :				दिनांक (Bill Date)	Bill Process Date -	12/9/:	21 2:22 PM
दैनिक गरज (लिटर)	1			11-12-2021	* Available Security De	^{posit} }₹	
(Daily Requirement)		सटनिका / गाळे/वोपडी lo-Flat/Gala/Slum)		ोडणी आकार (मि.मी.) Innection Size MM)	(उपलब्ध अनामत रक्कम :)	1	
1		0		40		Second Statements and Statements and	
जलमापक मालको (Meter Ourpership)	जलमापक क्र (Motor Nur		उत्पादकाचे नाव	সলন্যথক আক্ষাং (নি.না.) (Mater Circ MM)	देयक तप्रशील (Bill Deta	iils)	₹
(Meter Ownership) Private	(Meter Nur 31247		r Make) ranti	(Meter Size MM) 40	জলসাকার (Water Cha	rges)	900
मागील बाचन दिनांक / बाचन।		विद्यमान बाचन दिनांक /4			নবনি:মাংগ আজাং- সলআজাংগ্রমা		630
Previous Reading Date/Rea	and the second se	Current Reading Date		दिवस (Days) / Frequency	Sewerage Charges - (70%) of		0.00
24-08-2021		23-11-20	21	91	जलमापक भाई (Meter Re	ent)	0
12		35		В	अतिरिक्त आकार (Addition	nal Charges)	(
विद्यमान वापर (कि.ली.)	दुय्यम	। / संमिश्र वापर सूर (कि.)	ली.)	प्रत्यम्न वापर् (कि.ली.)	শৰিমাৰে (Surcharge)		C
(C1)Current Consumption(KL) (C2)	Sub Meter /CP use ((L) (C1-C2	Actual Consumption(KL)	विद्यमान देयक रक्कम (Curre	nt Bill Amount)	1530
(C1) 23	(C2)	0	(C1-C2) 23	मागौल बाकी (Previous O	utstanding)	0
जलमापक स्थितो / आधार		जलजोडणी प्रकार	1	दर प्रति (कि.लो.)	जमा रक्कम (Credit Amo	unt)	0
(Meter Status/Base)	(0	Connection Type) MB01		Rate (Per KL) 5.94	एकूण देय रक्कम (Total Pa	yable Amount)	1530
	वापर (कि.ली.)]				
	Consumption KL		महत्वाच्या	भूचन। 1 प्ररणा केला जुड़ी ही स्वत	जलट्यकाच्या आध १. [®] Brihanmumbai Mahana	ादानाकरिता (Payment): uramalika°या नावाने बना	-
21-05-2021 to 24-08-2021	7	ग्राहव बरनी जावार			धनादेशाच्या पाठीमागे जलजोडणी इ		
23-02-2021 to 21-05-2021	4	वेचे रसेच मोडावुंन	T My BMC 24X7	या app हारे बेखील जलजो या app हारे बेखील जलजो यम प्रत प्रपल्ख होते, तमेख	2. To make Payment thro IFSC Code - SBIN0000	ugh NEFT -	1##X0
23-11-2020 to 23-02-2021	0	चळवाकौमह जनवे	वकाया मरका करना व्या मरका केल्याची म	वेत्रो.	A/C.No MCGMWCNX	A6170008	10.5
24-08-2020 to 23-11-2020	0		काने मोडाईन नंडर ड (जनकामे) वांच्याको	डूं.चेल, संडवित डिवातीय नेप्राचा	Name - MCGM Water Cha Branch - SBI - Mumbai Ma	- 14	- 1
20-05-2020 to 24-08-2020	0		C/UID क्रमांक विग) याच्याको अर्जातारे	सार कार्जलकात्रील सहाव्यक 'नोदवावा.	branch - 361 - Mumbai Ma		
	2096			ल्यास सहर देवक सोटोस संवितितन कलन २७१ जन्मचे			
24-02-2020 to 20-05-2020	BADDARD BADDARD BADDARD	होन नाही.	करण्यात येईनः द्वाः	सेटीग्रीमुळे यूजींजी जोटीस रद्	9		
	2315			Contraction of the second second second			
21-08-2019 to 21-11-2019	2315 2241 2241	महिन्दांदेशा व द्वार	सर्व जलजोडण्यावरील	कोल खाजाते जनमापळ, १२ १ खाजती जनमापळ ६ 	Met	er Reading Image	1
21-08-2019 to 21-11-2019 21-05-2019 to 21-08-2019	2241	सहित्यांपेक्षा व हुन्स महित्यांपेक्षा जास्त व अस्रत्यास कारणार्च	सर्व जलजोडण्यावरीत फालावधीसाठी ताबुरूस ो देसँदिन सरज क्रिंडा 1	र ख्राजनो जलसण्ळ ६ न (EXM,RVS,MMR,TPR) मानोल कालाक्योतील प्रत्यक्ष	Met	er Reading Image	
21-08-2019 to 21-11-2019 21-05-2019 to 21-08-2019 22-02-2019 to 21-05-2019	2241 2241	सहित्यावेक्षा व हुकर महित्यावेक्षा जास्त व असत्यास काउपार्च वापर याउँको जो ज वापर ताव्यकान वेते	सर्व जलत्रोड्डण्डावरीत हालावडीसाठी ताबुरुर देसींदन सरज किंडा हस असेल तो व त्या व हे.	र प्राउमो जलवाएक ६ त (EXM,RVS,MMR,TPR) बामोल कालाव्योतील प्रथ्यक्र गणराजर २५ % अधिक जहोज	Met	er Reading Image	
21-08-2019 to 21-11-2019 21-05-2019 to 21-08-2019 22-02-2019 to 21-05-2019 28-11-2018 to 22-02-2019	2241 2241 2144	महित्यप्रेश व दुवर महित्यप्रेश जास व अमत्यास प्राप्तय बापर याप्रैकी जो ज बापर ताब्यप्रास प्रेन ७ आग्रते जनमप्रव	सर्व जलत्रोड्डण्डावरीत हालावडीसाठी ताबुरुर देसींदन सरज किंडा हस असेल तो व त्या व हे.	र प्राउमो जलसण्ळ ६ त्र (EXM,RVS,MMR,TPR) समोल कालाव्योतील प्रयष्ट सप्राज्य २५ % अधिक जडीव र राहोल संसेव जलसायक चेवर,	Met	er Reading Image	
21-08-2019 to 21-11-2019 21-05-2019 to 21-08-2019 22-02-2019 to 21-05-2019 28-11-2018 to 22-02-2019	2241 2241 2144 2144	महित्यप्रेश व दुवर महित्यप्रेश जास व अमत्यास प्राप्तय बापर याप्रैकी जो ज बापर ताब्यप्रास प्रेन ७ आग्रते जनमप्रव	सर्व जलओडण्डणांवरोल सानावधीसण्डी तातुरुक देसींदन सरज ब्रिटेंग । (सन असेल तो च त्या व हे. इ. काणम चालू स्थितीन	र प्राउमो जलसण्ळ ६ त्र (EXM,RVS,MMR,TPR) समोल कालाव्योतील प्रयष्ट सप्राज्य २५ % अधिक जडीव र राहोल संसेव जलसायक चेवर,	Met		र संज्ञ मेहरते करता "
21-06-2019 to 21-11-2019 21-05-2019 to 21-08-2019 22-02-2019 to 21-08-2019 28-11-2018 to 22-02-2019 21-06-2018 to 26-11-2018	2241 2241 2144 2144 2363	त्री व्याप्रेक्षा व प्रवर सहित्याध्रेक्षा साथ व अक्तर प्रार्थकों जे ज बाहर नाववात के • असर जनसाय कर्मुव क्रिटिंग मुनिव	सर्व जलओडण्डणांवरोल सानावधीसण्डी तातुरुक देसींदन सरज ब्रिटेंग । (सन असेल तो च त्या व हे. इ. काणम चालू स्थितीन	र प्राटनों उलमायक ६ त (EXM,RVS,MM,TPR) सांसिक क्रमाव्यकोलेन प्रायक तरारा २५ % अडिक पहीत तरारा २५ के अडिक पहीत तरारा प्रेप्रजन प्राजी		र्षे पूर्व सप्लेच्या मार्डीकोले म्ब्राहर कहे	र मंत्र मेहारी करूत "
21-08-2019 to 21-11-2019 21-05-2019 to 21-08-2019 22-02-2019 to 21-05-2019 28-11-2018 to 22-02-2019	2241 2241 2144 2144 2363	सहित्याधेवृत्त वृत्त्य सहित्याधेवृत्त जावन अस्तरावेष व्यापार्थ वायर पालेको गेज वायर पालेको येज वायर पालेका येज	सर्व जलले हुएछोवरील फालावणे साठी ताबुक्स 1 देखेंदुन सारज किंडा 1 इस्त असेल तो व त्या व ते. ६ काणन जालू सिचलेन नोन राङ्ग्रील पाची रहा	१ द्वाराजी उपलगधादः ६ नः (EXM,RXS,MMA,TRR) स्वालि स्वाल्यकोति इप्राप्तु सराराती इप्राप्त प्राप्ति कर्मच सराराती वेप्रधान साजी 	र्गवर्ण्य 1) दिस्तेव (जन्मवर्ग २-२२ (प्रेजी वजन्वे १८ २ २) "मन्दर यहाँ अधिन दुर्गीका वर्णक्रम हि	र्षे पूर्व सप्लेच्या मार्डीकोले म्ब्राहर कहे	र सेंज मेहनी जला "
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21-08-2019 to 21-11-2019 21-05-2019 to 21-08-2019 22-02-2019 to 21-08-2019 26-11-2018 to 22-02-2019 21-08-2018 to 22-02-2019 21-08-2018 to 26-11-2018 (KL) 0 0 대학 즉 군대(대학 박전대 :- PRINCIPAL	2241 2241 2144 2144 2363 T3 1 0 NXA6	सविव्यविद्वा व वृष्ट सविव्यविद्वा राज्य न सार पारिको गांव सार पार्टको सार सार पार्टको सार पार सार पार सार पार सार पार सार पार्टको सार पार सार सार पार सार पार सार पार सार पार सार पार सार पार सार सार पार सार पार सार सार पार सार पार सार पार सार सार पार सार पार सा सार पार सार पार सार पार सार पार सार पार	मर्व जन मे उपयोव रोत कानवायीमाठ्ठो ना दुक्स का कालत रोज राज के के क कालत रोज राज रो ते क कालत राज हिसाले लोन राइसेल जावी प्रज व्यव्या दित लाग विवान को बंदेस (र. उप्त निवान) बाह	१ द्वाराजी उपलगधादः ६ नः (EXM,RXS,MMA,TRR) स्वालि स्वाल्यकोति इप्राप्तु सराराती इप्राप्त प्राप्ति कर्मच सराराती वेप्रधान साजी 	र्भवत्वय १) 'इत्येक (अप्रेवर ३-२२ रंभी वाम्ये १८ २) 'प्रवद्य वही प्रविद्य प्रार्थका वार्थका २ पत्रव्यावज्ञारासाठी पत्ता :- Asst. Engineer (Water Office Bldg.,(Annex), J	में क्रूवियाचेला मार्ट्सिले स्पट्ट राहेरे २.वे के जेकेंद्र २.२१." Works) N Ward M	unicipal
(KL) 0 0 াৰ ৰ তথালামা থল্যা :- PRINCIPAL	2241 2241 2144 2144 2363 T3 1 0	गढ़िनाधेका वहुम तहिनाधेका जाम २ आरुताख स्वायार्थ वापर राषिको तो चार्या राष्ट्रिय राष्ट्र चार्या राष्ट्रिय राष्ट्र प्रदुव क्रिटिंस मुख्यि गढ्व क्रिटिंस मुख्यि गढ्व	मर्व जन मे उपयोव रोत कानवायीमाठ्ठो ना दुक्स का कालत रोज राज के के क कालत रोज राज रो ते क कालत राज हिसाले लोन राइसेल जावी प्रज व्यव्या दित लाग विवान को बंदेस (र. उप्त निवान) बाह	१ द्वाराजी उपलगधादः ६ नः (EXM,RXS,MMA,TRR) स्वालि स्वाल्यकोति इप्राप्तु सराराती इप्राप्त प्राप्ति कर्मच सराराती वेप्रधान साजी 	ांचनाळ १) 'दनक (जनेवर्ग २-२२ रोजी वज्यचे १८ न २) 'जन्दर वही जीवन प्र्लंधन कर्युकन दि पत्रव्यवहारासाठी पत्ता :- Asst. Engineer (Water	में क्रूवियाचेला मार्ट्सिले स्पट्ट राहेरे २.वे के जेकेंद्र २.२१." Works) N Ward M	unicipal
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Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

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E. A Branch of Safai Bank of India - Multi Layer Plastic collection



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R. J. COLLEGE of Arts, Science & Commerce (AUTONOMOUS) (Intel Ways Practice Sensitive RAMNIRANJAN JHUNJHUNWALA COLLEGE of Arts, Science & Commerce) Opposite Ghatkopar Railway Station, Ghatkopar (West), Mumbai 400086, Maharashtra, INDIA. Website: www.rjcollege.edu.in Email: rjcollege@rjcollege.edu.in Tel No: +91 22 25151783 Fax No: +91 22 25150957 College its recognized under Section 2(?) & 12(B) of the UGC Act, 1956 Affiliated to UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI II NAAC Re-Accredited 'A' Grade (CGPA: 3.50)

SAFAI BANK OF RJ COLLEGE (SAFAI WARRIORS)

The Safai Bank of R J College as a part of Swacchta Ambassadors and in association with the Safai Bank of India has been formed since October 2018 but became active since January 2019. In the year 2019-20 about 4-5 Departments and now presently in 2020-21 there are about 16 Departments of our college associated with this initiative. From the Department there are Teachers who have volunteered to be a part of this initiative and also involved in guiding and helping the students in the systematic collection and deposition of Plastic, especially Multi-laminated Plastic (MLPs). There are core student representatives appointed who constantly interact and keep records with the Class representatives. These class representatives are the ultimate important part of the ladder who are in direct contact with the student volunteers who collect and submit their MLPs.

During the lockdown since March 2020, student volunteers, the core representatives and also teachers from various departments have been continuing with their drive and depositing the MLPs at the college as when possible. Till now, the Safai Bank unit of R J college has deposited about 113515 with the central depository of Safai Bank of India and placed within the top 10 depositor institutions involved with Safai Bank of India. Many student volunteers have collected the MLPs in their house but due to restrictions in travelling as well as the infection rate has held them back in coming to the college but nevertheless, these warriors have been making efforts to deposit in the college by some way or the other. Since August 2020, the Safai Bank unit of R J College has deposited with the central depository about 21,186 MLPs and another around 8,000 MLPs have been collected within the college and its deposition with central depository is pending.



2019: Star. College. Status by D6T 2008: Rest College by University of Mumbal 2010: INC RING Award Performance Excellence' for the year 2009 2011: Ideat Resident Award by Gouvernment of Matazashira 2012: DST-FIBT 2014: DBT STAR Cellage 2013: Automotectica Status du University Oranta Commission (No. F. 22-1/2018(AG) - 2015/2018). Adv (Iniversity of Mumbai (No.Art.ACD)(3-10)449 - pbcc 2018).

Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

F. Paper waste send to recycling.

LAXMI PAPER MART

Ranade Road, Dadar (West), Mumbai - 400028

All kinds of Waste paper, Old Iron Scrap, old metals like Aluminium, Brass, Copper, Zinc etc. Buying/Selling Merchant. We also buy Wooden furniture items etc. at Resonable Rate. We also buy old Computers & other Electronic Items

TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that we have collected <u>1171.5</u> Kg of answer books from Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College of Arts, Science and Commerce (Autonomous) on <u>11|10|2022</u>, which will be directly sent into the mill for pulping/ recycle purpose only. The secrecy of all your items i.e. old scrap or written matter of old waste paper is also taken into consideration.

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LAXMI PAPER MART Ranade Road, Dadar (W). Mumbai - 28.

Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022



R. J. COLLEGE of Arts, Science & Commerce (AUTONOMOUS)

(Itel Vidya Pracher Sentit's RAMNIRANJAN JHUNJHUNWALA COLLEGE of Arts, Science & Commerce) Opposite Ghatkopar Railway Station, Ghatkopar (West), Mumbai 400086, Maharashtra, INDIA. Website: www.rjcollege.edu.in Email: rjcollege@rjcollege.edu.in Tel No: +91 22 25151763 Fax No: +91 22 25150957 College is recognized under Section 2(f) & 12(B) of the UGC Act, 1950 Affiliated to UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI II NAAC Re-Accredited 'A' Grade (CGPA: 3.50)

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

Between

Rashmi Joshi

Environment Consultant

4/B, 141, Yoganand Society, Vazira Naka, Borivali (West), Mumbai-400092

And

Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College, Ghatkopar (West), Mumbai-400087

For "Environment Projects"

This MOU has been made for the period of one year from the 11th day of January 2021 to 10th day of January 2024.

Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College, Ghatkopar (West), Mumbal and Rashmi Joshi Environment Consultant, Mumbai

Roles and Responsibilities of Ms. Rashmi Joshi:

 Conduct awareness sessions as well as activities amongst youth and students about the use of waste as well as water as resource and its relationship with climate change and global warming.

(Promote knowledge and provide training for segregation at source and composting among students, faculty and non-teaching staff.)

- Encourage and promote environment related activities such as Composting, E-waste Collection, Seed balls and Rainwater Harvesting.
- Sensitize and involve students from the college / institute for promoting the concept of the environment related projects.
- I will conduct periodic supervision of once in a week in the first month & then once in a fortnight for a period of three months from the initiation of composting project.

Roles and Responsibilities of College

- 1. The college will make arrangements for the awareness lectures.
- 2. The students & staff will actively participate in the recycling of the waste as well as water.
- Environment projects are a part of college environmental activity and hence it will be monitored on a regular basis by NCC / NSS students and faculty members. I expect the college to continue the projects for at least for one year.
- College will nominate a contact person to whom the activity report will be submitted in the second week of every month.

3605: Best College by University of Numbel 2010; 800 KBHQ Award Performance Excelence' for the year 2010, and a second se

Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

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R. J. COLLEGE of Arts, Science & Commerce (AUTONOMOUS)

(Hind Vidya Prachae Samit's RAMNIRANJAN JHUNJHUNWALA COLLEGE of Arts, Science & Commerce) Opposite Ghatkopar Railway Station, Ghatkopar (West), Mumbal 400086, Maharashtra, INDIA. Websita: www.rjcollege.edu.in Email: rjcollege@rjcollege.edu.in Tel No: +91 22 25151763 Fax No: +91 22 25150957 College is recognized under Section 2(f) & 12(B) of the UGC Act, 1956 Affiliated to UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI II NAAC Re-Accredited 'A' Grade (CGPA: 3.50)

IN WITNESS WHERE OF, the Parties hereto have duly executed this Agreement as on the day, month and year first herein above written.

For Environment Consultancy

R.M. Joshi (Authorized Signatory)

Name: Ms. Rashmi Joshi

Designation: Environment Consultant

Place: Ghatkopar (W)

Date: 11/01/2021

Stamp:

For R J College Thorner Stratting Authori

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Name: Dr. Himanshu Dawda

Designation: I/C Principal

Place: Ghatkopar(W)

Date: 11/01/2021

Stamp:



2019: Star College Status by DBT 2008: Best College by University of Mambai 2010: IMC RBNQ Award "Performance Escellence" for the year 2009 2011: "Best Teacher Award" by Government of Maharashina 2012: DST-FIST 2014: DBT STAR College 2013 & 2014: "Jagar Jaanivancha Award" by Government of Maharashina 2015: ISO 14001:2015 2016: ISO 1001:2015 2017: ISO 27081-2013 amana Status for University Grants Commission Ho. F. 22:12013142C1 - 20.05 2018: A by University of Mambai (No.ASJ.CD/18-19/440 - 08:06.2018)

Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

2018- Auto

H. Invoice of metering system installed

S. C. MALHOTRA AND SONS

Address: Office no. 19, Opp. Bldg. no. 184, Jawahar road, Ghatkopar (East), Mumbai-400075. Tel. no.: 022-2122420/022-2120158

BILL Date: 09-01-2023 No. 268 Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti T-686 Ramniranjan Jhunjhunwala College Mumbai GST no.: 27AAATH0417Q1ZI GST 18% SAC Sum Particulars Rate Amount Qty Sr. 9% 9% Code No CGST SGST 31435.2 80 333 26640 8544 2397.6 2397.6 Providing 16 Sq. mm. cable 1. mtrs 13168.8 11160 7308 1004.4 1004.4 139.5 80 GI strip 2. kg 2284.2 2284.2 29948.4 7409 25380 40 634.5 3. Copper strip kg 10354.6 789.8 8775 7409 789.8 Earthing electrode 3 2925 4. 13275 1012.5 1012.5 Providing 100 amp 4 pole 1 11250 11250 8547 5. MCB 98182 7488.5 7488.5 83205 Sum 98,182/-**Total Amount** Total Amount - Rupees Ninety Eight thousand One hundred and eighty-two Only GST No. 27ACRPM3866H1Z0 PAN-ACRPM3866H For S. C. Malhotra and Sons NS-7 98182

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Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

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21/01/2023.

1-71664

96518/-

S. C. MALHOTRA AND SONS

Address: Office no. 19, Opp. Bldg. no. 184, Jawahar road. Ghatkopar (East), Mumbai-400075. Tel. no.: 022-2122420/022-2120158

BILL

	. 269						te: 09-01-20	023
Ra Mu	ndi Vidya Prachar Samiti mniranjan Jhunjhunwala C umbai T no.: 27AAATH0417Q1ZI	ollege	1-	.61	5			
Sr.		Qty	Rate	Amount	SAC	GS	Г 18%	Sum
No					Code	9%	9%	
)						SGST	CGST	
1.	Liasoning charges to provide solar reverse power electric meter by liasoning from the electric supply companies for	.1	13500	13500	995461	1215	1215	15930
	proving required electric meters and being installed							
2.	Installing 16 Sq. mm. cable	80 mtrs	256.5	20520	995461	1846.8	1846.8	24213.
3.	Installing strips	120 meters	99	11880	995461	1069.2	1069.2	14018.4
ŧ.	Installing 100 amp 4 pole MCCB	1	1125	1125	995461	101.3	101.3	1327.6
			Sum	47025		4232.3	4232.3	55489.6
- 1					and the second se	Tota	I Amount	55,490/-

NS-7

21/01/2023.

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For S. C. Malhotra and Sons

Mathuts

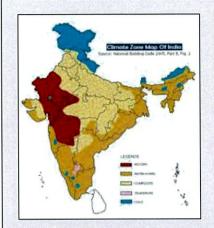
Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

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Climat

Warm & Comp

Moderate



Based on the data collected from different categories of commercial buildings, the following tables show the indicative EPI benchmarks.

Climate Zone	Less than 50% AC	More than 50% AC
	EPI (kWh/m²/yr)	No. Post of
Warm & Humid	101	182
Composite	86	179
Hot & Dry	90	173
Moderate	94	179

Climate Zone	EPI (kWh/m²/yr)
Warm & Humid	428
Composite	327
Hot & Dry	273
Moderate	257

Climate Zone	EPI (kWh/m²/yr)
Wann & Humid	275
Composite	264
Hot & Dry	261

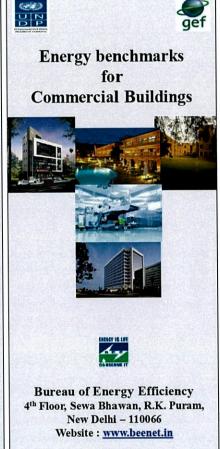
EPI benchmarks for Hotels			
Climate Zone	Upto 3 star	Above 3 star	
	EPI (kWh/m²/yr)		
Warm & Humid	215	333	
Composite	201	290	
Hot & Dry	167	250	
Moderate	107	313	

Moderate	B. Store		247	
EPI b	enchma	rks for	Hotels	Comm
te Zone	Upto :	3 star	Above 3 star	10 Mar 199
	EPI (kW	h/m²/yr)		F
& Humid	21	5	333	
nposite	20	1	290	
& Dry	16	57	250	
derate	10)7	313	
EPI be	enchmar	ks for I	nstitutes	
Climate Zon	ue	EP	I (kWh/m²/yr)	the Barrissian
Vann & Hun	mid		150	13 Non-Michael
Composite			117	
Hot & Dry		- ANDA	106	A Constant

EPI benchmarks for BPOs

Climate Zone	EPI (kWh/m ² /yr)	
Warm & Humid	452	
Composite	437	
Hot & Dry		
Moderate	433	

Disclaimer : The EPI benchmarks should be considered as an Indicative figure as it largely depends upon the operating hours, energy efficiency measures, sample size, climatic zone and lack of detailed information by building owners.



Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

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J. List of Vendors	0
Solid Waste Management	0
	0
Ms. Jyoti Mhapsekar, President,	0
Stree Mukti Sanghatana (SMS) Mobile: +91 9867724529	0
	0
<u>Chembur Center</u> Room No. 14 Santiniketan Chawl,	0
Postal colony, Next to BD Shukla school	0
Chembur, Mumbai - 400071 Phone: 022 65745837/022 25274588	0
Email: <u>smspv123@gmail.com</u>	0
Govandi Office	0
Ahilyabai Holkar Marg, Near Jafri High School bus stop, Govandi- Mumbai - 400043	0
Phone: 022 65745840 Email: <u>smspbvs@gmail.com</u>	0
	0
Solar PV panels	
<u>Avesta Solar</u>	•
Dossabhoy Manison A, Ground floor plot no. 796, Jame Jamshed Road,	0
Dadar East, Mumbai - 400014 Phone: 09819867196	0
1 none. 09019007190	
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K. Solar Photo Voltaic System: Inspection and Maintenance Process Document

1. General Checks and Inspections

- a. Roof drainage to be adequately designed and maintained to allow the Rainwater to Flow out from the Solar PV System area.
- b. Check for ground erosion near the footings of the System
- c. Electrical enclosures to be accessible to authorised personnel only
- d. Inspect for corrosion on the Array Structures & outside of enclosures.
- e. Check for cleanliness throughout the site to ensure that there is no Grime and dust in and around the inverter pad area or elsewhere
- f. Ensure No loose hanging wires in the array
- g. Check for signs of Bird's dropping infestation over the array and attend to it immediately by cleaning.

2. Modules

Condition Based Monitoring is the Best Management Practice for Maintenance of Solar Array. Modules need the maximum amount of preventive maintenance, and cleaning activities are majorly concentrated around them.

- a. Frequency of cleaning: Ideally Once a Week an inspection of Array to be carried out. Cleaning frequency to be decided upon the location and seasonal variation.
- b. Water Quality: The cleaning of the modules is done keeping in mind the TDS (total dissolved solids) levels, water specifications and certain wiping details. In India, the TDS level of the water needs to be at least below 250 parts per million (ppm). The chlorine (less than 250 ppm) and calcium (less than 250 ppm) level of the water, as well as the electrical conductivity, is kept in mind while carrying out the cleaning. Water quality is tested after every six months to ensure that set standards are maintained.

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Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

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 Quality of cleaning equipment: Fibre cloth / Soft Brushes to be used to avoid abrasion on the Glass surface. For Bird Droppings / Stubborn Stains consult OEM for approval of cleaning chemicals.

- d. Drying of Washed Surface : is of prime importance to avoid leaving Wash marks and dust getting stuck to the wet surface.
- e. Automated Cleaning System saves 50% of Water used and improves system's Efficacy @ 5-7%. Cleaning is programmed on daily basis.
 As the system is costly it is slowly gaining acceptance in the industry. Cost justification is challenging for Smaller Capacity systems

3. Inverter

- a. Inverter is hi-Tech device in the entire PV System. Follow the instruction of the OEM and leave Checking and Servicing to the OEM or their approved Service Vendor.
- b. Annual Health Check-up of Inverter is strongly recommended.
- c. Continuous (daily) Online Monitoring of the Data @ Inverter will convey the health of the Inverter. In case of any change in Generation pattern to be immediately communicated to OEM for check-up.
- Installation of the Inverter to be done as per the OEM's guidelines and ensure it's protection from Rain Water, Lightning. Proper Protection to be ensured.
- e. ACDB (Alternate Current Distribution Board) is a unit which is installed & integrated with Inverter for Solar Power Output to the Premise. It's protection protocol should be similar to that of Inverter.
- f. Annual Health Check-up should include but not limited to following
 - i. Checking connection of Wires at Terminals
 - ii. Testing Voltage / Current through the Array strings
 - iii. Inspection of moisture ingress in the Terminal boxes etc.
 - iv. Functional Testing of online communication devices like routers, metrological devices.
 - v. Setting at the Inverter

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a. Ensure that there is no gap between the male and female connector pipes. Any gap, irrespective of the size, could cause a fire and damage the modules.

5. Lightning Protection

a. There shall be the required number of suitable Lightning Arrestors installed in the Array field. Lightning protection shall be provided by use of 'Surge Protection Device' (SPD) and suitable Earthing such that induced transients are routed through the Earthing path and not impact the Solar Inverter system.

6. Earthing Protection

 Each array structure of the PV system should be properly grounded in addition to Lightning arrestor grounding. Provision to be kept for shorting and grounding of PV array at the time of Maintenance work.

7. Rain Protection

- a. Inverter and ACDB are installed besides the Solar Array on the open Terrace.
- Rain cover Shade or better to provide Enclosure over the Inverter and ACDB to avoid direct exposure to Rain Water and also help avoid Dust Ingress.
- c. All the Enclosures should be IP 65
- d. Sealing (Water proofing) of Inverters, ACDB, Terminal Boxes to be thoroughly check prior to onset of Monsoon.
- 8. Remote Metering: Monitoring the solar PV panels consistently is the cornerstone of the O&M of a solar power plant

- 0 0 0 a. A "check meter" of equal or higher accuracy with reference to the main meter to cross-check the production level on a regular basis is 0 highly desirable. All readings must be, more or less equal, with a 2-3% 0 correction allowance. 0 b. A solar power plant constantly needs to be monitored to detect breakdowns and optimise its operation. Online Monitoring System will go a long way in ensuring the 'Operational Efficiency' of the 0 0 c. System should be capable of executing following function 0 Individual Array Monitoring Measurement and Recording of Energy and other Allied 0 parameters Operating state monitoring and failure indication 0 0 \bigcirc 0 0 87
- 9. Safety

system.

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ii.

iii.

- a. Operations, Inspection & Maintenance work to be carried out by Authorized Trained Personnel ONLY
- b. High Voltages are prevalent at the Arrary and Inverter.
- c. Before Initiating any work on Electrical Device (Inverter, ACDB, Terminals at Solar Array) Switch OFF the System.
- d. Do not open the inverter when Powered ON. To be done by authorized person only.
- e. All the wiring and connectors to be properly harnessed and routed through Cable Trays.

L. Energy Auditor's Certificate

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Regn. No. EA-4593		_{No.} 1765
Nation	nal Productivity	Council
	(National Certifying Agenc	
PRO	VISIONAL CERTIF	ICATE
This is to certify that Mr. / Ms.	Shripad Vishnu Kale	
son / daughter of Mr./Ms Vish	nu Krishna Kale	
has passed the National Certificati	on Examination for Energy Auditors I	field in 2006, conducted on behalf of the
Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Minis	try of Power, Governmented Interest	
He / She is qualified as Certij	fied Energy Manager as well as Certif	ied Energy Auditor.
He / She shall be entitled to p	ractice as Energy Auditor under the Ene	rgy Conservation Act 2001, subject to the
fulfillment of qualifications for the	Accredited Energy Auditor and issue of a	certificate of Accreditation by the Bureau
of Energy Efficiency under the said	Act.	
This certificate is valid till th	e issuance of an official certificate by the	Bureau of Energy Efficiency.
Place : Chennai, India		Florichidantment
Date : 2 nd November, 2006		Controller of Examination

M. BEE Master Trainer Certificate

*		ENERGY IS LIFE		
				Carlos and
	उ	र्जा दक्षता ब्यू	<u>ये</u>	
	वि	F ENERGY E द्युत मंत्रालय, भारत सरक F POWER, GOVERNMEN	ार	CY
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श्री/श्रीमती	रोशनी उदयावर	येहृता	ने ऊर्जा संज	क्षण भवन निर्माण संहित
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द्वारा आयोजित	मास्टर ट्रेनर सर्टिफिके	ज्ट कार्यक्रम को सग	कलता पूर्वक	सम्पन्न कर लिया है
		This is to certify that		
Shri/Smt	Beshni Aldy	mar, ychuda	USS CAR	has successfull
completed th	e Master Trainer Ce	rtificate Programme	conducted I	y MNIT / CEPT / III
from 5 Dec	comber 11 to 6/2	December. 11 for the	Energy Conser	vation Building Code
			1	#
नई दिव	el, 12 5797 11	5	Th	TAim Mathin 1
New De	eft. 12 5292 '1	15		/Ajay Mathur Director General

N.BEE Empaneled Expert professional

ENERGY IS LIFE

ऊर्जा दक्षता ब्यूरो (भारत सरकार, विद्यत मंत्रालय)



BUREAU OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY

CONSERVE IT (Government of India, Ministry of Power) F.No.09/06/07/IMPL/ECBC | II구44

28th March, 2016

Ms. Roshni Udyavar Yehuda Rachana Sansad's Institute of Environmental Architecture 278, Shankar Ghanekar Marg, Prabhadevi Mumbai – 400 025

Sub: Energy Conservation Building Code – Shortlisting of Architects/ Consultant reg.

Dear Madam,

This has reference to your application for shortlisting of Architects/Consultants for implementing the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC). We are pleased to inform you that you have been shortlisted to act as the resource person of the Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE) for helping in building technical capacity and develop compliance procedures and tools for the effective implementation of the ECBC. In addition, you would also be expected to advise design professionals in modifying the standard specifications so as to correspond with the Code requirements.

We would like you to send in your acceptance to being associated with the BEE in providing technical assistance to all those seeking to adopt Energy Conservation Building Code.

Yours faithfully.

(Sanjay Seth) Energy Economist

रवहित एवं राष्ट्रहित में ऊर्जा बचाएँ Save Energy for Benefit of Self and Nation

चौथा तल, सेवा भवन, आरo केo पुरम, नई दिल्ली-110 066 वेवसाईट/Website : www.beeindda in 4th Floor, Sewa Bhawan, R.K. Puram, New Delhi-110 066 टेली/Tel.: 26179699 (5 Lines) फैक्स/Fax 81 (11) 26178352

O. Renewable Energy Mashav Course Certificate



Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022

P.ISO Certificate



26 June 2023

Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's Ramniranjan Jhunjunwala College of Arts, Science & Commerce Ghatkopar West Mumbai 400 086 Maharashtra

To the attn. of Dr. Himanshu Dawda, Principal

Independent Limited Assurance Report on Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's (HVPS's) Ramniranjan Jhunjunwala College of Arts, Science and Commerce Green Audit Report

Introduction

We were engaged by Roshni Udyavar & Associates to perform a limited assurance engagement on HVPS's Ramniranjan Jhunjunwala College of Arts, Science and Commerce Green Audit Report for the Reporting Period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023.

Management's responsibilities

Jhunjhunwala College of Arts, Science & Commerce has decided to implement the NAAC accreditation requirements. The management is responsible for the preparation and public disclosure of the Green Audit Report in accordance with the NAAC Accreditation Criteria "Guidelines for the Creation of the IQAC and Submission of Annual Quality Assurance Report (AQAR) by Accredited Institutions (AQAR format in line with the revised manual of Autonomous Colleges, with effect from the academic year 2020-21)". This responsibility includes submission of report as per above criteria. The management has appointed Roshni Udyavar & Associates to conduct an audit and prepare the Green Audit report, in conformance with Criterion 7.

Our responsibility

Our responsibility is to carry out a limited assurance engagement in order to express a conclusion based on the work performed by Roshni Udyavar & Associates. We conducted our assurance engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements ISAE 3000 Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the guidance set out in the Criterion 7 of NAAC assessment criteria (Audit Guidance).

Limited assurance procedures performed

We have planned and performed our work to obtain all the evidence, information and explanations considered necessary in relation to the above scope. These procedures included:

 Enquiries of management to gain an understanding of Jhunjhunwala College processes and initiatives

United Kingdom (Head Office) Alcumus ISOQAR Limited Cobra Court, 1, Blackmore Road Ground floor, Dossabhoy Mansion, Plot no 796, Jame Jamshed Road, Dadar (East), Mumbai-400014 303, MATRIX, Behind Divya Bhaskar Press, Off. S. G. Highway, Makarba, Ahmedabad- 380 051, Gujarat, India



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ISOQAR (India) Private Limited

- On-site visit to the College premises to interview personnel from the management, operations and administration that are directly linked with facility management
- Enquiries of staff and external agency responsible for the preparation of the College Green Report
- Review of policies, procedures and internal controls that Jhunjhunwala College has in place to conform to the NAAC Accreditation Criteria 7 Guidelines
- Review of a selection of the supporting documentation
- Review of the Green Audit Report, prepared by Roshni Udyavar & Associates, Mumbai

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our independence

We have complied with the Code of Ethics for Auditors issued by ISO 17021, which includes independence and other requirements founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior. In conducting our engagement, we confirm that we satisfy the criteria for assurance providers as set out by ISO 17021 to carry out the engagement.

Opinion

Based on the limited assurance procedures performed, as described above, we conclude that HVPS's Ramniranjan Jhunjunwala College of Arts, Science and Commerce Green Audit Report for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 describes the activities undertaken by the management to fulfill the best practices and sustainability measures in all respects, and are found to be in accordance with the guidelines in NAAC Assessment Criteria 7.

Yours sincerely



United Kingdom (Head Office) Alcumus ISOQAR Limited Cobra Court, 1, Blackmore Road.

Ground floor, Dossabhoy Mansion, Plot no 796, Jame Jamshed Road, Dadar (East). Mumbai-400014 303, MATRIX, Behind Divya Bhaskar Press, Off. S. G. Highway, Makarba, Ahmedabad- 380 051, Gujarat, India

Roshni Udyavar & Associates, July 2022



To Whomsoever it may Concern

This is to certify that we have conducted a third-party assessment of the Green Audit conducted by Roshni Udyavar and Associates in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements ISAE 3000 Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the guidance set out in the Criterion 7 of NAAC assessment criteria (Audit Guidance).

We have complied with the Code of Ethics for Auditors issued by ISO 17021, which includes independence and other requirements founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behaviour. In conducting our engagement, we confirm that we satisfy the criteria for assurance providers as set out by ISO 17021 to carry out the engagement.

Based on the limited assurance procedures performed, as described above, we conclude that HVPS's Ramniranjan Jhunjunwala College of Arts, Science and Commerce Green Audit Report for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 describes the activities undertaken by the management to fulfil the best practices and sustainability measures in all respects, and are found to be in accordance with the guidelines in NAAC Assessment Criteria 7.

Yours sin **Burgis Bulsata** ISOQAR India Pvt. Ltd.

United Kingdom (Head Office) Alcumus ISOQAR Limited Cobra Court 1. Blackmore Board Ground floor, Dossabhoy Mansion, Plot no 796, Jame Jamshed Road, Dodar (Feeth Mumbal 102011 303, MATRX, Behind Divya Bhaskar Press, Off. S. G. Highway, Makarba, Ahmedabad- 380 051, Gujarat, India

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